Weather

Cold, fine weather. The maximum temperature yesterday was 51.8 and the minimum 29.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 42.8 and 36.5.

The China Press

大陸報

The Mail Box
MAILS for America-Europe, Str. Colombia, Jan. 1.
FOR Europe and way ports, Str. Sicilia and Amazone, Dec. 28.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Monteagle, Dec. 27.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Paul Lecat, Dec. 29.

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ACTIVITIES OF LEAGUE EXPLAINED BY BALFOUR

Commons Hears Address On Achievements At Geneva

DWELLS ON COSTS

Discusses Functions Of International Court Of Justice

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Dec. 22.—A highly interesting survey of the work of the League of Nations during the first 11 months of its existence was given by Mr. Arthur Balfour in the House of Commons last night.

Dealing in the first place with the labors of the League from the standpoint of organisation, Mr. Balfour referred to the division of the League's expenditure between the members, which, he said, had led to a great deal of trouble. The present system was notoriously unfair.

The chief victims happened to be the members of the British Empire, who were liable for 40 percent of the League's expenditure, and the Dominions statesmen had very properly spent a good deal of time in discussing it.

Referring to the International Court of Justice, he recalled that it had been converted from a compulsory to an optional body, in so far as it affected a nation's obligation to go before it. Great Britain and all the Dominions had subscribed to the arrangement. He had no doubt that it would be universally approved, and when half the nations had done this the Court would come into existence.

CHANGES DEFERRED

It had been decided to defer the proposals to amend the provisions of the League until it had been in existence for a year. In fact it was admittedly not perfect, and must be changed, but only after mature consideration.

Mr. Balfour mentioned China's replacement of Greece as one of the four non-permanent members on the Council, which was the most important body of the League, and met monthly or bimonthly, and conducted very much of the League's business.

Turning to the economic work accomplished, Mr. Balfour described the scheme which had been thought out by an Amsterdam banker for establishing commercial credits, and which the League had adopted, as a means by which the present formidable difficulty in the way of the international exchange of goods might be to some extent mitigated.

The scheme, he said, would allow of countries requiring essential imports to have their national assets valued by the League, with the object of enabling the former to raise mortgage bonds on them for the payment of goods. It would be optional for the exporting country to accept these bonds.

Mr. Balfour said he thought it extremely probable that the scheme would prove useful, and Sir Robert Horne, President of the Board of Trade, had authorised him to say that the Government was seriously considering whether such a scheme might be supplemented by some form of insurance which would render the currency and utility of these bonds more certain.

ON DISARMAMENT

Dealing with the League's political work, Mr. Balfour referred to the question of disarmament, on which he spoke in a disappointment tone. He admitted that the League had been able to do very little, and nobody who remembered that there were nations of immense potential military importance outside the League would, he said, doubt that more could not have been done. He hoped, however, that the modest step that had been taken would be carried further at the next meeting of the Assembly.

The question of the traffic in arms was also in an unsatisfactory position, notwithstanding the fact that important Powers had signed the Convention, which, however, had not been ratified.

Discussing the mandates, Mr. Balfour described the machinery which had been provided for seeing that the mandates were properly carried out, and which he thought was fair and workable.

He then traversed some of the ground covered in the interview

(Continued on Page 2)

Spanish Throne His, Says Grandee In New York

A DARK, slender Latin, styling himself Don Louis de Bourbon, and claiming to be the rightful heir to the throne of Spain, has been discovered in New York after four years of quiet residence. Don Louis says he does not aspire for royal recognition. He says his father was Alfonso XII. and his mother the King's morganatic wife, and that he was born at Galatz, Rumania, in 1884. The present King of Spain was born two years later. Don Louis says that during most of his younger life he was hidden away and that in later years he has done much travelling. He has been living with his foster-mother since he was a baby. She died in New York recently and the story of the young man's birth became known.

BOLSHEVISTS TO BE BARRED, SAYS FRENCH MINISTER

Government Is Unfairly Charged With Radicalism Asserts Premier

(*French Wireless*)

Paris, Dec. 23.—During Wednesday's sitting of the Chamber of Deputies, the Government was interpellated by two Deputies.

The first interpellator, M. Soulier, Deputy for the Seine, complained that the Government had not been sufficiently energetic in combatting Bolshevist propaganda, while the second interpellator, M. Berton, Socialist, denounced "Royalist conspiracies, and the agitations of the Action Francaise."

In reply to these interpellations, M. Steeg, the Minister of the Interior, explained, amid the cheers of the Chamber, the policy which he had followed since his accession to office, and which was approved by the Senate some days ago.

As regards Bolshevist propaganda, M. Steeg emphatically said it was his determination not to tolerate such agitation. "We are for order and against disorder," he declared, "as is the wish of the people of France, for they desire peace and order, the essential of all progress."

After speeches by M. Marcel Sembat and M. Herriot, M. Georges Leygues, the Premier, supported the arguments of the Minister of the Interior. He contended that the Government did not deserve the accusation of aiding and abetting the extremists in this country, so far removed from Bolshevism; nor was it any more deserving of the charge of favoring the Royalists.

M. Leygues treated the question as one of non-confidence. Six motions were laid on the table and the Government accepted the motion of M. Doussaud, approving the Government's declarations and expressing the confidence of the Chamber, that the Government would follow a policy of republican, national and social union, as approved by France in the election of November 16. This motion was adopted, after a long debate, and with certain additions, by 276 votes to 191.

WAR VICTIMS BURIED

(*Reuter's Service*)

The Hague, December 22.—The bodies of British sailors which were washed ashore on the coast of Holland during the war have been buried at Noordwyk and Gravenzande. The British Minister and a representative of the Dutch Minister of the Navy attended both ceremonies.

Judge Lobingier Decides F. G. Boulon Is Not Guilty Of Embezzlement Charges

Decision Handed Down By Court Acquits Former Manager Of Gaston, Williams And Wigmore —Suit Against Company Pending

In a decision that has been handed down by Judge C. S. Lobingier of the United States Court for China Mr. Ferdinand G. Boulon is acquitted of the charges of embezzlement made against him by Gaston, Williams and Wigmore. The preliminary hearing before U. S. Commissioner F. J. Schuhl and the trial, which occupied several days, was of particular interest to the business world of Shanghai as the questions involved commercial methods of management of the import and export business with all the intricacies of involved exchange transactions. Originally ten charges of embezzlement were filed against Mr. Boulon, who was formerly manager of the Shanghai branch of Gaston, Williams and Wigmore. Three of these were dropped when the preliminary proceedings were held before the U. S. Commissioner, but the accused was held for trial in the higher court on the remaining seven charges.

ON TWO CHARGES

The prosecution, which was conducted by Mr. W. S. Fleming of the firm of Fleming, Davies and Bryan, as special assistant United States Attorney, and Maj. C. P. Holcomb, U. S. District Attorney, elected two of the seven charges on which to go to trial. It is these two charges that are disposed of in Judge Lobingier's decision.

While the criminal proceedings were in progress Mr. Boulon filed a civil suit against Gaston, Williams and Wigmore with the purpose of recovering the sums of Taels 15,000 and Gold $14,000 he alleges to be due for salary, loans and commissions. This suit was set for hearing this week but before the trial opened Mr. R. S. Haskell of the firm of Rodger and Haskell, who has represented Mr. Boulon throughout the entire litigation, asked for a continuance in order to obtain a deposition from New York in connection with the case and this continuance was granted by the court. This suit in the ordinary course of events will come on for trial, probably in March.

One other action incidental to the other litigation was a suit that was started against Gaston, Williams and Wigmore by Mr. Boulon, on behalf of his wife, Mrs. Mary Boulon. In this it was alleged that the company had failed to deliver to Mrs. Boulon certain silverware and household goods said to have been accepted for shipment at New York. It was announced that the goods in question recently were delivered by the company to Mrs. Boulon and therefore the suit, in which recovery of Tls. 2,000 was sought, was dropped.

Following is the full text of the decision handed down by Judge Lobingier as the outcome of the trial of the charges of embezzlement:

SYLLABUS

1. **Embezzlement** is a purely statutory crime and can be established only by proving all of its ingredients one of which is felonious conversion of the subject matter while in the offender's possession.

2. **Id.:** Conversion. The manager of a corporation does not convert to his own use the proceeds of a check drawn to another, by merely receiving them if they are forthwith turned over to other company officers.

3. **Id.:** Id.: Nor is conversion established by the fact that such other officers credit the manager with said proceeds on the company books or receipt to him therefor as a company loan, provided they remain in its possession.

4. **Id.:** Id.: Use of company funds for a trip ordered by it is not conversion.

William S. Fleming, Special U. S. Attorney for the prosecution. R. S. Haskell, contra.

LOBINGIER, J.

In both of those causes defendant is accused of embezzlement while manager of Gaston, Williams and Wigmore, Far Eastern Division, Inc. The information in Cause No. 1219 charges that defendant

"on or about the 25th day of June A. D. 1920, at Shanghai, China, and under the jurisdiction of this Court did then and there wrongfully, intentionally, unlawfully and feloniously embezzle and convert to his own use monies of about the value of Twelve thousand two hundred fifty and 54/100 Taels (Tls. 12,250.54) Shanghai Sycee."

The basic facts of this charge are that on the date named the

(Continued on Page 6)

Man Who Threatens Policeman With Pistol Gets Off With $25 Fine

A Russian printer named A. C. Teloshkin was fined $25 in the Mixed Court yesterday on charges of having threatened a Chinese policeman with a loaded revolver and with being in possession of a revolver without permission from the authorities.

The police pressed for a severe penalty, particularly in view of the fact that it was shown the defendant had been previously charged in connection with a shooting case tried in the Russian Court. The defendant admitted that it was the same revolver which was used in the previous case, though he had told the Russian authorities that he had sold the weapon.

The case was tried by the Senior Consul's Assessor, Mr. Ivanoff, and Magistrate Loh. The police testimony showed that Chinese Police Constable 1090, while on duty at the corner of Boone and Seward Roads one night last week, saw a Chinese girl standing in the doorway of a printing establishment. He went over to inquire what she was doing there and the accused came out and struck him, then pulled a revolver from his pocket and pointed it at the policeman.

ADMITTED POINTING GUN

Detective Sergeant Conduit who went to the printing works to make inquiry into the matter, stated that the accused admitted pointing the gun at the policeman, saying that he only did it to frighten him however and had no intention of firing. He said he carried the weapon because he worked late at night and was afraid of being attacked.

The Assessor inquired if the weapon was the one used in a shooting case some months ago in which the accused was concerned, and Teloshkin admitted that it was.

"You told me in the Russian court that you had sold the weapon," said the Assessor.

"I kept it because I was afraid while working late at night," replied the defendant.

The Assessor inquired of D. S. Conduit if he thought a $25 fine and confiscation of the weapon would fit the case.

RECITES FORMER CASES

"I would like to point out to the Court the seriousness of carrying revolvers in the Settlement," replied D. S. Conduit. "Not long since a young man was shot, and there can be no doubt that if the policeman had attempted to arrest the defendant he would have been shot. I ask a severe penalty."

"This man is very nervous and so carries a revolver," said the Assessor. "I remember him being before me in the Russian Court some months ago. He has stated that he had no intention of shooting the policeman and that he did not recognise him as a policeman."

"He must have known him to be a policeman," said the Detective Sergeant. "Anyone could have seen it. He was on duty and carried his traffic stick and there was plenty of light in the neighborhood. The revolver was fully loaded and he had only to press the trigger."

The Assessor stated that the accused would be fined $25 and that revolver would be confiscated.

"I ask that the accused be sent to prison," protested the police officer, "as an example to others. The police must be protected. I think that he should get at the least six months' imprisonment for an offense of this nature."

U. S. Naval Crosses Xmas Gifts To Men Here

Awards Are First To Be Sent To Far East

Reading from left to right in the illustration are Captain Owens, Commander of the U.S.S. New Orleans, Captain Kearney, Commanding the Yangtsze Patrol and Chief Yeoman Johnstone of the Navy Pay Offices. The two sides of the decoration are shown.

COAL CRISIS IN EUROPE PASSED ASSERT EXPERTS

Increasing Production At Mines And Industrial Depression Are Causes

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Dec. 22.—Under the new coal agreement between Germany and the Allies, which has practically been concluded by the Reparations Commission in Brussels, Germany will provide a minimum of 2,000,000 tons monthly, without the compensation provided for in the Spa Agreement.

France's share of this coal will be a little less than she has had hitherto, as the output from the devastated French mines is at present increasing at the rate of one hundred thousand tons monthly.

The coal experts are of the opinion that the crisis in Europe due to the shortage of coal has now definitely passed, owing partly to the increasing production of Germany, France and Great Britain, but also to the industrial depression, which has permitted the majority of European countries to lay up large stocks.

ARMENIA SETS UP SOVIET SYSTEM

(*Reuter's Service*)

Constantinople, Dec. 23.—The new Armenian Government has issued a proclamation on approved Soviet lines. It declares the free possession of all land, forests and mines, whether belonging previously to private persons, the Church or the State, and the annulment of all foreign loans, especially the American loan, which, the proclamation asserts, the working classes of Armenia have been toiling to repay.

The proclamation proceeds to extend the end of friendship to the Turkish working classes, who, it says, "are likewise fighting to shake off the yoke of the Entente."

Siamese Prince Is Received In Paris

(*Reuter's French Wireless*)

Paris, December 23.—The Premier, M. Georges Leygues, today received Prince Purchatra, brother of the King of Siam.

M. and Mme. Leygues afterwards entertained their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess, and Prince Charoon, Siamese Minister in Paris, at a luncheon.

There were present the Minister of the Colonies and Madame Sarraut, Marshal and Madame Foch, the Governor-General of Indo-China and Madame Long, and General Gouraud.

Captains Kearney, Owens And Chief Yeoman Johnstone Are Honored

TO three men of the American Navy, Captain Thomas A. Kearney, Commander of the Yangtsze Patrol Force, U. S. Asiatic Fleet, Captain Charles T. Owens, Commanding Officer of the Flagship New Orleans, and to Chief Yeoman Roger Johnstone of the U.S. Navy Purchasing Office awards of the American Naval Cross have come as timely and prized Christmas gifts, for the honors are being conferred at the very height of the holiday season.

The American Naval Cross is a comparatively new decoration, as it was not authorised by Congress until the war with Germany was in progress. It is noteworthy that the three crosses sent to Shanghai are the first that have been awarded in the Far East. The cross, as may be seen from the accompanying illustration, is of a design of the highest artistic merit and the metal, a special alloy of bronze, is of a texture and color that brings out the bas-relief figures to the best advantage. On one side is a reproduction of the Santa Maria, the historic caravel in which Columbus discovered America, and on the other side are two crossed naval anchors. The ribbon is naval blue and white.

Behind the formal wording of the official citation sent out from Washington with the decorations are records of wartime service and high achievement. "To Captain Thomas A. Kearney, U. S. Navy," runs the first of the three, "for distinguished service in the line of his profession as Assistant to the Chief of Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, Washington, D. C."

WHAT IT DID

It may be explained that the Bureau of Ordnance represents that branch of the naval service which obtains and distributes all guns, armor, ammunition, explosives, torpedoes and mines for all the varied naval activities. It was the Bureau of Ordnance that manufactured and installed the guns that were put into use generally on merchant ships while the war was in progress. This bureau produced also the depth charge, the mechanism that came to be called the 'ash can' which played such havoc with German submarines. It also produced the deep sea mines used so effectively in the so-called North Sea barrier. This was a multiple line of mines placed at varying depths that extended all the way from the coast of Scotland to the coast of Norway.

Another of the great achievements of the Bureau of Ordnance was the designing and production of the 14-inch naval railway batteries. These were the largest and most powerful mobile batteries brought into use in the war. Each train used in France was complete in itself consisting of locomotive, gun and munitions cars, sleeper and diner and the trains were manned throughout with American naval personnels under command

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TOKIO BUDGET SHOWS INCREASE IN ARMAMENTS

Large Increases For Army And Navy Are Listed In Year's Plans

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Tokio, Dec. 23.—The Minister of Finance has announced his Budget Estimates, which comprise the following figures:

Ordinary income Yen 1,250,000,000, Extraordinary income Yen 325,000,000, Expenditure Yen 1,562,000,000, Army Estimates Yen 263,000,000, increase 50,000,000 Navy Estimates Yen 498,000,000, Increase 125,000,000, Communications Estimates Yen 264,000,000, increase 52,000,000.

The other items correspond closely with those of the last Budget.

The Minister in presenting these figures to a Committee of the House of Peers, said: "Every effort has been made for economy, while the largest possible amounts within the financial capacity of the State have been allowed for such enterprises as are deemed most essential for the development of national power and the improvement of social conditions."

INCREASE STRENGTH

The Premier, addressing the Committee of the Lower House, said: "In compiling the Budget the Government's guiding policy has been to increase the national strength."

The Foreign Minister replied to a number of questions. Referring to the waiving of Japan's claims to the right of immigration into territories over which Australia holds the mandate, the Minister said the Government had only so acted after having definitely declared its intention of insisting on the maintenance of the principle of equal opportunity, and of the rights and interests already in Japan's possession.

The Californian question was, he said, still the subject of diplomatic consideration. A new treaty with the United States was expected, which would in some measure restrict land legislation. He promised to reply in the Diet to a request for an explanation as to the differences between the missionary and official reports in regard to Chientao.

HOLLAND-RUSS TRADE

(*Reuter's Service*)

The Hague, Dec. 22.—Speaking in the Second Chamber, Jonkheer van Karnebeek, presenting the Foreign Office Estimates, declared the Government was placing no obstacles in the way of the resumption of trade relations with Russia, but it was unable to accept responsibility in the matter. He advised the Chamber to wait and see how the situation developed as regards the breaking off of diplomatic relations with Jugo-Slavia.

D'ANNUNZIO IN THREAT TO WRECK FIUME IF INVADED

Threats Of Death For Deserters Or Any Disloyalist

WIRES ARE CUT

Italian Regulars May Refuse To Attack Poet's Domain

(*Reuter's Service*)

Chicago, Dec. 23.—The Chicago Tribune publishes the following from its Paris correspondent, dated today:

"Fearing insurrection, d'Annunzio has arrested hundreds of persons suspected of Jugo-Slav tendencies in the Fiume district, according to information received by the Italian mission here. The Poet has placarded the city with threats of death to anyone attempting to leave the zone or plotting against him.

"D'Annunzio exhorts all patriotic inhabitants of Fiume to prepare to sacrifice their property by blowing up the port if the regular troops break through in an attempt to enter the city.

"Communications between Fiume and the outside world have ceased since General Caviglia cut the telephone and telegraph wires leading to Fiume. Nevertheless, d'Annunzio has issued an appeal by a private wireless plant calling on the Italian army and navy to support him. The Poet's lieutenants assert that d'Annunzio expects General Caviglia's regulars to refuse to fight if they are ordered to capture Fiume."

London, Dec. 22.—According to the Milan correspondent of the Times, it has now leaked out that d'Annunzio's plan just before the Italian Government's declaration of the blockade was to abandon Fiume to her fate, to land with all his forces in Dalmatia, to incite the population there and to attack the Jugo-Slav troops, thereby creating such a grave incident as to destroy the Treaty of Rapallo.

Two steamers, loaded with legionaries, had steam up in Fiume harbor, and a carefully prepared insurrection in Croatia was timed to break out at the same time.

In view of all this, the Italian Government hastened its ultimatum. d'Annunzio's army, which is numerically insignificant, is opposed by 22,000 Italian regulars, and, if the blockade is really effective, d'Annunzio's legionaries should not be able to hold out for long.

Wrangel Refugees Given New Homes

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, Dec. 23.—As has already been stated, following upon the overthrow of Gen. Wrangel's armies, over 100,000 Russians, comprising as many civilians as soldiers, had to flee from the Crimea, and were hurriedly transported to the environs of Constantinople and the coast of the Gallipoli Peninsula.

These unfortunates have since been re-embarked by the Allies, more particularly under the aegis of the French Government, and taken to the islands of the Aegean, the Syrian ports and Tunis, and, in fact, every region where they could hope to find a means of existence and a less precarious habitation.

Britain Will Wait Dominion Approval Of Japan Renewal

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Dec. 23.—In the House of Commons today Mr. Bellairs asked for an assurance that nothing material would be done towards the renewal of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance until the Imperial Conference in June next had considered the matter, together with the growing naval rivalry between America and Japan.

Mr. Lloyd George replied that the Government had already agreed that it would only act in this matter after having consulted the Governments of the Dominions.

U.S. Naval Cross Xmas Gifts To Men Here

(Continued from Page 1)

of Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett. The wartime expenditures of the Bureau of Ordnance, ran to nearly a billion dollars.

A MISSOURIAN

Captain Kearney, who was so closely identified with all the work that this bureau did, is a Missourian, from Springfield, and has been in the American Navy 28 years including his four years in the Academy at Annapolis which he entered in 1892.

In the Spanish war he was aboard the U. S. S. Vixen, taking part in bombardments on the Cuban coast and in the battle of Santiago. At the time of the seizure of Vera Cruz he was fleet gunnery officer of the Atlantic fleet on the staff of Commander-in-Chief Admiral F. F. Fletcher. Before the outbreak of the war he was assigned to duty at the Annapolis Naval Academy as head of the ordnance and gunnery department whence to he went to Washington to the post he held there.

Following the Armistice when he was released from duty with the Bureau of Ordnance he became Captain of the U. S. S. Brooklyn and chief-of-staff to Admiral W. L. Rodgers, then Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic fleet. When Admiral Rodgers was detatched from this post Captain Kearney assumed command of the newly created Yangtsze Patrol force on this station which has been active through the past summer in suppressing disorder in the upper and middle Yangtsze.

Captain Kearney just now is completing his term of service in Far Eastern waters and expects shortly to be relieved when he will return to the United States for a new assignment.

CAPT. OWENS' RECORD

The award given to Captain Owens is "for distinguished service as Commanding Officer, U.S.S. Princess Matoika, engaged in important, exacting and hazardous duty of transporting and escorting troops and supplies to European ports, through waters infested with enemy submarines and mines."

The U. S. S. Princess Matoika formerly was the Princess Alice of the North German Lloyd, which was interned at Manila. Up to the time of the war Captain Owens was serving as executive officer aboard the battleship Utah of the Atlantic fleet.

He was placed in command of the Princess Matoika when that vessel was converted into a troop ship and when the work of taking soldiers to France began the German submarines were operating on both sides of the Atlantic.

The Princess Matoika made three round trips to France, taking over in safety each time 4,000 American soldiers. This was the period when every man aboard troop carriers was obliged to wear a life belt continuously through the voyage. No disaster overtook Captain Owens' ship though it narrowly averted destruction when the troop carrier Covington, next ship of a convoy bound home from France, was sent down by a torpedo on July 1 when about 12 miles out of Brest.

GOES TO CHARLESTON

When Captain Owens was transferred from the Princess Matoika in September he was assigned to duty at Charleston, South Carolina which had been selected as a base from which it was intended to forward all naval supplies overseas to General Pershing. A $15,000,000 terminal at Charleston was planned as a starting point for a fleet of fifty steamers. Captain Owens was made district supervisor of naval overseas transportation service at Charleston, but when this project was halted with the signing of the Armistice he was relieved and transferred to New York where he served as member of the joint board representing the Army, Navy and the Shipping Board for the demobilisation of troop transports. He remained in this post until May, 1920 when he was appointed commanding officer of the U. S. S. New Orleans and joined the vessel at Vladivostok last July. As the New Orleans has been stationed at Shanghai as flagship of the Yangtsze patrol he will probably be here for an indefinite period.

Captain Owens, who is a native of Ohio, received his appointment to the Naval Academy from Pennsylvania, graduating from the Academy in 1897. He was aboard the U. S. S. Indiana in the battle of Santiago in the Spanish war and took part in bombardments of the Cuban coast and at San Juan and Porto Rico.

Captain Owens was aboard the U. S. S. Brooklyn in 1900 when that vessel brought marines from Cavite to Taku in the Boxer rebellion.

WHAT JOHNSTONE DID

Of the trio honored by the awards of Naval Crosses Chief Yeoman Johnstone is a ranker and the award comes to him as member of a heroic handfull of American sailors who risked their lives in one of the grim incidents of the war.

Chief Yeoman Johnstone was one of the crew of the U. S. S. Wanderer on the night of April 17, 1918 when that vessel was at the French port of Quiberon near St. Lizarro. The cargo carrier Florence H. loaded with ammunition and high explosives was in the same harbor and suddenly burst into flames whose cause never has been ascertained.

The conflagration developed so swiftly that the crew of the Florence had not even time to get into boats to escape but leaped into the water as salvos of explosions filled the air and the vessel was swept with fire from stem to stern. Great numbers of blazing boxes of powder and high explosives were hurled into the sea and Chief Yeoman Johnstone was one of a volunteer party from the Wanderer that manned a life boat and made its way through the mass of burning explosives to the swimming men from the Florence H.

The citation to Chief Yeoman Johnstone recites that the men from the Wanderer "drove their boat into the burning mass without thought of danger to themselves, and assisted by boats from other ships succeeded in saving the lives of many men, who but for the help so promptly and heroically extended, must have perished in the wreckage."

It is understood here that all the men in the Wanderer's boat have received the award of the Naval Cross, but of those who took part in the exploit Chief Yeoman Johnstone is the only one now serving the Far East.

Mixed Court Jottings

Simeon Vinnchuck, a Russian, was sentenced to a month's imprisonment by the Senior Consul's Assessor, Mr. Ivanoff, and the Chinese Magistrate in the Mixed Court yesterday for theft of 10 pieces of leather from a Chinese shop at 369 Tiendong Road.

A Chinese shopkeeper who had just arrived from Japan and had engaged a room at a Japanese hotel on Seward Road arose early yesterday morning and began smashing up the furniture and breaking glass, shouting the while that several persons were attempting to murder him. He was arrested and was charged in the Mixed Court yesterday and evidence went to show him to be of unsound mind. The Court ordered that the damage to the hotel property be paid out of money in possession of the defendant and that he be sent to an institution where he will have proper care and examination.

U.S. TO AID FARMERS

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Dec. 23.—The House of Representatives has passed an emergency bill for the purpose of aiding farmers by the imposition of a high protective tariff on imported agricultural products.

?? What is ??
"The Devil's Pass Key"
Is it Falsehood or Selfishness??

Having occasion to use a wheelbarrow and not being himself possessed of such a convenience Tse Ching-san arranged for the loan of one belonging to Waung Sz-ching.

Tse trundled the vehicle down into Shanse Road and parked it before the establishment from which he was to move certain cargo. Coming out with the first elements of the load he found not the vestige of a trace of the barrow remaining.

The nearest policeman listened sympathetically to Tse's lament and advised him to turn in a report at the police station. After so doing Tse was still in a highly worried state and decided to do a little detective work on his own. In this emergency a thought occurred to him which amounted to sheer inspiration. Without any preliminary searching after clews or inquiry in the neighborhood of the theft Tse asked himself in which direction was located the nearest pawnshop. It so happened that this establishment was located across the border, in Frenchtown, and thither Tse repaired with all despatch. He entered the place just in time to hear Waung Tuh-foo driving home the concluding arguments in a dissertation upon the unique merits and extraordinary intrinsic worth of the missing barrow, which, said Waung, had been in his family for many years and which he would never think of putting into pawn were it not that financial misfortune had lately come upon him. Tse said nothing, but slipped quietly out and fetched a policeman.

After the customary extradition proceedings Waung appeared in the Mixed Court and was given a chance to explain.

Waung said he was a hawker and as such had no interest in wheelbarrows. He had been passing along Shanse Road intent only upon his own business when a man stopped him and told him that he had a wheelbarrow which he wished to pawn. Not knowing anything about how this should be done, he asked Waung's assistance. Waung admitted some knowledge of pawnshops and agreed to see the matter arranged. The stranger had accompanied him to the pawnshop, but evidently, while his agent was trying to bulge the pawnbroker's offer, had seen the policeman approaching and had faded imperceptibly away.

Waung himself did a fadeaway thereafter and will not be apparent hereabouts for two weeks.

Activities Of League Explained By Balfour

(Continued from Page 1)

with Lord Robert Cecil, telegraphed yesterday.

Mr. Balfour had to admit that he did not know what the present situation was in regard to Armenia, and said obscurity hung over recent events there.

A certain amount of success had already been achieved in the direction of fighting typhus, but absolute success was limited by lack of money.

As regards the repatriation of prisoners, Mr. Balfour stated that 180,000 out of 300,000 had already been sent home.

In conclusion, Mr. Balfour submitted that the catalogue of work done represented a very creditable output, and declared amid cheers that he was more than ever convinced that we could never afford to drop this experiment. It seemed absolutely incredible to him that civilisation would ever consent to retrace the greatest step it had hitherto taken.

PREMIER GIVES VIEWS

London, December 22.—Mr. Lloyd George, presiding at a luncheon given in the House of Commons to the delegates from the British Dominions who attended the Geneva Assembly, said that much had already been accomplished.

The League had raised the status of Labor throughout the world. Its most conspicuous work had been the establishment of an International Court of Justice, but the League would not achieve real progress till all nations were represented on it.

He believed that Germany desired to carry out her treaty obligations, and there should be no obstacle to her admission if she made this desire quite manifest. He was most hopeful that America would join.

This was essential, because disarmament would be impossible until all nations were in the League. He congratulated the representatives of the Empire on the prominent part they had played in the first Assembly.

Mr. Lloyd George coupled the toast of the delegates with the name of Sir George Foster (Canada). He regretted the absence of Mr. Miller (Australia) and Lord Robert Cecil (South Africa).

Replying to the toast, Sir George Foster said that two things had specially marked the deliberations of the Assembly: in the first place, unity of purpose, for the great idea in the minds of all delegates was to carry out the principles of the League; and secondly, sanity of judgment, for during the proceedings there was not a shadow of difference among the delegates as regards the inclusion of every nation in League.

In conclusion he remarked that as the result of the Geneva Conference, the position of the British Empire was stronger today than it had ever been.

EMPRESS IN TUESDAY

The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services liner Empress of Japan, from Vancouver is due at Woosung Monday at midnight. The tender conveying inward passengers and mails is expected to reach the Municipal Jetty at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning. The tender with outgoing passengers and mails will leave the same jetty at 6 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

See
"The Great Radium Mystery"
at the Isis Theatre
Monday Night

80,000 Tons Of Grain For Famine District Rotting Along Railway

(Staff Wire To THE CHINA PRESS)

Peking, Dec. 23.—Official investigators report that eighty thousand tons of millet and wheat, lying in an uncovered pile a quarter of a mile long and twenty feet high alongside the railway from Mukden and awaiting transport to the famine areas, is deteriorating and will soon be totally ruined.

The foreign traffic inspector of the Peking-Mukden Railway at Mukden states that the fault lies with the lack of cars and that the blame should not rest upon Chang Tso-lin, who has suspended all troop movements in order to expedite the movement of food for the starving, but should rest upon Tsao Kun. With every trainload shipped toward Chihli the cars have been detained at Paotingfu and the Mukden end of the line has practically drained of rolling stock. Unless the Chihli authorities release the empty cars grain shipments South must cease entirely.

CHOLERA IN TURKEY

(Reuter's Service)

Constantinople, Dec. 22.—Cholera has broken out among the Russian refugees here. Seventy cases have occurred in one day, and up to the present there have been 30 deaths.

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SALES MANAGER

FRANCE REVIVES SILK INDUSTRY

Business Believed Destroyed By War, Is Showing Strong Revival

(*French Wireless*)

Paris, Dec. 23.—This year, France's production of raw silk cocoons has even exceeded that of 1918, when the total was 2,010,440 kilogrammes, representing a value of over 22,000,000 francs.

The amount of this year's production is 3,202,905 kilogrammes, and the value 45,335,330 francs.

The French Minister of Agriculture publishes the following figures in regard to the present position of the raw silk industry:

Number of silk-growers, 65,592, as against 53,301 in 1919;

Quantity of eggs put into incubation, in lots of 25 grammes, 72,826 as against 67,075;

Total production of raw cocoons, 3,202,904 kilogrammes, as against 2,321,547;

Average price of eggs, per 25 grammes, 16.55 francs, as against 12.81;

Value of raw cocoons sold for spinning, 43,913,003 francs, as against 17,216,222;

Sold for breeding, 1,422,326 francs, as against 223,000;

Total value of production, 45,335,330 francs, as against 17,439,322.

Chita Sends Troops Into Amur Country

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Vladivostok, December 23.—Chita is despatching troops to the Amur country, where the population are dissatisfied with the way in which the preparations for the elections are being conducted.

Gen. Kappell's troops have broken off negotiations with the Vladivostok Government, and are moving eastwards and occupying the vacant barracks at Nikolsk and Rasdolnaya. It is expected that some of them will soon arrive at Vladivostok.

Hurried preparations are being made in connection with the coming elections, which, together with the financial situation of Kappell's force, are the main topics here at present.

The Executive Organ which is taking over the government of the Maritime Province is faced with bankruptcy. The silver reserve is exhausted and hardly sufficient to meet the obligations for December. The authorities in Chita are unable to render any assistance, and are themselves asking the Maritime Province to send funds with which to purchase grain from Manchuria.

China Delegate To Conference Named

(*French Wireless*)

Paris, Dec. 23.—China will be represented at the International Communications Congress by Mr. Chang Hou-ko, director of the Long-hai railways.

CLEMENCEAU IN INDIA

(*French Wireless*)

Paris, Dec. 23.—M. Clemenceau, who is at present in India, after a visit to the Viceroy, Lord Chelmsford, is now the guest of Lord Rawlinson, and will shortly pay a visit to the Maharajah of Khapurtala.

See
"The Great Radium Mystery"
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Monday Night

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MUTT & JEFF — Wonder Where Jeff Picked Up This Sap? — By Bud Fisher

?
DROP IN ANY OLD TIME, RED, I'M ALWAYS TICKLED PINK TO SEE YOU!
THANKS OLD THING, I WILL!
WHO'S YOUR ROUGH-NECK FRIEND, JEFF?
THAT'S AN INSULT, MUTT! RED'S A GENTLEMAN! A PRINCE CHAP, I CALLS HIM!
HE LOOKS LIKE A BIG ROUGH-NECK TO ME, AND I'M A GOOD JUDGE OF CHARACTER!
WELL, YOU'RE WRONG THIS TIME! RED'S GOT THE BIGGEST, TENDEREST HEART IN THE WORLD!
?
WHY, IF HE ONLY SAW YOU HURTING A FLY HE'D BUST YOU OVER THE HEAD WITH A CLUB!
POOR SAP!
?
24

Woman's Club Notes

PARTY AT NAVY "Y"

More than 200 American sailors enjoyed a jolly Christmas eve party at the Navy Young Men's Christian Association last night given under the auspices of the Navy "Y" assisted by the Women's Overseas Club and the Social Service Department of the American Woman's Club.

A big Christmas tree was illuminated at 7:30 o'clock after which stockings filled with good things were distributed to the men and music, games and dancing enjoyed.

Home made cakes and candies were donated to the party by the American Woman's Club while the women in the Over Seas League deserve credit for the festive decorations, the stockings and program.

A "double deck" Christmas fruit cake was contributed to the occasion by Sullivan's Fine Candies.

Today and tonight the Navy "Y" will hold open house. A cinema program will be given tonight.

The Shanghai Women's Club will give a reception in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Stevens at the Han Yeh Ping Recreation Club, 11 Jessfield Road, Monday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

• • •

SOCIAL DEPARTMENT

The Social Department of the American Woman's Club, Mrs. W. H. Lunt, chairman, will entertain with a bridge tea at the Columbia Country Club the afternoon of January 24. The affair is being given for the benefit of the permanent equipment fund of the club.

• • •

"AT HOME" FOR SAILORS

The Social Service Department will hold an "At Home" for the American sailors in port at the Navy Young Men's Christian Association January 7.

Hostesses for the evening will be Mesdames C. E. Crane and J. H. Black.

This is the first of a series of "At Homes" given for the sailors by the American Woman's Club.

• • •

LITERARY DEPARTMENT

The Literary Department of the American Woman's Club will meet Friday afternoon, January 14 at the Royal Asiatic Society Hall when Miss Ada R. Lickmeyer will read a paper on "Emperor Kang Hsi," and Miss S. Bosworth on "Porcelains, White and Powder Blue."

• • •

DINNER TO MRS. STEVENS

Under the auspices of the American Woman's Club a dinner was given at the Palace Hotel Thursday evening in honor of Mrs. Frederick W. Stevens. Wives of the officers of the various American organisations in the city and the Woman's College club as well as a few especially invited guests attended.

Among those present were:

Mesdames C. S. Lobingier, M. F. Perkins, Howard E. Cole, W. H. Lunt, H. Harold Dollar, W. S. Fleming, C. P. Holcomb, J. B. Fearn, Arthur Bassett, F. J. Raven, R. I. Clapp, W. H. Morriss, F. P. Sailor, Frederick E. Lee, H. B. Lane, R. E. Lunkley, J. W. Miller, Julian Petit, T. W. Stedman, F. J. Schuhl, A. P. Parker, Norris, Walldin, V. G. Lyman, R. W. Squires, G. A. O'Brien, F. R. Sites, Bartlett, J. H. Snoke, W. L. Merriman, L. F. Harrigan, H. C. Mei, Sun Yat-sen, H. H. Kung, Percy Bryant, R. B. Nichols, H. A. Wilbur, A. C. Davis, Dr. Mary Stone and Dr. Phebe Stone, and Misses Grace L. Coppock, Thomason, May Lingsoong, Gretchen Fitkin, Margaret Powell and Edna Lee Booker.

Committees of the American Woman's Club in charge of arrangements for the dinner were as follows: Invitations and reservations, Mrs. F. R. Sites, Mrs. A. C. Davis, Mrs. Parker and Mrs. Lunkley; hall and decorations, Mrs. R. I. Clapp and Mrs. T. W. Stedman; program, Mrs. Clapp.

German Ex-Empress Is Nearing Death

(*Reuter's Service*)

Shanghai, December 24.—The following items by wireless from Nauen have been picked up locally, and are issued with all reserve:

The Radical, Independent, Socialist and Communist parties in the Reichstag have effected a fusion, with the title of the "United Communistic Party." The party at present numbers 60 members.

The condition of the German ex-Empress during the last few days has become worse, and her end may be expected hourly. The physicians may, however, be able to avert death for some days or even weeks. Meanwhile the ex-Empress has bidden farewell to all her children.

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News Brevities

The International Chess Club will meet the Shanghai Rowing Club on Monday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock.

• • •

There will be a dance at the Country Club Tuesday afternoon at 5:15 o'clock.

• • •

The annual meeting of the Alma Estate, Ltd., will take place on Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

• • •

Members of the American Association of China will meet on Wednesday afternoon at 5:15 o'clock.

• • •

The annual meeting of the Ayer Tawah Rubber Plantation Company, Ltd., will be held on Thursday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

Lynch Man Accused Of Shooting Officer

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, Dec. 23.—Early this morning 25 masked men at Fort Worth, Texas, took a man from the jail there, where he had been incarcerated after shooting and killing a policeman who attempted to arrest him on a change of drunkenness, and hanged him on a tree near a grave which had been prepared. They then disappeared after firing a number of shots at the body of their victim.

Motor Sharpshooters' Squad To Hunt Bandit

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, Dec. 23.—A "motor sharpshooters' squad," armed to the teeth, has been organised in New York to hunt down bandits. It consists of twenty motor cars, each manned by five snipers and a machine-gun which is officially described as "the most suitable for use in crowded thoroughfares."

U.S. Treasury Reports Big Deficit Likely

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, Dec. 23.—Addressing the Finance Committee of the Senate, the Secretary of the Treasury predicted a gross deficit of twenty-one hundred million dollars ($2,100,000,000) on national transactions for the present year, and a deficit for the next fiscal year of $1,500,000,000.

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China × Press × Sports

PORTUGUESE CLASH WITH SCOTS IN INTERNATIONAL CUP COMPETITION TODAY

Five Second Division Games Also Carded—Engineers' Charity Match On Monday For Benefit Of General Hospital—Other Fixtures Announced For New Year's Day

The first round in the International Cup competition will be played this afternoon at the Shanghai Football Club ground between soccer elevens representing Portugal and Scotland. England drew a bye. No first league matches are scheduled for today but five games are carded in the second division.

The Engineers' Charity match, with teams captained by Messrs. Quayle and Forshaw will play for the benefit of the General Hospital, will be played on Monday.

Several fixtures are announced for next Saturday, which is New Year's Day.

The game for the International Cup this afternoon is on the S.F.C. field. Mr. Fulton will referee. Kick-off takes place at 2:45 p.m.

Scotland will be represented by E. Maclean, E. Mears, T. W. R. Wilson, C. Macdonald, J. Robertson, E. Roche, Lawrie Smith, G. Watson, W. W. Kay, C. W. Glover and A. H. Leslie, A. E. Brodie and H. Wallace will be the reserves.

SECOND DIVISION GAMES

In the second division, the Customs players will compete for honors with the Waterworks staff in the Hongkew Recreation Ground. Mr. Baker will act as referee. The B.A.T. clashes with the St. Xavier's eleven at Widow's Monument Ground with Mr. Bridges officiating. The Police team will play Engineers at 10:30 a.m. on the Police Ground, Mr. Strutt refereeing. The Shanghai Recreation Club footballers will meet the soccer players of the municipal electricity department on the formers' ground at 10 a.m. The referee will be Mr. Jone. The Navy team will hold a contest with the Public School eleven. Mr. Landers will referee.

In today's games, the Shanghai Recreation Club will be represented by G. Canda, F. C. H. Ollerdessen and J. Xavier; A. Ferguson, J. Mahon and G. A. Marshall; G. Johannson, C. Sofoulis, J. McLachlan (Capt.), G. A. Drairseldt and S. Emamoodeen. Reserves: W. H. Ferris, E. Gifford.

The Marine Engineers will be represented in their fixture with the Police by G. F. Powers, J. E. Grant and R. Skelton; S. Howard, J. Soppitt and R. J. Tomlinson; (Capt) P. A. McDoughill, R. C. Campbell, V. B. Glover, G. Huggert and H. Adam; and Reserves: U. Strelley, H. Laird and A. Gilmour. D. M. Couch will act as linesman.

CHARITY MATCH MONDAY

While the big charity match is scheduled for Monday afternoon, the second eleven of the Shanghai Football Club will fight for honors with Rangers on Monday morning. The whistle will blow at 10 o'clock. Mr. Fulton will referee while Mr. S. Starling will act as linesman. The Rangers will be represented by Wilson, G. Day and Staley; A. Johnson, J. Henry and Morcher; J. Johnston. H. Nash Smith, (Capt.) Evans and Mason; Reserve: Atkinson, and linesman, A. Jacobs.

The S. F. C. team will consist of Messrs. H. Harris, A. P. Goldman, J. E. R. Harris, (Captain) A. A. Ewing, F. Shaffer, C. K. Smith, A. K. Brown, S. Flood, W. B. Glover, F. J. Wakefield and A. F. Deer and reserve, C. Brook.

SEVEN GAMES

On New Year's Day, in the first division, the S. F. C. will play the Shanghai Recreation Club on the formers' Ground. The game is to be refereed by Mr. Boyling.

In the second division, six games are scheduled. They are: Police vs. Waterworks on Police Ground, Engineers vs. Electricity Department on Polo Ground, S. R. C. vs. Navy on S. R. C. Ground, St. Xaviers vs. Public School in Hongkew Park, S. F. C. vs International at Widow's Monument and B. A. T. vs. Rangers' at Widow's Monument.

TODD IS WINNER OF TIENTSIN 'UNT

Third Hunt Is Over Ten Miles Of Good Country; Xmas Run Today

A sporting course of ten miles, well laid over good country with jumps and flat stretches nicely balanced, marked the third Hunt of the Tientsin Paper Hunt Club last Sunday, won by Mr. C. C. Todd on Henry.

The Acting Master, Mr. Commons, picked out the course starting from the south side of Arsenal Road opposite the Red House, trailing far out into the excellent country beyond the French Arsenal and circling back to a finish near the Red House on the North side of the road.

The field of 14 was quite thinned by the time it reached the last few jumps, many ponies being unable to stand the distance. The riding of Miss Fogg, who stayed with the hunt taking every jump and finishing close up on the leading gentlemen riders is therefore more than deserving of the praise of her sportsmanship heard on all sides.

TODD COMES THROUGH

A heavy westerly wind, keen enough to make hard riding enjoyable, scattered the paper to an extent that made it difficult to follow, but in spite of this the huntsmen held to the original course. The three checks were well planned and although the paper was strewn about it was readily found again.

The finish provided the waiting crowd of enthusiasts with something out of the ordinary in spectacles for the two leading riders, Keith Watson on Hairpin and Mr. Wasser on Geneva came down heavily at the last jump allowing Todd, close up behind, to come through to win. Todd was just behind the pair but lost several yards by taking the wrong side of the half mile flag. Major Arden, on a griffin, had difficulties but in the country and finished the course some time later minus his risky mount. The field was out for practically one hour.

At the conclusion Mrs. Fearon presented the prize won by Mr. Commons in the second hunt a week before and the Lightweight prize for the third hunt to Mr. Todd and the Heavyweight prize to Mr. L. C. Hurst.

CHRISTMAS HUNT

The Xmas Hunt will take place this afternoon on ground to be selected by Mr. Todd in the Race Course district. The course will be laid with the object of making it visible throughout the greater part of the distance to spectators who are invited to attend.

The committee and members of the Tientsin Paper Hunt Club are deeply indebted to two gentlemen, keen followers and supporters of the sport in Tientsin, who have presented prizes for the entire season. Mr. W. H. Hunt has presented a cup for lightweights and Mr. J. R. Greaves has given one for heavyweights. In each class the total number of points for the season will be reckoned on six for each win, five for second and so on, in inverse ratio to the position at the finish of each hunt. The rider with the greatest number of points in his class at the end of the season will be presented with the cup.

The Master of the Hunt Club, Mr. C. M. Watson is expected back at the beginning of February, being scheduled to leave Vancouver on January 13. The first six finishing in the Third Hunt are as follow:

Mr. C. C. Todd on Henry.
Mr. J. S. Swann on Griffin.
Mr. L. C. Hurst (H. W.) on Night Out.
Mr. Tismar on Bally.
Mr. C. Shirrell on Neuralgia.
Mr. D. W. Smith on Sherman.

Lynch Beats Herman For Bantam Title

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Dec. 23.—In a fifteen-round bout for the bantam-weight championship of the world here tonight, Joe Lynch won on points against Pete Herman. Notwithstanding his defeat, Herman sails for England tomorrow to meet Jimmy Wilde.

REDS GET FENCE BUSTER

Kansas City, November 11.—Garry Herrmann, owner of the Cincinnati Nationals, today signed a contract with John W. Norton of the St. Paul American Association Club for the purchase of Catcher Eugene ("Bubbles") Hargrave, sensational home-run hitter of the association. Hargrave hit twenty-three home runs during the last season and batted .339.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

AGAIN — HA-HA-HA — WELL YOU CAN'T SAY THAT HE ISN'T TRYING
I GOT NUTHIN-!! I WAS ONLY TRYING TO RUN HIM UP - I DIDN'T WANT THE BID
WHAT!!! YA GOT NUTHIN!! SAY DO YOU REALIZE THAT I'M BETTING ON THIS GAME TOO?
THIRD TIME
A SUCKER IS AN AWFUL THING ON LAND OR SEA.
HA-HA-HA — WHAT'S THE FARE TO SYRACUSE? I WANT TO QUIT WORK
IF HE'S THE CHAMPION OF SYRACUSE IT MUST BE AWFUL TO BE AN ORDINARY PINOCHLE HOUND THERE.
INDOOR SPORTS
TAKING FOR A PARTNER THE GUY FROM SYRACUSE WHO SAYS THAT HE WAS SO GOOD HERE THAT THEY CALLED HIM THE LITTLE NAPOLEON OF PINOCHLE
TAD -27

HONGKONG PLANS FOR CRICKETERS TO COME IN MAY

Letter From President Of Shanghai Cricket Club Stiks Interest

The following is from the South China Morning Post:

It will add interest to the season's cricket to note that there is every likelihood of Hongkong sending a team to Shanghai in May next year, when our own season finishes and Shanghai's commences. The President of the Hongkong Cricket Club, Mr. F. Maitland, has received the following letter from the President of the Shanghai Cricket Club, Mr. A. P. Wood, dated 8th inst:

"On behalf of the team we sent to Hongkong and all the members of the Shanghai Cricket Club, I wish to thank you and all those who so greatly assisted to give our fellows such an enjoyable time, and I can assure you they have all returned expressing their high appreciation of the kindness shown to them during their stay in Hongkong.

"The matches played during your Cricket Carnival resulted in most interesting games, and you are much to be congratulated on the fine results. We are all very pleased with the performance of the eleven we were able to send, but as you well know how difficult it is to get a representative team to play away from home.

"I can assure you a cordial welcome is extended to The Hongkong Cricket Eleven, who, we hope, will be able to arrive in Shanghai some time in May next year."

Sports Correspondence

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sirs,—The football new published in your paper of the 22nd instant said that Soochow University and Fuh-tan University have played a tie for third in the Football Championship Series of the E.C.I.A.A. By the Football rule of 1920, each team of the Association must play at least four other members for Championship. Fuh-tan had played four official games one of which was lost, and Fuh-tan did not lose two. In the points given by your paper Fuh-tan has got 500. Since four official games are considered as the bases of Championship Fuh-tan had only lost one of its four games, the points must be 750. Fuh-tan played a tie for second place with Nanyang College, not a tie for third with Soochow.

Here I give you the results of our games as follows:

	won	lost
Nov. 13 Fuh-tan vs Nanyang	0	3
Nov. 18 Fuh-tan vs Teachers Coll.	4	1
Nov. 27 Fuh-tan vs Soochow Univ.	1	0
Dec. 8 Fuh-tan vs Nanking Univ.	2	0

I hope you will be kind enough to give this correction.

Sincerely yours,
C. C. Juan,
Physical Director.

American Baseball Stars Meeting Little Opposition From Japanese Teams

"Uncle Dennis," In Kobe Paper, Tells Of Japanese Weaknesses As Shown In Game Between Minor Leaguers From U.S. And All Star Aggregation

The touring aggregation of American minor league baseball players who are expected to perform in Shanghai in the near future, are finding little pushing competition from the diamond artists of Japan, according to reports in the Japanese papers. In Kobe recently, for instance, the professionals had such an easy time with a handpicked Japanese nine as to move a writer in the Kobe Herald to a gloomy estimate of the quality of baseball in the Islands.

UNCLE DENNIS WRITES

Under the style of "Uncle Dennis" the writer describes in the following fashion two games played in Kobe:

The first game was between the "Nationals" and "Americans" and resulted, after five innings, in a win for the "Nationals" by a score of 4 to 3. The play was fast and snappy and gave a fair idea of what these teams can do when they feel inclined. There were some sensational plays, but it appeared that the game was more in the nature of a "warm up" for the game to follow. The second game was between a picked team from the "Americans" and the "Star."

This game was a disappointment to lovers of serious playing as the antics indulged in by the visitors distracted attention from many fine plays made on both sides.

STAR TEAM TOUGH

It cannot be said that the "Star" played anything like firsrt-class baseball and if they are the strongest team that can be trotted out by the Japanese, it will be many moons before they will be able to qualify, even with players in minor leagues in the States. There was never a time during the game when the "Star" were in danger of scoring and Pertica had them eating out of his hand whenever he took the notion of trying. It was plainly evident that the Japanese were decidedly over anxious and many errors were registered against them. The outstanding features of the second game were the powerful batting of the "Americans" and their unlimited gaul in pilfering bases at will to the astonishment of members of the "Star." Whenever the outfield of the "Star" moved in the visitors calmly hit the ball over their heads and, if they moved out they hit them short.

PERTICA IS GOOD

There is evidence that Pertica will develop into a formidable tosser. He has plenty of things up his sleeve, decidedly good control and a world of speed. It hardly appeared that he was extending himself to the extent of where he was likely to go lame, but he pitched good enough to cause the "Star" to reflect on what would actually happen to them if he got real sore. The base throwing of the "Americans" was perfection unless they wished to fuzzle the "Star" by some curious maneuvers. Catcher Ainsmith has a powerful wing, but he did not have much need to use it as the temerity of the "Star" players in attempting to steal gave him little opportunity. Whether this should be considered from the standpoint of the "inherent honesty" of the Japanese or as a result of reflections of past precedents established by the "Americans" might be a matter for debate, so we will pass it over.

SECOND IS MARATHON

We would liked to have seen real, serious playing on the part of the "Americans" as it would hardly appear that so much diversion can improve their game on occasions when they are called upon to extend themselves. We recall games played in the Manila leagues where this kind of work would have been decidedly disastrous to them. We do not know whether they intend to visit Manila but, in case they do, wish to hand them the information that they are likely to be somewhat rudely awakened.

This second game resulted in a "marathon" with the Americans' decidedly well up in front. We do not recall that the "Star" even recorded their presence but this might have been due to a lack of paint on the part of the guy who was slapping it around or the side of the K. R. and A. C.

It is quite possible that the Japanese would show up better in future games if they would condescend to accept a little good coaching from some of the foreigners who know what it is worth. Their team work is extremely faulty and they do not work up combinations even when they have an opportunity to distinguish themselves. We suggest that in future games a case or two of beer be placed on third and offered them if they can get there fast enough to drink some of it. These would be dangerous thoughts in some countries, one of which we are perfectly familiar with, but the pond is not yet frozen over and we are therefore safe as long as we do not have the audacity to return and or until we get the necessary long green to buy a ride over on some of the "Shipping Board" boats, unless an early decision is handed down in the "Shaw."

GROUND SLOW

The ground was "sloppy" and it is really wonderful how the "Americans" banked when taking the curves at such high speed. The weather was rotten which probably is the reason for the gloomy view which we take of this tragic affair which happened so suddenly in our very midst.

After the fog cleared, we saw something which looked like 10 painted over on the side of the K. R. and A. C. and credited to the "American," but not a darned thing for the other fellows who had tried so hard. This also may be due to the lack of paint mentioned previously and this fact might also be the reason why the "Americans" did not get any more runs.

We have a large number of very valuable suggestions which we could make in connection with these games, but subject to the few preceding remarks we will pass them over this time, provided they are not repeated, and say: "I thank you very much" for the entertainment provided us which, by the way, we did not pay for!

CHRISTMAS 'UNT WILL DRAW CROWD THIS AFTERNOON

Start At Old Handicap Road With Finish At Bee Line

One of the prime features for today is the Christmas 'Unt of the Paper Hunt Club. The start will be at Old Handicap Bridge, Brennan Road, at 3:30 this afternoon and the finish at Bee Line.

The Christmas 'Unt always draws an imposing gallery and if the recent good weather holds there should be a record crowd out to see the pack come home.

American Polo Ponies Assembled

Fifty Four-Footed Players To Go To England For Tourney Next Month

Assembled at Harry Payne Whitney's stables near Westbury, L. I., are 50 polo ponies chosen on their performances in this year's tournaments to represent America in the international matches in England next season. They were selected by a committee of four, the members of which are Mr. Whitney, Devereux Milburn, L. E. Stoddard and R. E. Strawbridge. John Lambert, one of the best known trainers on Long Island, has charge of the ponies.

They will be shipped to England next month in order that they may have five months or more in which to become acclimated before they play for the cup at Hurlingham in June. As their safe arrival in good condition is of vital importance to American polo interests special care has been taken in selecting a ship for them.

Mr. Strawbridge, who represented the committee in the matter, has decided to send them all on the Menominee, a large and steady freighter of the Atlantic Transport line, sailing direct from New York to London, Liberal space has been reserved for them on the main deck of the big ship, where special quarters will be built, affording abundant light and air.

To safeguard the ponies against accident in case of very rough weather each stall will be carefully padded. Twenty picked grooms are to go with them.

While the makeup of the American team has not been officially announced, it is generally understood among polo men that Mr. Milburn, C. C. Rumsey, J. W. Webb and Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., will go over, with two or three other crack players as substitutes.

NEW YEAR FOOTBALL GAME TO BE IN AID OF WOMEN'S FAMINE RELIEF SOCIETY

American Civilians And New Orleans Eleven To Play For Deserving Organisation; Tags Will Be Sold; Landsmen Practice This Morning And Tomorrow Afternoon

The New Year's American football match, when a team of civilians will meet the U. S. S. New Orleans eleven, will be played for the benefit of the Women's Famine Relief Society and tags will be sold to augment the finances of the deserving organisation. The tags will be sold at one and five dollars—motor cars to bear the five-dollar signs—and it is expected that the game will net the W.F.R.S. over $2,000.

The civilians will hold the first practice session at the Race Course this morning at 9:30 o'clock and all candidates are urged to be on hand. There will be another practice tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

PLAN TO SELL TAGS

Plans for selling the tags were outlined yesterday afternoon when Mrs. O. M. Green, head of the W.F.R.S., met with Assistant Manager J. J. Knowlan of the eleven. Young ladies of the Settlement, club women, members of various organisations and the Girl Guides will be asked to aid in selling the tags and a detail of Boy Scouts has already agreed to help.

Tags will be sold at various locations throughout the Settlement, if there is no official restriction, in front of clubs at tiffin time and five o'clock, and in various offices. Everyone must buy a tag but everyone need not go to the game. The tags will probably be printed by a local business house for the Women's Famine Relief Society and the Society will be in charge of the sales, which will probably start about Wednesday. The American boys are to arrange the game and play it.

PRACTICE TODAY

Which again calls attention to the Christmas morning practice today. All are urged to be out as Manager Wilhoit and Assistant Manager Knowlan desire to get a line on those who need suits. John Potter said yesterday that the Baseball Club would loan stockings for the game, there are several complete uniforms left from last year and the rest will be purchased.

Cy Wilhoit journeyed out to Hongkew yesterday afternoon to see the sailors work out and will give a report at the practice today.

Once again—practice this morning at 9:30 and tomorrow afternoon at 3.

NANKING WINNER IN LEAGUE GAME, BEATS TEACHERS

Big Crowd Turns Out To See E. C. I. A. A. Football Match; Score 2-0

Nanking, Dec. 21.—This afternoon at three o'clock the University Football Squad clashed with the Teacher College eleven on the latter's field and won by a score two to nil. The Collegians were outclassed in every department as from start to finish the leather was in the former's territory. The losers ought to feel happy as Nanking lost many opportunities to score and two goals were offside.

A big crowd turned out to witness the game as the victory over the College not only meant an additional win in the E.C.I.C. series, but it also decided the strongest eleven in this city.

Mr. Spear of the Language School refereed the game satisfactory to both sides.

Carpentier Richer By Million Francs

Returns To Paris Also With Increased Respect For Dempsey's Fighting Ability

Paris, November 14.—Georges Carpentier, the heavyweight champion of Europe, returned from America richer by 1,000,000 francs and with a great respect for the fighting ability of Jack Dempsey, world's titleholder.

Carpentier, who was never boastful, even before leaving France, when he had not yet seen Dempsey, said on his return that Dempsey was considered in America to be a "superfighter," but that he would meet him with as much confidence as he did the British fighters, Wells and Beckett, whom he knocked out.

"The newspapers," said Carpentier, "reported Dempsey as saying he would lead me to the slaughter like an ox. I don't believe it. I have met Dempsey, who is really a very amiable gentleman. I even had one match with him which I won—but that was at golf. Dempsey's kind thought in sending me a wireless message when off Nantucket wishing us Godspeed, was very gentlemanly."

The boastful remark attributed to Carpentier's manager, Descamps, at the Jersey City ball park to the effect that Carpentier would beat the champion in two rounds, has now been modified to such expressions as: "The difference in weight of fourteen pounds will be a great handicap," and "the man who lands the first blow will win."

Descamps appeared proud of the concession he succeeded in obtaining from the promoters—the privilege of making Carpentier's forfeit deposit in scrip of the new French loan, which will be placed in J. P. Morgan and Co.'s bank this week bearing six percent interest.

DATE FOR POLO MATCH

New York, November 7.—The International polo match between America and England will be held in England on June 18, 22 and 25, it was announced today in a cable message from the Hurlingham Club of England to the Polo Association here.

See "The Great Radium Mystery" at the Isis Theatre Monday Night

"Merry Christmas"

We take you there: We bring you back
Yellow and black
North 2591, Central 2591.

REID'S LTD., INC
SOLE AGENTS
44 Nanking Road.

Judge Lobingier Decides F. G. Boulon Is Not Guilty Of Embezzlement Charges

(Continued from Page 1)

complaining company, by its two attorneys, Beeson and Jones, drew a check (Ex. T) on the Asia Banking Corporation, for the amount above mentioned, in favor of one Yee Kong Yung and that the company shroff took it to the payee and received for it native bank orders (p. 43) which he delivered to defendant who turned them over to other company officers. Where in this transaction did defendant "convert to his own use" the proceeds of the check? Certainly the mere fact that they passed through his hand on their way to the other officers did not constitute such conversion. There must have been some use inconsistent with company ownership for if defendant, as company manager, could not even receive those orders without converting them he was in danger of embezzling company funds at all times.

"To constitute embezzlement the accused must be shown to have fraudulently converted money or other property to his own, or someone's else, use, or to have fraudulently secreted it, with intent so to convert it."

But it is claimed that these proceeds were credited to defendant on the company books. The testimony on that point is not altogether consistent (p.82) According to Mr. Beeson (p.56) only about one seventh was so credited the balance being credited to Chinese dealers. But no authority has been cited to the contention that the mere crediting by another of any portion to defendant on the company books would constitute conversion by him.

When the proceeds were turned over by defendant the company's cashier gave him a receipt (Ex. 19) containing the words "loan to this firm" and it appears that they were so noted on the books and that defendant claimed them as his own profits on an exchange speculation he made in the company's name. But a mere adverse claim, even though unjustified, is not conversion especially where it is openly asserted, as here. So long as these funds actually remained in the hands of other company officers than defendant, it cannot be said that he converted them, regardless of what claim he may have alleged. Defendant, indeed, claims that a considerable balance is still due him from the company and he seeks recovery thereof in a civil action which we had hoped to dispose of at the same time as this but which we have not been able to bring to trial. Doubtless the result of that action will show the real state of accounts between these parties.

But for the purposes of this proceeding we have assumed that the sum in question belongs to the company. The evidence, however, even that brought out by the prosecution itself—shows that the proceeds of the check now under discussion "remained with the company." Part of the cross-examination of the company accountant was as follows:

"Q Now these exchange profits had been realised at various times between February and June?
A Had been realised, yes.
Q And remained with the company?
A Yes."

Elsewhere (p. 100) the accountant testifies regarding the check in question, "I don't know who got the profits."

The 'cross-examination' of defendant by the company's counsel elicited the following:

"Q Now you say that in certain of these transactions the profits were paid in but you didn't get them?
A I didn't get them.
Q Excepting the Tls. 12,250.54 check and excepting the Tls. 1,333 check, they were paid into your account?
A Yes.
Q And you could draw against that account?
A I could.
Q And you did draw against that account?
A I did.
Q And before you left here you had drawn practically everything out of that account excepting the Tls. 12,000, which you pretend is a loan to the firm?
A I did not."

The examination continues as to other transactions in which we are not here interested but it seems clear from the foregoing that even at the time of the trial the proceeds of this check were still in the company's hands. Such being the case the charge of conversion—an essential ingredient of embezzlement—remains unproved. For in order to convert so as to constitute embezzlement the employe must have possession of the subject matter at the time.

The nearest approach to conversion in this whole transaction seems to have been the original drawing of the check. But defendant was not one of the drawers. True the accountant, who was, claims (p. 157) that he caused it to be prepared at defendant's request. The latter denies this and no memorandum of such request is produced. Moreover while defendant is interested, so is the accountant who was likewise involved in exchange speculations in the company's name (pp. 137, 167, 196). Indeed, the prosecution's counsel calls him "a confederate" of defendant. But whether or not the latter so requested, it is not claimed that he made any such request of the other drawer of the check. He, though working in the same establishment with defendant, never consulted the latter about the transaction but accepted the representations of the accountant who caused the check to be drawn and was engaged in the same sort of transactions with which defendant is charged.

Now this other drawer was the company's attorney in fact, and, later, its assistant treasurer (p. 138). His was one of the indispensible signatures on every negotiable instrument issued by the company unless defendant himself signed and as the latter did not sign this check the attorney knew that his signature was essential to its validity. Yet, without consulting anyone but the accountant he signed the check and made possible any diversion of the funds which followed. If this was not the company's own act, by its attorney, it certainly was not defendant's.

II

The information in Cause No. 1220 is in similar language except that the sum charged is Tls. 1,333.71. That was the amount of a check (Ex. E) drawn in favor of the complaining company by the Asia Banking Corporation and indorsed by the company's accountant and defendant. The check was handed the latter by the accountant and defendant (claims) that it was part of his expenses on a trip he was then about to make to New York under order of the company. On this point the accountant testified on cross examination:

"Q—Did Mr. Boulon go after you for money for his travel expenses, and didn't you tell him you were pretty hard pressed for money?

A—I may have told him that, yes.

Q—And then this profit came in of Tls. 1,333, you gave it to Mr. Boulon with a statement that he could take that as part of the money required for traveling expenses. That he had better take that profit?

A—I would not say I made that statement to him. There may have been a lot of conversation.

Q—He left, I believe, about July 5 and about July 2 you gave him a draft for Tls. 1,000, I believe, or $1,000 gold?

A—Yes.

Q—That was all the money you gave him for his traveling expenses?

A—I will have to refer to the accounts to see."

This witness had an opportunity to "refer to the accounts" and report, for he was recalled later; but he gave no additional testimony on the foregoing points and we find no contradiction elsewhere of defendant's claim regarding the use of this check. Now it is the testimony (p. 202) of the local company's vice-president that defendant "was called there (New York) to attend a conference of the heads of the various Gaston, Williams and Wigmore companies." Any money spent for that purpose was not for defendant's use but for company use and on the evidence before us we cannot find that the former embezzled it.

There is much discussion in the briefs of defendant's intent. It is charged that he caused the drawing and collection of the first check with a fraudulent purpose. We have already seen that one of the company's indispensible attorneys signed the check without consulting defendant. The latter denies that he even instructed the accountant to draw the check; the accountant is the only one who says that he did and that testimony (pp. 157, 158) is evasive as to whether defendant specified the payee. Defendant also denies that he sent the shroff to collect from the payee and the shroff says in reply to the question (p. 42, referring to the accused)

Q—"Did he first request you to go to Yea Kong Yung, or did he ask you to make the exchange yourself?

A—went to Yea Kong Yung myself."

Defendant also denies the charge that he prevented the entry, in the company's books, of the smaller check. On this points the accountant testifies:

"Q—Did Mr. Boulon tell you at this time not to make any entry of the Tls. 1,333?"

A—I could not make any entry of it from the fact of having delivered the check to him.

Q—You couldn't?

A—No, because it was not going through the company's books."

It will be seen that the accountant makes no claim of instructions from defendant not to enter this check.

These are some of the circumstances relied upon to show fraudulent intent. But if they are essential to conviction they must be proved beyond a reasonable doubt. Moreover, even if proved, fraudulent intent, unless carried out, is not punishable. There must be some overt act or acts which include all the ingredients of the offense. We cannot convict the defendant on the ground that he intended to embezzle from his employers.

The crime of embezzlement is purely statutory; there was no such offense at common law and the purpose of creating it was to supply technical deficiencies in the crime of larceny. Embezzlement is, therefore, an offense of narrow scope and technical definition and unless the statutory essentials are proved there can be no conviction thereof. We are unable to find that they have been in these cases and the accused must, therefore, be acquitted with costs de officio.

It is so ordered.

By the Court,
Charles. S. Lobingier.
Judge.

Boy Violinist Will Appear In Concert Here

Mischa Weisbrod

Mischa Weisbrod, a musical genius of thirteen years, is visiting in Shanghai en route to the United States. During his stay in Shanghai he will give a concert under the patronage of Signor Carpi, impressario.

After studying the violin at the Petrograd Conservatoire Mischa Weisbrod was soon recognised as a genius, and testimony of appreciation of his talent was given by the Bolshevists when about two years ago they gave him a special permit to leave the country.

The privations and the experiences suffered and survived on the long journey through Siberia were many.

The little fellow will entertain a Shanghai audience early in January and Signor Carpi, the impressario, is to be congratulated on having been able to persuade Mischa to stay here for a short time instead of proceeding direct to the States. Harbin gave him a hearty welcome. We are certain of a warm reception being accorded to the young Russian genius here.

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TONIGHT SATURDAY TONIGHT

25 CHRISTMAS DAY 25

DECEMBER 1920 Special Dinner and Dance DECEMBER 1920

WITH

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1920	DECEMBER	1920
Sun.	SPECIAL BOXING NIGHT DINNER	26
Mon.	BOXING DAY CELEBRATION DINNER AND DANCE	27

Xmas Day Dinner

MENU

Live Lobster Cocktail Queen and Ripe Olives—Salted Nuts
Celery en Branche

SOUP
Cream of Asparagus

FISH
Filet of Mandarin Saute Meuniere

ENTREES
Mignon of Beef Baronne
Quail on Toast

ROAST
Roast Stuffed Capon with York Ham
Saddle of Spring Lamb Mint Sauce

VEGETABLES
Asparagus au Parmesan
Cauliflour au Gratin
Sweet Potatoes Southern Style

SALAD
Fruit Salad

DESSERT
Home Made Mince Pie
Orange Soudoise
Cheese
Fresh Fruit Nuts and Raisins
Demi Tasse

TO OUR PATRONS

We wish you a Merry Christmas

Telephone: Central 1915 THE MANAGEMENT 25 Avenue Edouard VII

Japan And The Economic Reaction

(Japan Chronicle)

JAPAN is suffering to the full in the economic depression that has overtaken the world as a reaction from the wild speculation of the boom that came after the war. Though ten months' trade shows figures in excess of those of the corresponding months of 1919, the returns for October are only three-fifths those of October 1919, while the prospects are very gloomy. One interesting development has been the increased efficiency in cotton manufacture. The brokers managed to jockey the mills into reducing their output by 40 percent, and, as trade prospects improved the mill-owners naturally did their best. They put their worst machines out of commission, possibly got rid of their least useful hands, and altogether, though reductions in time and keeping of machinery idle would have diminished production by 40 percent if they had kept up the usual pace, the reduction was in fact much less. Their reward for this increase in efficiency was to be accused of a breach of faith, and the brokers want them to shoulder more and more burdens. The brokers, indeed, act as though they can starve the world's markets, but they will only end, if the mills allow themselves to be dominated by them, in losing all their export trade and making money by extortions on a starved home market. If that should be the climax it would be nothing surprising, for that is the logical conclusion of all protection schemes. The revival in the cotton trade has now died away, owing mainly to the Chinese and Indians not caring to pay twice as much as before simply because the price of silver has gone down and piecegoods are now accumulating while nobody buys them.

Imports ordered during the boom are still trickling in, though the flow has almost stopped now, and there are, both in imported goods, and home manufactures, large quantities of commodities for which there are no customers. Mr. Inouye, the Governor of the Bank of Japan, has lately been hinting at a grand dumping scheme, and the remarks by an official of the Finance Department lately quoted in our columns from the Yomiuri endorse him. Perishable goods and those which were imported speculatively in the hopes that they would rise still further and make a re-export profitable, would be best got rid of even at a sacrifice, but there seems to be no particular reason why the Banks should assist the speculators. It is bad enough that they should have squandered their money so rashly, but it would be still worse to tax the whole nation for their losses. It has already been complained, some two or three months ago, that the Government had spent Y.200,000,000 in saving various unstable firms from bankruptcy, and that for any good it has done the money might as well have been thrown in the sea. There seems to be an idea in Japan, however, that nobody must be allowed to go bankrupt if it can possibly be prevented. There is, nothing really more "national" in the proposed dumping scheme than that. It is argued, of course, that this is a crisis, and that everything depends on retaining customers abroad who have been secured during the war. There may be instances where a firm would be so badly hit by a forced sale of present stocks that it would not be in a position to improve its methods, but speaking generally, it is the very high cost of production which handicaps Japan on foreign markets. There are many factories where the wage bill holds a higher ratio to the outturn than is the case in Europe and America, and while this continues, there is very little chance of retaining markets on which a footing was secured during times of abnormal demand. As we have just seen in the case of the spinning mills there are large possibilities of improving efficiency and increasing output with the same appliances and staff, and this is freely advocated, though seldom practised. But while some of the Government authorities are encouraging a policy which can only succeed if the cost of output is simultaneously reduced, there are others who are doing their utmost to increase the cost of production. The endeavours to force up the price of rice amount almost to a conspiracy. There is an abundant harvest this year, so there is no question of shortage, but every holder of rice is being drilled into the idea that he must not sell under a certain fixed price. The agricultural associations put the cost of growing rice at Y.40 per koku, and presumably want the handling, and retailing charges added to that before the consumer gets his food. The excuse is that the greater part of the population is agricultural, so the farming industry comes first in the claim for its interests to be considered. They do not seem to consider that that argument cuts both ways, and that, though it may cost so much to produce rice, they only sell the surplus after satisfying their own needs, and the largeness of the proportion of the farming community tends rather to make the price of less moment to them than more. But the price of rice has for ages been a source of acute disagreement in Japan. The figure at which the producing cost is now estimated is ridiculous and were it acted upon in fixing prices that alone would kill Japan's export trade by increasing the costs of production, for wages would have to be raised in order to enable the work-people to live.

The reconciliation of all these conflicting interests is an almost hopeless task. The Government's plan for national rice warehouses is an interesting one, and its development will be watched with attention. Ordinarily, of course it is best in the matter of foodstuffs, to let the supply be regulated by the demand. This keeps things on a reasonable level, the balance of a few acres more or less just maintaining the price at which it is profitable to cultivate. The whole tendency in these disturbed days is to form vast amalgamations for the control of violent trade reactions, and these amalgamations are all in the direction of reducing production, at a time when the world needs more goods of all kinds. Thus in the United States we hear of an agreement on the part of the Southern farmers to reduce the cotton acreage by half in order to force up prices, never mind who goes unclothed or what industries are handicapped by lack of cotton. Similarly in Japan the agriculturists are threatening to reduce production by half in order to force up the price of rice. It would take a reduction by very much less than half in order to produce famine in the cities and disturbances which might shake the Empire.

It is not surprising that the Government should be perplexed between the need for satisfying the most powerful (and the most useful) class in the country and that for feeding the town populaces and keeping alive the trades by which they live. The argument is sometimes advanced that it is no use producing when it is impossible to sell. That may be true of certain "luxury," or at least far from necessary, goods, but regarding the great bulk of products the world needs very much more than there are available, notwithstanding the existence of congested warehouses and the lack of buyers. The suggestion has been made in England that barter be reintroduced, but to make barter a manageable method on the modern scale of doing business, some standard must be introduced, and counters representing that scale would be, in effect, a new currency. The only thing that would prevent this fluctuating like the present currencies would be the idea, which is a necessary corollary, that all prices must be fixed. In fact we come down at last to some form of Socialism—not necessarily a form of greater individual liberty—indeed, in all probability, a state in which liberty is more and more curtailed, but one in which the State is buyer, seller, and regulator and owner of nearly everything. This tendency is particularly marked in Japan, what with the banks being urged to amalgamate, to the end that the State bank should be better able to regulate them, the projects for saving all and sundry from bankruptcy, the direct Government action in controlling output and price of silk (the greatest industry), the proposed control of grain and acreage of crops, and many more things. These remedies are properly medicines for a sick time but they will bring about a condition that will last a long time and perhaps change the face of society and human relations.

Lady Gedd:s And Her Children

Every precaution was taken by the State Department to see that Lady Geddes, wife of Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, was not subjected to any annoyance by anti-British placards and Irish picketers when she and her five children arrived in New York. A coastguard cutter met the Mauretania at Quarantine and took off Lady Geddes and her party. They left for Washington on a special train. The children are Ross, thirteen; Alexander, eleven; Margaret, seven; John, five, and David, aged three.

TO LOOK WELL AND FEEL WELL

daily regularity is essential. Constipation is the root cause of disordered liver, sick headaches billiousness, foul breath, pimples and a host of other ills.

PINKETTES

dispel constipation and promote regularity, they do not gripe or purge, but act as gently as nature.

Chemists sell them, also at 60 cents the vial, post free, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

See
"The Great Radium Mystery"
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Monday Night

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With a deep sense of Gratitude for your Patronage in the Past, we are,
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XMAS

Wishing All Our Customers

1920

A BRIGHT and MERRY CHRISTMAS

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It isn't too cold for the **SILK** that we want to sell to you, if you also wear the **FURS** with which we can supply you. Buy your **NEW YEAR GIFTS** from us. We offer you the finest selection in Shanghai of

SILKS SATINS, PONGEES, CREPES, GAUZES and GOLD & SILVER BROCADE

XMAS

LAOU KIU CHWANG

P 128 NANKING ROAD

1920

D'ANNUNZIO IS SEIZING LANDS

Also Announces That His Troops Will March On Spalato—His Fleet Sets Sail

Milan, Nov. 14.—The historic peace treaty between Italy and Jugo-Slavia, which was signed by candlelight toward Friday midnight at the Villa Spinola in Rapallo, evokes almost unanimous expression of intensive satisfaction among all classes of people. Almost unanimous, I say, for a small but noisy group of nationalists and imperialists remain unappeased. Their organs, the Idea Nationale of Rome and the Milan Popolo d'Italia, utter sinister warnings that the last word has not yet been spoken, and as I write serious news is beginning to pour in in reply to the universal query: "What will d'Annunzio and his confederates do now?"

The Italian special correspondents wire from Fiume that at the very hour when Premiers Giolitti and Vesnitch were signing the solemn treaty, the dictator of Fiume summoned the population to the square fronting the commander's palace and announced that the next dawn his legionaries would seize the Islands of Arbe and Vegalia in the Quarnero Gulf, while by Sunday his volunteers would have disembarked for the march on Spalato and beyond.

Not only were these island seized but while a battalion of bersaglieri under d'Annunzio's orders captured Mount Luban, east of Fiume, his legionaries advanced toward Castua and occupied all the villages in the crescent assigned to Jugo-Slavia with the sole exception of Podgrec, where a patrol was forced to retire in the face of heavy resistance. The Jugo-Slav suburb of Sussak, across the river from Fiume, also is under occupation, and an invading column has wrenched down the ensigns.

At d'Annunzio's behest a powerful fleet of war vessels, headed by the battleship Dante Alighieri, weighed anchor yesterday and steamed from the Gulf of Quarnero for its unknown destination.

Signor Sechi, Italian Minister of Marine, reassured the Rome Chamber last night that Admiral Millo's loyalty to the crown might be relied upon and indeed it would seem incredible that Giolitti, who lately called him for an urgent conference in Rome, would have consented to his return to the provisional governorship in Dalmatia had not explicit pledges been forthcoming in that sense. The Fiume correspondents nevertheless cable that d'Annunzio and Millo are about to meet to renew the fact they sealed last year while a leading article in the usually well informed Sorriere della Sera betrays considerable anxiety on the subject.

The provisional government at Fiume has published a proclamation declaring the Rapallo treaty is absolutely unacceptable. It states the regency of the Quarnero was established simply as a preliminary step toward annexation by Italy, that the eastern frontier line must extend to Bitorai, then right down to the shoal of St. Mark, that the lower course of the River Regina cannot form the Fiume boundary because in that case the sources of the city light and water power would remain in Jugo-Slav territory and that since it refuses any neighborliness with the Jugo-Slavs it will not tolerate their hold upon Tersatan and Sussak.

This morning's press manifests sharp irritation at Dictator d'Annunzio's fantastic recklessness. The only two points in the Pact of London which Italy has ceded, it is pointed out, are in regard to Castua and Sebenico, the former district being yielded because, as things are, Italy is already incorporating nearly half a million Slavs, whereas Sebanico is the price of Fiume's salvation from Croatia, whose natural right Baron Sonnino had recognised in the original London treaty. But d'Annunzio wants the whole of Dalmatia and much more that saner Italians never dreamed of claiming.

Even Baron Sonnino's partisans have applauded the Rapallo settlement and the Socialist Parliamentary members plainly intimated in the Chamber today that no disastrous military adventure or dictatorship would be tolerated by the Italian proletariat.

Horne Says Soviet Trade Is Checked By Propagandists

(Reuter's Service)

London, Dec. 22.—In the House of Commons, Sir Robert Horne, President of the Board of Trade, explained that the real obstacle to the signing of a trade agreement with the Soviet Government was the latter's reluctance specifically to undertake to discontinue its inimical propaganda in Persia, Afghanistan and India.

He pointed out that this propaganda was avowedly directed toward the overthrow of British interests, and no agreement could be signed until the required undertaking was given.

If negotiations failed, however, the British trader would still be free to trade in Russia at his own risk.

He believed and hoped that an agreement would be signed because its provisions were likely to bring about peace conditions, under which alone the prosperity of trade could really be obtained.

Sir Robert discountenanced the idea that many commodities could be exported from Russia.

Former President Seeks Senate Seat

(French Wireless)

Paris, Dec. 23.—M. Paul Deschanel has addressed a letter to the Senatorial Delegates of the Department of Eure-et-Loire, offering himself as candidate for the election to be held on January 9.

See
"The Great Radium Mystery"
at the Isis Theatre
Monday Night

Attacks On Crown Forces In Ireland On Increase, Report

(Reuter's Service)

London, Dec. 23.—A review of conditions in Ireland, issued by Dublin Castle, states that during the week ending December 20 there was a marked increase in the number of organised armed attacks upon the forces of the Crown. Seven policemen and two soldiers were killed, and six policemen and 10 soldiers wounded during the week. Over 800 persons were interned at Bundrum Bay Camp.

Russian Police At Harbin May Strike

(Staff Wire To THE CHINA PRESS)

Peking, Dec. 23.—The Russian oPlice in Harbin have threatened a general strike on account of the non-payment of their salaries by the Chinese authorities. Grave consequences are feared.

Blizzard Is Raging In Middle West

(Reuter's Service)

Denver, December 22.—Telegraph communication across the Continent was interrupted early today by a blizzard, which is reported to be raging in Western Nebraska. The intense cold-wave has been responsible for many wires being down between Denver and Southern Colorado, according to telegraph officials.

Cotton Factories In U.S. Close Down

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Dec. 23.—The Times states that eleven out of the 39 cotton mills at Fall River, Massachusetts, have closed. Factories of all kinds in the New England and Eastern states are either closing or making drastic reductions in wages. Apparently the policy of the employers is to force the conditions of production back to normal.

Drastic Reforms In Auto Laws Urged

Grand Jury Asks 2,500 More Traffic Police And $5,000 Bond For Truck Drivers

New York, Nov. 18.—Sweeping reforms in automobile laws were urged yesterday by the August additional Grand Jury in General sessions before Judge John F. McIntyre. The report followed a three months' investigation. Some of the changes urged are:

Addition to the police force of 2,500 men—1,000 for traffic, 1,250 for the motorcycle squads.

Creation of an officer to be vested with complete power to handle motor vehicle matters, either Third Deputy Secretary of State or a new officer to be known as Public Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.

License for all drivers in New York State. Only drivers in Greater New York, 31 percent of the whole, are now required to have drivers' licenses.

A law to punish drivers who injure but do not kill.

A bond of $5,000 to be required of all commercial drivers.

That the law calling for punishment on those who run from a scene of an accident in which persons have been injured or killed be changed so that the punishment would be for a misdemeanor instead of felony, as at present.

Regulation of motor truck regulations so that trucks will move at a slower speed than passenger cars.

Age of license for hackmen to be raised from eighteen to twenty-one.

Recommendations for the enlargement of the Traffic Court, with addition of magistrates in addition to Magistrate House; this court would handle all traffic matters.

The jury also recommended a commission be created on State law to consist of three or more members who would be non-partisan—a lawyer, a business man and a banker.

The Grand Jury expressed thanks to Assistant District Attorney Ryttenberg.

PETROL PRICE CUT

(Reuter's Service)

London, December 23.—The price of petrol in Great Britain will be reduced by sevenpence a gallon as from January 1.

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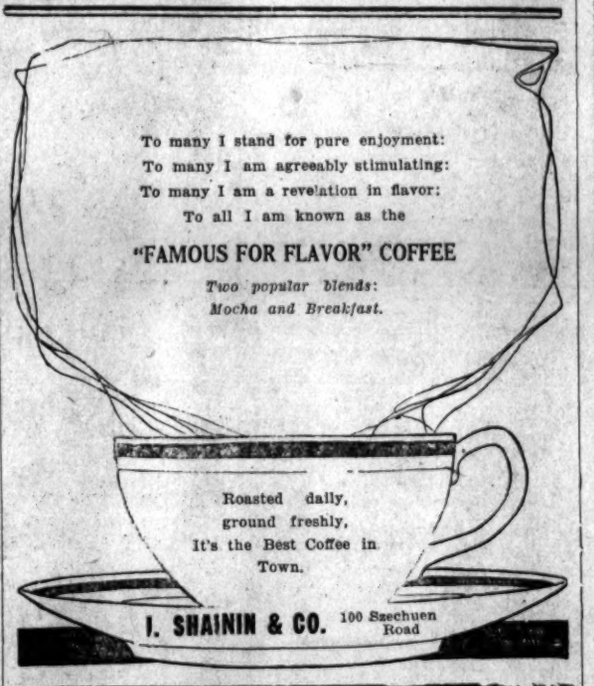

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SENIOR SECTION

FIRST PRIZE

Tom's Last Christmas Present

By CECILE MOTTU (age 14)

Tom stood at the window gazing dreamily at the setting sun, until it slowly disappeared behind the horizon. He was thinking of Christmas—the birth of Christ. Christmas—that word thrilled him as it had never done before, for he was thinking of a little life—an innocent life that lay battling with death.

His eyes traveled over the beautiful terraced garden with its glowing flower beds, the handsome house and its beautiful furniture—all this belonged to the young watcher at the window; he was master of it all, and he was a sickly cripple and an unloved orphan.

Tom Fitzgerald's mother, a gentle Chinese lady, had died when he was born. She has never known that the little son so lovingly welcomed was doomed to lameness from his birth. When Mr. Fitzgerald found that his son could never be as other children all his love and tenderness went out toward the child.

But when Tom was about eight years old Mr. Fitzgerald brought home to the handsome house a new wife to be its mistress. She was a pretty, lively young Englishwoman very proud and fond of her handsome husband.

Probably at first she had thought it would be easy to love and pet the little cripple, but when her own child was born jealousy gripped her heart and she would often say to herself that it was hard indeed that the crippled Eurasian would by-and-by inherit all these beautiful things, while her own beautiful son would only have but a protion.

But between the brothers—Tom, and the bonny, healthy, fair baby-boy Richard, there existed a love that nothing could alter or spoil. What did it matter to little Richard, that Tom with his thin pale face, where there was no beauty except for a pair of wide brown eyes, which seemed to be asking you for pity and love and his shrunken figure, was heir to all around him?

One bright day, when Tom was twelve years old and Richard five, Mr. Fitzgerald died suddenly from illness. He was missed and greatly mourned by the prominent men of China, for they knew and understood the great part he had taken to help its progress. But no one missed him as did his son Tom. Now that he was gone who was there to love and cheer him? No one—except little Richard.

Tonight, when Tom passed his little brother's room, his longing to be near him where the little life was battling with death overcome his obedience and he slipped noiselessly across the room until he was beside the little bed. Then clasping his hands he prayed to God that his life—his unloved life—might be taken away in place of that dear little one. He had done this many times these last few weeks, but he did not know how soon the prayer was to be answered.

"Oh, Tom!" said a weak voice. "I'm so glad you're come! I'm so hot!"

Without a thought of anything but that dearest little brother he knelt down suddenly and put his lips to Richard's and the two brothers kissed each other with a long, long kiss.

When the nurse came in she found them in each other's arms, and in great anxiety sent Tom from the room, for it was scarlet fever that Richard had. But it was too late. Death, as well as love had been in that kiss.

And so it came to pass, that when Richard was once more healthy and strong, his brother lay dying, quite happy and content, with no thought of the beautiful house and gardens he was leaving behind for the Eternal Home.

It was a cold snowy day, Christmas Eve, when the end came. All day he had lain quiet and still, dying as silently as he had lived, but always there was a sweet, peaceful smile on his face for he knew he was receiving his Christmas present and tomorrow he would be in heaven to spend the Christmas with his father and mother.

Tom put out a feeble hand, and laying it on Richard's curly head, whispered faintly.

"Good-by, Richard. I have received a beautiful Christmas present from our Father and tomorrow I shall be spending a happy Christmas, a nicer one than I have ever spent."

Once more the brothers lips met in a last, long kiss then Tom's arms relaxed and his tired eyes closed to open no more in this world.

Although every one missed the silent Eurasian boy, now that he was gone, all those who saw his death could smile and say that it was the kindest and most beautiful act dealt him.

The Christmas day for Richard was a happy one, for though he missed Tom more than any one else, he never thought of Tom as dead, but living with his father and mother in another beautiful house.

Elizabeth De Pas Mangel, Huchow, Chekiang.

Top to bottom, Cecile Mottu, May E. Boyes, Fanny Zellensky, and Harriette Rose

Orene Richardson, NanKing

SECOND PRIZE

The Heavenly Christmas Tree

By MAY E. BOYES, (age 14)

It was Christmas Day and everywhere the shops were decorated and people were very happy, but in a dark, cold little room there was a poor Russian refugee, six years old. To him Christmas meant nothing more than any other day. This poor little boy woke up on Christmas morning shivering with cold. He was dressed in a ragged suit; there was a cloud of white steam from his breath, and sitting on a box in the corner, he blew the steam out of his mouth, and amused himself watching it float away.

Several times that morning he went up to the plank bed where his sick mother was lying on a mattress of straw, with a bundle of rags under her head for a pillow.

She had come from a small village near Petrograd with her boy, as she had heard that living was cheaper in Shanghai, but when they had arrived they could not find any room, and besides the cost was beyond them, so they had to take a cold, dark room in a dirty Chinese tenement house in an alleyway, already occupied by an old Russian woman, and now that all their money had gone the little boy's mother had not had any food for some time, and although she knew she was dying, her son did not.

In another corner of the room a poor old woman of eighty, who had once been a children's nurse but was now left to die friendless, was moaning and groaning with rheumatism, scolding and grumbling at the boy so that he was afraid to go near her corner. He had got a drink of water, but could not find a crust of bread anywhere. His mother was very quiet, and when he went up to her and touched her face, he was surprised to find that she did not move, and that she was as cold as ice. He stood a little while watching her, then he breathed on his fingers to warm them, and then quietly putting on his ragged cap, he went out of the room. He would have gone earlier, but was afraid of a big wonk which had been howling outside in the alleyway. But the dog was not there now, so he went out into the street.

He had never seen such a town before. The place where he had come from, there was only one lamp for the whole street, and the people shut themselves up in their houses, and there was nothing but the howling of packs of dogs all night. But here, oh, what a noise and rattle! What people, horses and carriages, motorcars and tramcars! But oh, how cold it was, and everybody pushed so, and—oh, dear, how he longed for some morsel to eat, and how wretched he suddenly felt.

Here was another street—oh, what a wide one, here he would be run over for certain; how the Chinese pushed and rushed about, and the noise, the noise!

But what was this? A window, and through the window he saw a tree reaching to the ceiling; it was a fir tree, and on it were ever so many good things, and it was all lighted up; there were children running about the room laughing and playing. And then the girls began dancing, and he could hear the music through the window, and it sounded very beautiful to him. The boy looked and wondered and laughed, though his toes were aching with the cold and his fingers were red and so stiff that it hurt him to move them. And all at once he remembered how his toes and fingers hurt, and he began crying, and ran on; and again through another window-pane he saw another Christmas tree, and on a table there were cakes of all kinds, and three grand young ladies were sitting there, and they gave the cakes to any one who went up to them, and the door kept opening, and he saw lots of gentlemen and ladies going in from the street.

The little boy crept up, suddenly opened the door and went in. But they told him to go away! One kind old lady went up to him hurriedly and slipped a dollar into his hand and told the Chinese boy to take him away, so he was pushed out into the street and the door was shut in his face. He was so frightened, and the dollar slipped out of his hand and rolled into a gutter; he could not bend his red fingers to hold it tight. He ran away, and went on, where he did not know. He wanted to cry because he felt so lonely and miserable. After some time he stopped to look at a window which a crowd of Chinese were admiring, he crept up closer to see what was in the window, and he saw three life sized dolls dressed in green and red, and they looked exactly as if they were alive. One was a little old man sitting and playing a big violin, the two others were standing close by nodding their heads, and their lips moved just as though they were singing. At first the boy thought they were alive, and when he grasped that they were dolls he laughed. He had never seen such dolls before, and he felt amused.

All at once he fancied that some one was pulling his ragged coat and he turned around. A Chinese boy seeing he was alone, pulled off the little boy's cap to tease him and then pushed him down, but he jumped up and ran away. He ran, and not knowing where he was going, ran in some one's back-yard, and sat down behind a stack of wood: "They won't find me here; besides it's dark!"

He sat huddled up and was breathless from fright, and all at once, he felt so happy; his hands and feet grew suddenly so warm and left off aching, and it was as warm as though he was sitting before a fire; then he shivered all over, then he gave a start, "Why, I must have been asleep, I'll sit a little longer, and then go and look at those dolls again," and he smiled when he thought of them. Suddenly he heard his mother singing over him. "Mammy, I am asleep; how nice it is to sleep here!"

"Come to my Christmas tree, little one," a soft voice suddenly whispered over his head.

And, oh, what he saw then! A beautiful Christmas tree, and yet it was not a fir tree but it was all bright and shiny, and little boys and girls came flying round him, took him and carried him along with them, and he was flying himself, and he saw that his mother was looking at him and laughing joyfully. "Mammy, Mammy; oh, how nice it is here!" And again he kissed the children and wanted to tell them at once of those dolls in the shop window. "Who are you boys? Who are you, girls?" he asked laughing joyfully.

"This is Christ's Christmas tree," they answered. "Christ always has a Christmas tree on this day, for the little children who have no tree of their own. . ." And he found out that all these little boys and girls were children just like himself; that some had died of cold and some of hunger. And those who had their mothers with them, kissed them and wiped away their tears, and begged them not to cry, because they were so happy.

And down below in the morning the servants found the little dead body of the frozen child on the woodstack; they sought out his mother too. . . . She had died before him. They met before God in heaven.

THIRD PRIZE

The Fairy Doll

BY FANNY ZELLENSKY (Age 14)

"It will be Christmas for other happy children but not for me," thought little Mabel as she wistfully gazed into the wonderful shop windows of Nanking Road. What a splendid Christmas tree stood there in the corner. Toys and different colored candles hung on every branch. As she looked up she saw a dainty fairy doll clothed in a pink dress with little silver beads, attached to the top branch. On her golden hair was fixed a star, and in her hand she held a magic wand.

Mabel turned her tearful eyes from that glorious sight, and sighing sadly walked away. She passed many other shop windows, with their tiny cupids, lovely games, brilliant colored toys, and all sorts of dolls.

Slowly she walked the length of the bund and in the distance could be seen the brightly glimmering lights of Pootung. Presently she came to a dark street at the end of which stood a lonely little house. She went to the room where her mother lay ill, for want of nourishment, and gently kissing her, she lay down on her own bed. Sobbing softly she fell asleep.

Suddenly she saw a fairy bathed in light approaching her. With a start she recognised her. It was the same fairy she had seen in the shop window!

"Why do you cry, little girl? You must be happy for tomorrow is Christmas," she said.

"How can I be happy" replied the little girl. "We are so poor, and mother is very ill. All the children will have such pretty dolls, and nice presents, but I won't have any," she sobbed bitterly.

"You must not cry, my child, for there are other children in China, who are worse off than you. Have you heard of the poor children in the North who are starving? Come with me and I will show them to you."

"But how can I? I can't leave my mother behind."

"We will not take long, and when we return we will bring food to your mother and I will ask Santa for some presents for you."

The fairy waved her wand over Mabel's head and soon she felt something growing out of her back. On turning round she beheld a growing pair of wings of wonderful transparency.

Below them could be seen the glare of the lights of Shanghai. The bustling noise of the busy city could be heard growing fainter and fainter as they ascended. Swiftly they sped along the broad band of the Whangpoo glimmering like a silver ribbon in the pale wintry moon. Soon she could hear the whisperings of waves—it was the sea! To the left the fairy turned, Mabel following. The further they flew the colder it became, and huge while patches of snow could be seen lying on the ground.

The sky had changed from its deep purple to a greyer hue, and in the distance a golden streak of light cut through the sombre grey.

Lighter and lighter it became until soon the pale sun shone on what seemed a drab and deserted land, with here and there a few leafless trees standing grim and gaunt amidst that vast scene of desolution.

They hovered round for a short time, then alighted. The wind blew and howled in gusty fits and Mabel snuggled up closer to the fairy. Snow fell at times and the cold was piercing. The fairy led

(Continued on Page 10)

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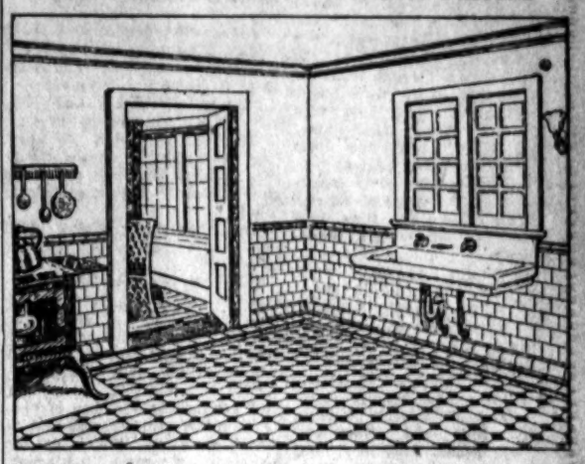

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Here Are The Winning Xmas Stories

(Continued from Page 9)

the way and pointed out things of interest. In a little time they came upon a village which was no more than a small cluster of low and dirty huts. The straggly, unpaved pathway which took the place of a street, was in a filthy condition, as all garbage which could not be eaten was thrown there. A strange wailing sound reached their ears and upon looking closer, they discovered a few children lying neglected on the cold flag-stones. It was a terrible sight to see; their faces were drawn, pinched, and blue with the cold. Their cheek-bones formed large ridges and their ribs could be seen almost protruding from under their parchment-like skin. When Mabel and the fairy came up to them they tried to rise but owing to weakness they were unable to do so.

They passed on toward some of the houses and entered one of them. All the furniture had been used for firewood, and what remained of the family was seated huddled near the dying embers of a fire. The mother sat on the cold earthen floor looking ahead of her and desperately holding a tiny dead child. Now and again she would look at it, not believing that it was dead. Then suddenly on realising that it was true she began to wail and to rock to and fro. The father of the family had long ago become delirious and was babbling something in a dark corner of the hut. A few children, their teeth chattering and their lips blue with cold lay as close as they could to the fire which had now been reduced to a few glowing embers. Mabel shuddered. The fairy perceiving this led her out of the hut.

Soon from round the corner of one of the huts they could hear voices feebly raised in speech. Upon turning the corner they beheld a man thin and weary bending under the weight of two baskets, with a child in each, slung across his shoulders by means of a pole. He was talking to a man who showed signs of comparative prosperity and who held several coins in his hand. Mabel and the fairy were not seen by the couple, who soon exchanged the children and the money changed hands.

Mabel was horrified at this and turned away. Along their route lay many suffering men, women, and children grouped together as closely as possible. Sounds of voices talking in a familiar language came to their ears and they hastened forward to see who it might be that spoke their language in that God-forsaken land. With a joyful cry Mabel ran forward to where a few foreign ladies and a priest wrapped in furs were distributing rice and money to a host of starving Chinese.

Those which needed were taken to the Mission to be cared for. Mabel had seen enough and wished to go home to her mother.

"Let us go back," she said. "Mother will be waiting for me."

"Now, Mabel," said the fairy, "are you not better off than these poor Chinese boys and girls who have no Santa Claus to give them toys?"

"Yes," answered Mabel, "You are right. I am not so badly off after all."

The fairy then rose into the air with the little girl by her side. They flew swiftly on, and soon reached home. The fairy then touched Mabel with her wand, said "good-bye" and vanished.

"Wake up, Mabel, wake up," said her mother who had managed to reach her bed side and to tap her gently. "Look at the lovely presents some kind people have brought you and me."

Quickly she jumped out of bed and there heaped on her mother's bed lay some toys. With a delighted little scream she ran to them, and there in her pink dress and shining star, lay the face of her dream.

JUNIOR SECTION

FIRST PRIZE

Santa Claus's Mistake

By ELIZABETH DE P. MANGET
(age 10)

When Santa Claus awoke it was snowing so hard that he did not know where he was. He thought that it was queer that he had gone to sleep in his sled and left the reindeer to find the way. Then he suddenly remembered that he was up so late the night before getting ready for his trip. Then he said to himself. "But how could I have gotten into this strange place?"

In a few minutes his question was answered. The reindeer had gone the wrong way. Any way it was not the time to think, so he jumped out of his sled and ran across the road. Suddenly he bumped into a wall, which knocked him down. When he got up he said, "I must be more careful after this." Then he carefully climbed up the wall and found himself on a roof, which he had not expected.

As soon as he got on the roof there was a loud crackling sound. He stood still in surprise, for the noise was not the sound of tin crackling but the sound of tiles breaking. He climbed down some thing that he thought was a chimney. He was surprised to find that it ended on a table with holes in it, and the holes had wooden covers. He thought that it was a queer stove. He jumped off of the table on to the floor.

He than began to hunt for the bedrooms. On his way out of the room he stepped into a hole in the floor. The hole was a place dug out in the dirt floor.

Finally he got into the bedroom. He though that it would be better if he lighted a candle so that he could find the stockings easily. He was used to doing this in the dark but things seemed to be so different! He could not find a single candle though he hunted all over the room. Then he began to hunt for the stockings in the dark. But he could not find them. So he decided to put the presents at the bottom of the bed. He took the toys out of his pack and stooped to put them on the bed, but he seemed to go down, down, down, for the bed was on the floor. Then he carefully put the toys at the bottom of the bed. He then tiptoed out of the room, and got on the table with holes in it, and crept back up the chimney on to the roof.

After he had gotten off of the roof and into his sled, he said to his reindeer, "I had a awful time in that house! I never saw one like it! The world certainly has changed since last year. I guess it must have been the war. We will have to hurry if we want to get through before the children wake up." With that he and his reindeer were soon out of sight.

As Santa Claus was riding along he suddenly saw why things were so strange. Then he turned his sled to the east and said to his reindeer, "we will have to hurry as we have never hurried before if we want to get to America before the Christmas Sun."

When Lu Chong and his little sister Mei Chong awoke the next morning they were very surprised and happy to find the presents Santa Claus had left them by mistake.

SECOND PRIZE

A Christmas Adventure

By ORENE RICHARDSON
(age 10)

This story is about two little children who lived in the middle of China. These children had heard the story of Santa Claus before so they thought that they would stay up this Christmas Eve and watch for Santa Claus and ask him where he got his toys.

They told their mother this but she told them that if they went to sleep sooner that Santa Claus would come earlier. The children did not believe this so they planned to take turn about watching for him. The children's names were Virginia and John. John told Virginia to watch first so she did. After she had watched for a while she called to John to watch. She told him that she was sleepy. But she received no answer.

She was so proud because she could stay awake longer than John could but she found her self asleep. After a little she found herself with her brother John in the North of China with snow and ice all around her. They walked around for a while and soon they came to a high wall of ice. They wished that they could go in, and suddenly the wall opened. They saw a beautiful garden inside of this place so they walked in. They stood still for a while looking about them. Finally they saw a farmer coming toward them. He was dressed in a bright red coat and cap which were trimmed with ermine. They knew him at once. For a while he did not see them. But after a little when he looked up he saw them and said, "How did you get here?" "We do not know," they replied. "Will you let us help you?" they asked. "Yes," he said, "Now is my busy time, I will like you to help me get all my thinks packed."

He told John to get one of the red bags that were over in that house and go down to that end of the garden to pull some turnips. John did as he was told and was soon off. But when he got to the turnip patch he found that they were not turnips but that they were tops of all kinds. He got a bag of these and when he looked up he saw a tree with some berries growing on it. He thought that these berries were cherries but he found that they were marbles. While he was doing this Virginia was helping Mrs. Claus dress some dolls and she helped her to furnish the doll houses. After a little time Mr. Santa Claus and John came in from outside. They had to test all the engines. After they had finished the clock struck twelve. When Santa Claus heard this he put on his coat and put all his toys in his sled and picked up John and Virginia and started off.

The next thing that the children knew was their mother calling "Merry, Merry Christmas. Wake up you sleepy heads."

THIRD PRIZE

How Christmas Came To The Little Russians

By HARRIETTE ROSE, (age 12)

"I wish I did not have to wear these old rags," said Sonia to her younger brother Peter. "As for me," said Peter, "I'd rather have a turkey or plum pudding than pretty clothes." Peter a little boy of six and his sister Sonia who was four years older than he was were little Russian children who had come to Shanghai as refugees with their father and mother. The father had no work and was ill and the mother had to look after him, so they had to live in a Chinese house and have no Christmas.

Christmas eve came and they were looking out of the door watching the busy people walking back and forth who did not notice them, when they heard the tinkling of sleigh bells and the noise of the horses hoofs on the hard ground; a carriage appeared around a corner and in it Father Christmas. The man in the carriage was Captain Jones, an American who had been in the war and had worked in the Red Cross in Russia and spoke the language fluently. He was just going through Shanghai on his way to Manila on business; tonight he was taking some presents to his nephew and niece, Mary and John Perkins, who were very rich and lived in a big house on Ave. Joffre. Mary was 13 and her brother 11. They did not believe in Father Christmas but still it was fun to have their uncle dress as him and and bring them toys.

As he went past the little Chinese house where Sonia and Peter lived he heard two voices call out, "Oh Father Christmas! Father Christmas! Please don't forget us! Please don't leave us out."

He stopped his horse to listen; just then Sonia and Peter ran up to him "Oh! Father Christmas we are so glad you did not forget us" said Sonia happily, "We were so afraid that you would because father is ill."

"Please let us see what is in your bag" cried Peter excitedly, "Did you bring that engine I wanted so badly"

By this time they had walked into the dirty little hut and Captain Jones took out the presents from his bag and handed them to the children. Sonia received a beautiful big doll, a tea set, a doll's stove, a string of beads and many other useful things. Peter received a steam boat, a pencil box and many others. "How nice to see you Father Christmas," said Sonia as soon as she could get the words out of her mouth. "I have seen you in pictures lots of time but never so near to before." At that moment Captain Jones pulled a beautiful red engine out of his bag at the sight of which Peter cried delightedly, "Here it is! Here it is! the very one I saw in the shop window. Oh thank you, thank you Father Christmas."

"I must go now," said Captain Jones after he had given them all there was in the bag besides a round silver dollar to each. "Good bye; we wish you did not have to go so early," cried Sonia and Peter together. "Thank you for the lovely presents."

Captain Jones' got into his carriage and cracked his whip. "Don't forget to come again next Christmas," they called after him. But he was already out of sight and so did not hear them.

In the meanwhile Mary and John Perkins were sitting around their Christmas tree waiting for their uncle. "I wish Uncle Tom Jones would hurry up and come," said John impatiently. "I hope he brought that engine I asked him for," for he also wanted the engine.

"He will soon be here, so don't worry," Mary replied. "You have plenty of things to amuse yourself with until he comes."

Just then the door opened and in came Captain Jones with a smiling face but with no sack of presents. "What has happened to the sack?" asked John. "Did you forget it? Did you bring my engine?"

"Well it is a long story," said their Uncle. "So let's gather around the fire and then I will tell it." They did not have to be told twice but were both busy getting chairs to put around the fire for they were fond of stories.

He told them the story just as I have told it to you and after it was ended Mary said sleepily, "Well I'm glad they had a happy Christmas and I'm sure we did not want the toys." "Same here," said John yawning, "and I don't think I really care if I don't have that engine."

PRINCE'S PLATE SPOONS & FORKS

The Canteen illustrated is completely fitted for 12 persons with "Prince's Plate" Spoons and Forks (Plain Pattern) and "Trustworthy" Cutlery.

£40

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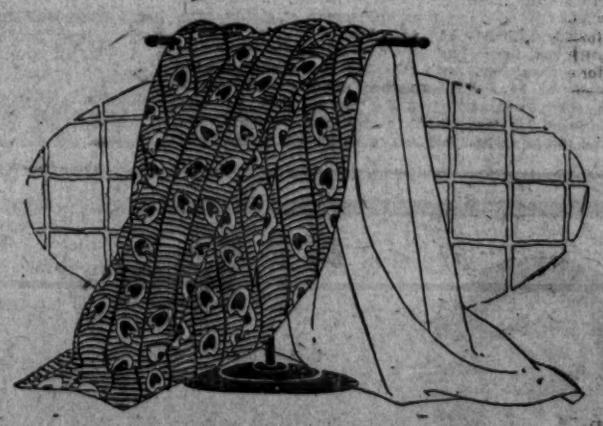

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD., SHANGHAI

GOOD NEWS FOR YOUR NEW YEAR PARTIES

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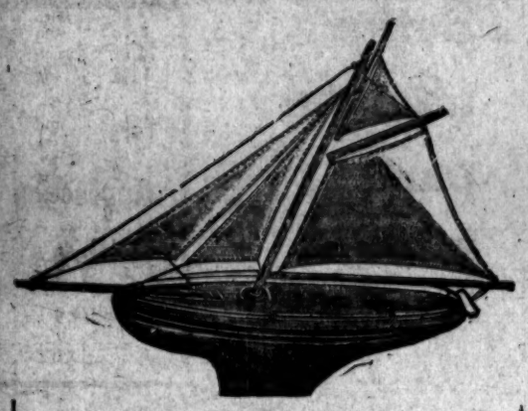
FOR ONE WEEK
ALL LESS
TOYS 20%



TOY YACHTS

Strongly made, prettily painted. In two qualities No. 114 Length 6¾ inches. Price for one week only **70** cts. No 223 Length 8½ inches. Price for one week only **80** cts.

The "Boys' Own"

Containing everything necessary for playing the following games: Ludo, Word Making and Taking, Sentences, Names and Surnames, the Hidden Word, the Alphabet and Finding and Keeping. Complete in box with instructions.

Price this week only **$1.20**

The "Family Circle" Compendium Of Games

Containing an assortment of games including Ludo, Parlour Race Game, Tiddley Winks, cts.

Price this week only **$3.00**

THE "COLUMBIA" MOTOR CAR

Very similar to sketch but has hooter on inside of car iron frame, rubber tyres, full length 48 inches

Price this week only **$53.60**

The "Whip" Race Game

Giving a game as near actual Horse Racing as is possible. Full instructions given. In two sizes.

Prices this week only **$2.00 and 2.80**

"Our Boy's" Conductor Outfit

No. 20. Containing, Money and Ticket Bag, Ticket Puncher on long strap, conductor's Badge and tickets all on neat card.

Price this week only **70** cts.

The Young Gardener's Set of Tools

Containing Rake, Hoe, Fork, and Trowel, in neat box.

Price this week only **70** cts.

Toy Boxes of Paints

Complete in japanned boxes, with brush.

Prices this week only 45cts., 1.20, 1.40 and 1.60

The Children's Railway Outfit

Containing a Cap, Tickets, Ticket Puncher, one each red and green flags all on neat card.

Price this week only **80** cts.

Odd and Even Ludo

A new version of a popular game for two, three or four players. Complete with men, board, dice and full instructions. In two qualities.

Price this week only 35 cts.

"Our Boy's" Conductor Set

No. 40 Containing a cap with badge attached, Ticket Puncher, Tickets and Money Bag, all on neat card.

Price this week only **80** cts.

Doll's China Tea Sets

No. 11-18. A pretty China Tea set. White grounding with Blue design, contains 1 Tea-pot, 3 Cups and Saucers, Sugar Basin and Cream Jug.

Price this week only **$2.00**

Harbutt's Plasticine

The Complete Modeller. The favourite and most generally useful of the series. Suitable for older children. Complete with tools and all necessary instructions.

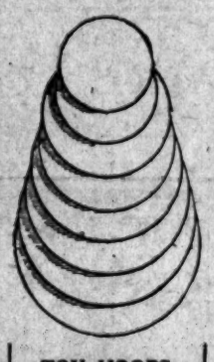
Price for one week only **$1.40**

In 1-lb. packets, colours Red, Dark Blue, Yellow and Light Blue.

Price for one week only **60** cts. per lb.

"The Child's Delight." A box of Plasticine, fitted with Plasticine in five colours, tools, directions and all requisites. A perfect modelling material for artists, schools and home amusements.

Price for one week only **60** cts.



TOY HOOPS.

Made of hard-wood, complete with sticks.

No. 110. Height 30 inches. Price this week only **40** cts.

No. 122. Height 36 inches. Price this week only **60** cts.

No. 136. Height 41 inches. Price this week only **70** cts.

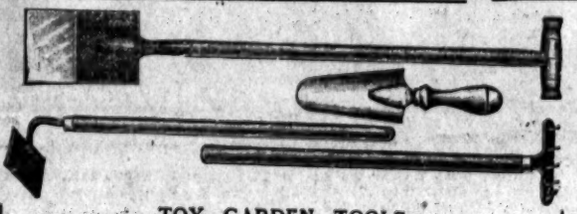
FOR ONE WEEK
ALL LESS
TOYS 20%

LARGE TOY ELEPHANTS

Made of grey plushette, well stuffed on strong iron wheels.

No. 40 Length 18 inches. Height 14 inches. Price this week only **$16.60**

No. 50 Length 22 inches. Height 16 inches. Price this week only **$20.00**



TOY GARDEN TOOLS

Well-made, will delight all the youngsters. Very similar to sketch but three tools only, viz:—Spade, Rake and Hoe.

Price this week only **80** cts.

Counting Frames

Wood frame with pretty colored wood beads. In 3 Sizes:

Size 1. Height of frame 8¼ ins., with 10 Rods. Price this week only **70 cts**

Size 2 Height 15 ins. with 10 Rods. Price this week only **1.40**

Size 3. Height 19 ins. with 10 Rods. Price this week only **4.00**

FOR ONE WEEK
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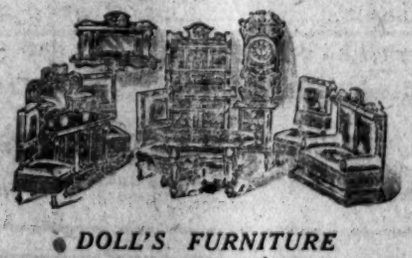
"Archery" Outfits

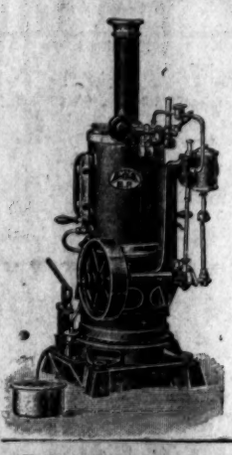
Consisting of a strong bow, length 48 ins and 3 harmless arrows.

Price this week only **1.60**



DOLL'S FURNITURE

Strongly made in neat boxes. Prices this week only **$1.60** and **$2.00** per set.



THE "EXCELSIOR" *Vertical Steam Model*

Very similar to sketch. Will work beautifully, just the toy for a boy fond of engineering. Height 15 inches. Base 5 by 5 inches.

Price this week only **68.00**

The "Penntoy" Automat, A Busy Little Inclined Plane Railroad

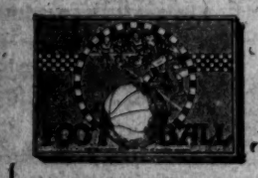
Made of metal and tin, prettily painted. Complete in box with full instructions.

Price this week only **1.60**

The Boy's Favourite Tool Chests

No. 80. Contains hammer, saw, rule, set square, mallet, chalks, etc In wood box. Price this week only **50 cts.**

No 100. Contains saw, set square, mallet, hammer, tape measure, rule, nails, sand-paper, chalks, etc. In wood box. Price this week only 80 cts.



"Football" A highly fascinating game will delight all. In two sizes.

Size 20. Price for one Week only **$1.20**

„ 40. „ „ **$2.80**

TEDDY BEARS

Made of Brown Plushette, well stuffed.

Height 22 inches

Price this week only **$8.40**

CLOCKWORK TOY MOTOR CARS

Very similar to sketch, made of prettily painted metal. In two sizes.

No. 100. Length 7½ inches. Price this week only **60 cts.**

„ 176. „ 9 „ „ „ „ „ **$1.20**

CLOCKWORK TOY MOTOR CARS

No. 55. Similar to sketch. No. 8. A neat open car, made of prettily painted metal, has good strong spring. Length 10½ inches. Price this week only **$2.80**

FOR ONE WEEK
ALL LESS
TOYS 20%

Mead's "Moonlight" Crackers 12 Crackers containing a nice assortment of jewellery

Price this week only **$1.20**

"Coaching". 12 Lovely red crackers containing toys, jewels and caps.

Price this week only **$1.4**

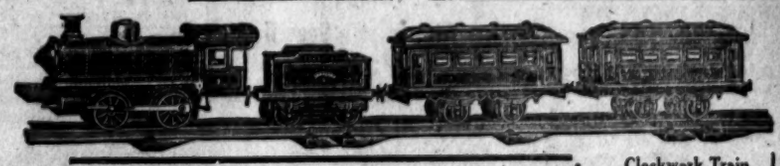
MAGIC LANTERNS

Model 787. Japanned body, chimney, lamp and 12 slides. Price this week only **$3.60**

Model 788. Japanned body, chimney lamp and 12 superior quality films. Price this week only **$4.40**

Model 789. Japanned body, chimney, lamp and 12 excellent slides. Price this week only **$5.60**

Model 134. A nice stylish model with good quality lens Japanned body. Price this week only **$9.20**



Clockwork Train

No. 20. As sketch. A very strong clockwork engine with tender, three carriages four circular and four straight rails.

Price this week only **$10.80**

FOR ONE WEEK
ALL LESS
TOYS 20%

"Sharp Shooters"

An excellent game for boys, complete with toy soldiers and rapid fire repeating pistol, Complete in box with instructions

Price this week only **60** cts

Humming Tops

Made of brightly painted tin.

Prices this week only **70 cts.** and **$1.00**

Undressed Dolls. Exceptionally smart little dolls, china heads, composition bodies, wearing white chemises. In two sizes

Size AA. Height 10 ins. Price for one week only **40** cts.

Size BB. Height 12 ins. Price for one week only **55** cts.

Cloth Santa Claus Party Game

An interesting game for the young folk.

Price this week only **40** cts.

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TERMS CASH — **"WAYLOO CORNER"** NANKING ROAD —— SZECHUEN ROAD — **NO CREDIT**

"Any Luck" Box Of Crackers

12 Lovely crackers containing a nice assortment of hats and caps.

Price this week only **80** cts.

WORKING PARTIES MAKING CLOTHING TO FIGHT FAMINE

Women's Famine Relief Society Turns Out Garments For Sufferers

The working parties of the Women's Famine Relief Society are doing splendid work, and turning out a steady flow of garments.

A generous gift of 110 padded suits has been received from the National Flag Club at Wusih per Miss Hammond.

Messrs. The Scotch Bakery have very kindly presented a lovely cake, which has been raffled for the funds, and the winning number will be found in today's papers.

The Wing On Company have very kindly given two pieces of material to be made into garments.

A large quantity of cotton wool has been generously given by Messrs. Arnhold Bros.

M. Bigazzi, who is this week showing a collection of modern French and Italian pictures at the French Town Hall, having very kindly offered the whole of a one Dollar entrance fee to the Society, it is hoped that as many as possible will visit the collection.

Old clothes are urgently needed, and can be sent to the following Depots:

Mrs. G. E. Tucker 5, Peking Road.
Mrs. A. J. Welch 5, Ferry Road.
Mrs. Burton Sayer 392, Great Western Road.
Mrs. H. E. Shadgett 27, Route Doumer.
Mrs. D. MacGillivray, Canadian Presbyterian Mission 143, North Szechuen Road.

Gifts of clothing received at depots since last report—Mesdames Prentice, Forster, Fallor, T. H. Harris, S. Saunders, S. K. Turner, Kent, E. W. Mr. Carlson, two Anon, Mesdames Kelliofer, Smith, Rowland, Miss Strow, Anon, Missionary Home, Door of Hoop 15 Padded Garments made by Women of Chinese Presbyterian Church, 30 Garments made by Girls of Door of Hope.

TREASURER'S REPORT

Already Acknowledged	$10,223.57
Mr. and Mrs. William Lyle.	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. John Marshall	10.00
Mrs. F. Gates	10.00
Mrs. Milligan	5.00
Mrs. H. Mackinnon	10.00
Anon.	25.00
G. Oliver, Esq. Nanking.	5.00
E. Tollefsen, Esq. Nanking	50.00
C. N. Tweedy, Esq. Nan-	
Mrs. L. W. Molland Nanking	10.00
Mrs. J. E. Murray Nanking	10.00
H. Holdgate, Esq.	10.00
Thos. Sands, Esq.	5.00
W. G. Todd, Esq.	5.00
T. Mason, Esq.	5.00
T. Phillips, Esq.	5.00
T. Robertson, Esq.	5.00
G. MacCallum, Esq.	5.00
W. Houston, Esq.	5.00
C. Eckman, Esq.	5.00
J. Amour, Esq.	2.00
Andrew Smith, Esq.	5.00
J. H. Jones, Esq. Nanking.	5.00
Chinese Foreign Famine Relief Com.	2,000.00
"Ferro"	10.00
Mrs. R. Phillipo	15.00
Mrs. H. M. Cline	5.00
	$12,485.57

	Tls.
Already Acknowledged	1,560.00
Miss Cardwell	20.00
L. Moore and Co. (articles auctioned for the Society)	92.75
"H"	100.00
Tls.	1,772.75

Subscriptions may be sent to the Honorary Treasurer, Mrs. H. B. Mauchan, 48, Avenue Dubail.

KIANGSI PLAYS PART

(China Press Correspondence)

Nanchang, December 18.—Although no public announcement has been made as to the part Kiangsi is playing in the famine relief program, the province has nevertheless done considerable for the stricken area. Last month at the call of both the governors a very prominent committee headed by the chief of police and the President of the chamber of commerce was formed and succeeded in raising nearly $200,000.

Every official was asked to contribute a months salary. Every business house in town subscribed from $100 to $1,000. Governor Chen Kuan-yuan gave $10,000 while governor Chi Yang contributed $5,000. Other leading officials gave large amounts.

Last week two train loads of rice left here for Kiukiang from whence it was sent to Honan. The chairman of the committee has announced that 20,000 suits of padded garments will be sent as soon as they can be made.

FOREIGNERS AID

Foreigners too, have subscribed and have sent the money directly to the relief committees in the North. The various missions in Nanchang have already sent more than a thousand dollars. Other plans are on foot by the Methodist Mission to raise funds as a Christmas gift. Several government schools have given plays in order to raise funds.

The latest plans for a benefit play are being made by a local committee, meeting at the suggestion of the Y.M.C.A., to give a week's performance in Hsin Wu Tai, the leading theater. The players are young Kiukiang business men and students who are anxious to give their services for this desparate need.

FOOD UNLOADED

Peking, December 17.—J. E. Baker, Director, China Famine Relief, American Red Cross has returned to Peking after a week's absence during which he superintended the unloading of 43 carloads of food from the U. S. Army transport Merritt at Chinwangtao and accompanied same to Techow. He reports satisfactory progress in the extension of the Red Cross field organisation.

Highway construction is now under way on about ten miles of line. Two miles are already completed. Twenty additional miles have been staked out and by the end of the week an additional 20 will also be staked out.

The Highway is to run from Techow to Lintsing via Enhsien and Hsiatsing.

Over fifteen hundred tons of food are now in the Red Cross stores at Techow or on the way from Techow to the division stores in the interior. An excellent record was made by the shipment out of Chinwangtao, due to close co-operation of Railway and Red Cross managements. Twenty-seven cars which left Chinwangtao Saturday night loaded with supplies were run through to Tehchow without transfer, were unloaded and returned to the Peking Mukden line at Tientsin Tuesday noon.

PEOPLE WEAKENING

Mr. Baker reports that the people in the Red Cross territory are weakening. This was to be seen in the work of unloading cars. The men who had been fed by the Red Cross highway work were able to stand up under the heavy bags of beans, whereas the new recruits were not. He is therefore calling for volunteers to assist in the work in the field.

A unit plan of organisation has been worked out by means of three foreigners, five thousand people are fed and seven miles of highway are constructed under rigid supervision.

According to reliable reports received from Taichen, Singkiang and dated the 5th instant, Ulakoff (?) sent four Russian officers there who have organised a society known as "Bleeding Hands Society." The object of the society is evidently illegal as many be shown by what happened later. On the pretext of distributing bread to the refugees, they went to the frontage of the local yamen, which is the usual rendezvous for the city's needy population, and incited them to create disturbances.

They intended to take advantage of the confusion which naturally follows a disturbance to loot the rich quarters of the city. However the local authorities at once discovered the real motive of their "philanthropic mission."

LEADER CONFESSES

One of the leaders named Pushalonoff was immediately arrested and in the cross-examination which followed he confessed everything and said that his confreres were in hiding at a certain village, about forty li from the city. The local magistrate has already ordered a house to house search of the village in question and it is expected that all of them can be rounded up in a few days.

Another report says that certain Russians in Sinkiang in view of the rising price of the official notes, have made preparations to forge them. The Sinkiang authorities have ordered the arrest of these offenders.

?? What is ??
"The Devil's Pass Key"
Is it Extravagance?

U.S. CONSUL FOR KALGAN DELAYED

Americans Asked For Time In Which To Adjust Internal Affairs

(China Press Correspondence)

Peking, December 22.—Mr. Samuel Sokobin, the consular officer appointed to open the new American Consulate in Kalgan, has arrived in Peking but is not expected to proceed to his post for several days. This delay is due to the fact that the Foreign Office has requested the American Legation to postpone the opening of the Kalgan Consulate for the time being, pending the completion of arrangements by the Chinese authorities for the reception and functioning of foreign consular officials in that city.

The new American Consular District of Kalgan includes parts of the District of Chahar and all of Inner and Outer Mongolia and is, therefore, territorially one of the largest American consular districts in China.

While the headquarters of the new consulate will be at Kalgan it is expected that Mr. Sokobin will spend much of his time traveling in Inner and Outer Mongolia, where the great recent growth of American business interests has been made evident as a result of the last six weeks of fighting in and about Urga. Indeed, it is estimated that American exports of wool, hides, skins and kindred products from Urga alone now amount to more than $3,000,000 per annum.

Your Baby's Eyes and the Eyes of Your Children

Make them beautiful by daily washing with LAVOLHO. It is so simple, so pleasant, so effective. In many hundreds of cases has LAVOLHO saved the burden of expensive treatments.

If clears red, sore eyes, stops discharging. Swollen, scaly lids become white and firm. Weak eyes grow strong. Wash your eyes daily with LAVOLHO and your friends will speak of their beauty. A refreshing tonic for tired aching eyes.

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the discovery of an American specialist, absolutely harmless to the most sensitive eyes.

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PEOPLE SQUEEZE THEIR CASH OUT OF MAGISTRATE

Tung Tso-liang Compelled To Return $3000 Of Public Funds

(China Press *Correspondence*)

Chuchow, Anhwei Province, December 20.—For five long years Chuchow has been burdened with a magistrate who found his chief delight in toadying to the ex-Anhwei Tuchun, Ni Shih-chung. With the downfall of the Tuchun, this magistrate saw his own chances slipping away and was glad when opportunity came to step into another magistracy at Nan-hsu-chow. The magistrate of that city had had to flee from the wrath of the local military and dared not return. So our magistrate took his place—and he took our district. But our former magistrate did not go empty handed. He left his accounts in a muddle, perhaps to hide the amount he had pocketed. The Chuchow elders, for two years have been going to the provincial capital and even to Peking, trying to get justice for the district here. They had ample evidence to have placed our ex-magistrate behind the bars had he been serving in any other country. He not only had insulted every decent man in the district but had consistently misgoverned the district throughout his residence here.

RETURNS PART OF MONEY

As an instance, he had encouraged the smuggling of opium, exacting a regular squeeze from the smugglers, but giving them free hand to bring in all they choose. The funds that he collected were used to oil the palms of those higher up. He would run up to Pengpu to see the Tuchun, or some member of his retinue. Gambling was always in order and our magistrate would gullefully lose this opium money in his Pengpu gambling. This was an easy way to pass it over to the Tuchun.

Since this exchange of magistrates some of our leading men have steadily worked on the job and finally have compelled ex-magistrate, Tung Tso-liang, to return $3,000, of the money he had pocketed. This money is now to be used for special improvements in the district.

FUNDS FOR FAMINE

The Church in the city set the pace by subscribing $120.00 for the famine districts. This is double any sum they ever gave for any outside interests. Like most interior churches the members are not of the rich or mighty and the sum represents actual sacrifice. Then the local Red Cross members got busy and subscribed about three times as much as the church.

Finally they brought in the innovation of moving pictures. This was something new under the sun to the people here. We have no electric lights, but the acetylene gas produced excellent light. It drizzled for two weeks but the people came. The owners of the machine had to be paid a good royalty. Nevertheless quite a large sum was cleared from these entertainments for the famine sufferers. In most places in China the foreigners have had to set the pace in raising funds for the north. With us the Chinese took the lead and carried out the plans.

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"White" Tailor	$100.00	$60.00
"King" Family	$ 74.00	$54.00
"Free" Desk	$100.00	$70.00
Hand Machine	$ 50.00	$32.00
Sewing Machine Needle for Standard Make	$0.50 doz.	$0.40 doz.

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Gives Election History Of Adisory Committee

Resident-Director Tells Of Steps Leading To Creation Of Chinese Consultative Body

How the five members of the Chinese Advisory Committee to the Municipal Council were elected was the subject of an interview given by a certain resident-director of the Chinese Ratepayers Association yesterday. The interview was obtained in view of the general lack of knowledge of the foreign community in Shanghai as to the procedure adopted by the Chinese in the election of the board.

The director asserted that when the Municipal Council, as a result of the passage of the resolution last April to create a Chinese Advisory Committee, wrote to the Chinese Chamber of Commerce to invite it to call a meeting of the various guilds and organisations for the nomination of these advisers, the Chamber of Commerce at that time proposed to invite the Canton and Ningpo Guilds as well as its own members to nominate the candidates.

The Canton and Ningpo Guilds, however, upon receipt of the invitation held that the ratepayers voting in this election should include all the taxpayers in the Settlement and should not be limited to those among the Chamber of Commerce and their own guilds.

They refused to comply with the request of the Chamber of Commerce under the terms suggested by the chamber, but suggested a public election of the advisors. Their suggestion was endorsed by all other local organisations.

Accordingly a meeting of over 100 different local guilds, associations, unions and other organisations was held at the Y. M. C. A. at which a provisional committee of 21 was elected for the purpose of organising a Chinese Ratepayers Association and adopting a constitution for the new body as well as conducting an investigation of the qualifications of the ratepayers.

It was only after six months drafting and investigation that the Chinese Ratepayers Association was finally inaugurated and its constitution passed. A week later, a general election was called of a directorate which is to administer the affairs of the association and elect the municipal representatives.

The directorate was formed under the constitution of the association which was adopted by the Chinese ratepayers. Asked by what right could the directorate elect the five representatives, the director said that it was vested in his associates by the constitution, which specifically says that the board is to be elected by the directorate.

China's Second National University

(China Press *Correspondence*)

Nanking, China, Dec. 22.—In spite of the continued political and economic disturbance since the birth of the Chinese Republic, it is encouraging for us to know that on the part of the people the movement for the progress of China's public education has always been kept in front of all other issues. The evidence of their interest may be seen in the Second National University soon to be established in Nanking.

For some years representative citizens of Southeastern Provinces of China, men like Messrs. Chang Chiang, Chai Yuen-pei, C. T. Wang and P. W. Kuo, have felt the urgent need for a national university where hundreds of young people annually graduated from the secondary schools of these several provinces may pursue a higher education without making a long trip to Peking. They have hoped for it and strived toward it, and now their vision is realised.

MINISTER IN ACCORD

Hon. Fan Yuen-liang, Minister of the Board of Education is fully in accord with them and has determined to help them carry out their plans. Dr. P. W. Kuo, President of Nanking National Teachers' College, has made two trips to see him in Peking in order to consult on the ways and means of founding a modern university in Nanking. Not only has he given his personal approval to such a great project, but with his influence and co-operation he has helped to pass the measure both in the Board and in the Cabinet. Thus Southeastern University is no longer a vision, but a materialised fact, fully approved by the Chinese Government.

By the order of the Board of Education, Dr. Kuo has been authorised to form a University Organisation Committee whose duty it is to consider and carry out plans preparatory to the opening of the University. This Committee was organised last week with eight Sub-committees under the leadership of Dr. Kuo. In their separate capacities they expect to complete their work in three months so that the University may be started with the coming fall. A greater part of the Teachers' College will serve as the foundation of the University; this when the latter opens next year it will embrace a College of liberal arts and sciences, and four professional schools, namely agriculture, engineering, commerce, and education.

MAY GET FREE SITE

It is interesting for those who have visited, or live in Nanking to know that Mr. Chang Boo-ching, owner of the former Nanyang Exhibition Ground, is thinking of giving this large estate to the new University. It is likely that Dr. Kuo will pay a visit to the South Sea Islands and see Mr. Chang personally in order to confirm his decision. A lot of six hundred mou with several stately buildings (now mainly occupied by soldiers), it would make an excellent part of the University ground from which innumerable leaders of young China will be sent forth to help in shaping her destiny. Mr. Chang can make no better use of his property.

As one recalls the turmoil of the Chinese Republic in the past eight years and contrasts it with the living interest of China's enlightened citizens in public education, one can not help saying: Through the dark clouds of deep night a gleam of light is penetrating; the eastern sky is quickening; day is near.

BROKERAGE FIRM FAILS

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, Dec. 22.—The failure has been announced on the Stock Exchange of Messrs. Frim, Foster and Lounsberg, who had been actively dealing in Vanadium Steel, one of the stocks involved in the slump. The failure is regarded as one of the most important which have recently occurred.

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Venice, California Shore Resort, Burns

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Venice, Cal., Dec. 22.—The seaside section of this city, which is chiefly an amusement resort, was swept by fire last night and this morning. One man was killed and a second fatally injured, while several persons suffered minor hurts. The property damage is estimated by the lessees at more than a million dollars. The chief concern involved in the loss is the Abbot Kinney Company which owned the amusements pier and numerous improvements on or near it.

Koo Is Appointed To League Council

(*Staff Wire To* The China Press)

Peking, Dec. 23.—Mr. Wellington Koo was today appointed by the Cabinet as member of the League of Nations Council, to represent China. A presidential mandate, authorising the appointment, will probably be issued tomorrow.

Hamburg-America Line To Issue $100,000,000 Shares To Hold Trade

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Shanghai, December 23.—The following items in the German wireless propaganda service have been picked up locally, and are issued with all reserve:

Hamburg, December 22.—The Hamburg-America line proposes to increase its capital by the issue of $100,000,000 in 6 percent preferred shares, of which $20,000,000 are to be exchanged with preferred shares of the Hamburg-South American line, in order to prevent German lines from being engulfed by foreign capital.

Berlin, December 22.—The metal workers' union in Berlin has elected a committee of Independent Socialists, with the support of Social Democrats, while the Communists who had previously controlled the committee, were defeated.

Hamburg, December 22.—The steamer Augusta Victoria, which went aground and became icebound in the North Sea, between the islands of Sylt and Foehr, has been refloated, after the passengers had undergone great privations for four days.

(*French Wireless*)

Paris, December 22.—The Conference of Ambassadors met here today under the presidency of M. Jules Cambon, and approved a report of the Inter-Allied Economic Commission, in regard to Clause 107 of the Treaty of Versailles, dealing with the transfer of ex-German property to the Free City of Danzig or to Poland.

News Notes From Peking

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Peking, December 22.—Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Marshal, of St. Paul, Minnesota, have arrived in Peking for a visit of two or three months. Mr. Marshal has for many years been prominently connected with the Minneapolis Journal and is now touring the Far East in order to gain a deeper insight into political, economic and social conditions here.

* * *

Mr. Ray Atherton, of the American Legation, has gone to Kalgan to spend the week-end and is due back in Peking on Monday afternoon.

* * *

The younger son of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Ruddock, of the American Legation, is seriously ill with mastoiditis.

* * *

Mr. W. Morgan Palmer, of the Salt Gabelle, Changchun, is staying at the Wagons Lits on one of his flying trips to Peking. He is expected to leave for Hupeh Province on an inspection trip in two or three days.

* * *

Master Walter Drysdale, the son of Colonel and Mrs. Drysdale, of the American Legation, is giving a Christmas party at the Wagons Lits on Thursday, the 23rd, at one o'clock.

* * *

The children of the Peking American School are to give a Christmas play and entertainment at the American Board Mission on Tuesday afternoon, the 21st, at 5:30 o'clock. The admission for "grown-ups" is half a dollar and for children twenty cents; and the proceeds are all to go to famine relief work.

* * *

Mr. H. C. Faxon, Peking Manager of Messrs. Anderson, Meyer and Co., will leave here for Shanghai on the 20th to spend the Christmas holidays with Mr. Hugo Reiss. He will be accompanied on his journey by Mr. F. J. Deane, Tientsin Manager of the same company.

* * *

One of the features of yesterday's bazaar held at the Wagon Lits by the British ladies of Peking for famine relief purposes was the great demand for the water color sketches of Peking and vicinity presented by Miss Denham. Miss Denham's paintings were all sold early in the afternoon; and it is no exaggeration to say that the bazaar could readily have found three purchasers for each painting.

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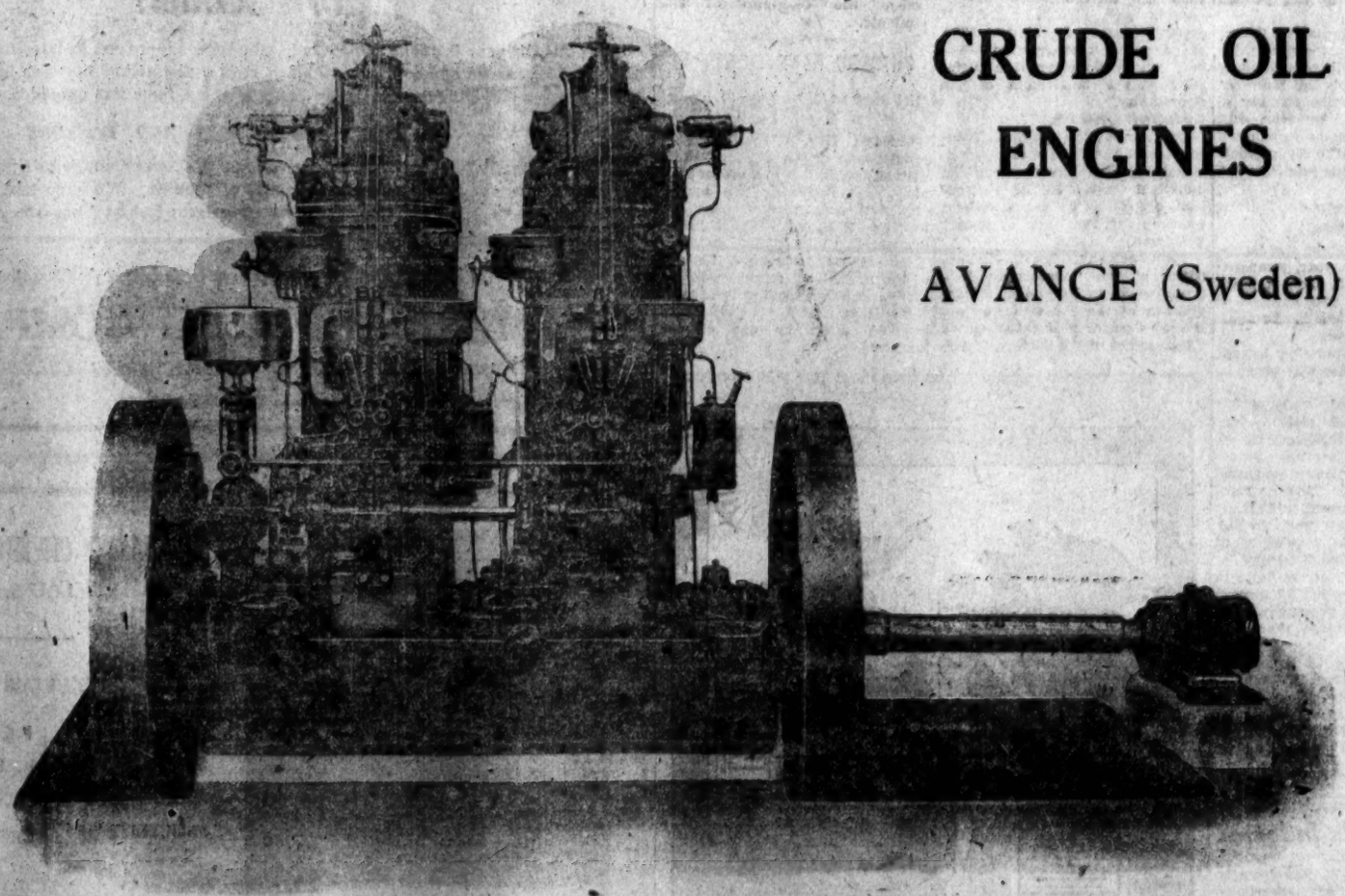

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CENSUS SHOWS HAWAII NEARLY HALF JAPANESE

Gain In Oriental Population During Ten Years Very Marked

70,196 IN CALIFORNIA

Report Reveals Influx Of Women To Pacific Coast Is Very High

Washington, November 16.—The Japanese population of the three Pacific States—California, Oregon and Washington—has increased at a lower rate since 1910 than it did between 1900 and 1910, figures announced today by the Census Bureau showed. In Hawaii, however, there was a decided increase, and nearly half the total population of the islands is made up of Japanese. The number of Japanese women in the three Pacific Coast States and in Hawaii showed a heavy gain over the 1910 population both in totals and in relation to the number of male Japanese.

California, with a total population of 3,426,861, showed a Japanese population of 70,196 an increase of 28,840, or 69.7 percent, since 1910, compared with a Japanese total in 1910 of 41,356, which was an increase over 1900 of 31,205, or 307.4 percent. The Japanese population in 1910 constituted 1.7 percent of the total population, compared with 2 percent this year.

HAWAII IS 42 PER CENT JAPANESE

In Hawaii the total population of all races is 255,912, of which 109,269 are Japanese. The increase in Japanese since 1910 is 29,596, or 37.1 percent, compared with 18,564, or 30.4 percent, during the preceding decade. The Japanese constitute 42.7 percent of the 1920 population of the islands.

Japanese number 17,114 in Washington, out of a total population of 1,356,621, a gain of 3184 during the decade, or 32.4 percent. Between 1900 and 1910 the Japanese population in Washington increased 7312, or 130.2 percent.

Japanese in Oregon when this year's census was taken totaled 4022, of a total population of 783,389. This was an increase of 604, or 17.7 percent, half the rate of increase for the 1900-1910 decade.

WOMAN IMMIGRANTS HERE IN BIG NUMBERS

The Census Bureau's figures disclosed that on the Pacific Coast when females constituted not more than 6 percent of the Japanese population in any state twenty years ago, women now make up 26.8 percent of the Japanese total in California, 34.7 percent in Washington and 32.3 percent in Oregon. In Hawaii the ratio of Japanese women to men is nearly double that of 1900, and now is 42.7 percent females.

The Census Bureau's figures showed that during the past three decades the Japanese population of the Hawaiian Islands had increased more rapidly than the number of white inhabitants. In 1900, 39.7 percent of the island's population was Japanese; in 1910 the percentage was 41.5, and this year it is 42.7 percent.

INCREASE OF MALES SHOWS A DECREASE

Figures on the sex of the Japanese population this year, compared with 1910 and 1900, show a much larger increase in the number of women and girls than in the number of men and boys.

The Japanese population by sex for the three decades was given as follows:

Nineteen hundred, male 47,508 female 13,603; 1910, male 54,784, female 24,891, and 1920, male 62,643, female 46,626. Thus the female portion of the population amounted to 22.3 percent in 1900, as compared with 42.7 percent in 1920.

The bureau's statement showed that the Japanese population of California constituted 2 percent of the total population of the State in 1920, as compared with 1.7 percent in 1910 and .7 of 1 percent in 1900.

The bureau's figures showed a large increase in the Japanese female population in California, the figures for 1920 being 44,364 males and 25,832 females, as compared with 35,116 males and 6240 females in 1910 and 9598 males and 553 females in 1900.

Japanese Language In Schools Indorsed

Honolulu, Nov. 16.—Condemning them as "radical and discriminatory," the Chamber of Commerce of Honolulu today refused to indorse proposed Territorial legislative bills which would abolish Japanese language schools.

The chamber took action indorsing the proposed bill, submitted by Japanese, Christian and Buddhist leaders, which would give to the Department of Public Instruction the regulation of language schools, supervision of text books, certification of teachers and the limitation of language school hours to one daily or six weekly.

U.S. Post Office Mail Schedule

MAILS DUE TO DEPART FROM SHANGHAI DURING JANUARY, FEBRUARY & MARCH 1921.

STEAMER	LEAVES SHANGHAI	ARRIVES AT
Colombia	Jan. 1	San Francisco Jan. 27
Siberia Maru	" 3	San Francisco " 27
Katori Maru	" 5	Seattle " 30
Arabia Maru	" 7	Seattle Feb. 4
Empress of Asia	" 15	Vancouver Jan. 31
Tenyo Maru	" 16	San Francisco Feb. 9
Arizona Maru	" 19	Seattle " 14
Empress of Japan	" 22	Vancouver " 9
Nile	" 28	San Francisco " 16
Venezuela	" 29	San Francisco " 24
Kashima Maru	" 30	Seattle " 23
Manila Maru	Feb. 2	Seattle Mar. 1
Shinyo Maru	" 10	San Francisco " 6
Empress of Russia	" 12	Vancouver Feb. 28
Hawaii Maru	" 12	Seattle Mar. 11
Suwa Maru	" 20	Seattle " 17
Ecuador	" 26	San Francisco " 24
China	" 28	San Francisco " 22
Korea Maru	Mar. 10	San Francisco Apr. 3
Africa Maru	" 10	Seattle " 6
Fushimi Maru	" 13	Seattle " 7
Empress of Japan	" 18	Vancouver " 5
Alabama Maru	" 22	Seattle " 16
Colombia	" 26	San Francisco " 21

In addition to the above mentioned vessels Mail will be despatched by any steamer that will advance the delivery of the Mail.

MAILS DUE TO ARRIVE AT SHANGHAI DURING JANUARY, FEBRUARY & MARCH 1921.

STEAMERS	SAIL FROM		ARRIVE YOKOHAMA	ARRIVE SHANGHAI	
Empress of Asia	Vancouver	Dec. 16	Dec. 28	Jan. 1	
Kashima Maru	Seattle	" 10	" 26	" 7	
Venezuela	San Francisco	" 11	Jan. 1	" 7	
Manila Maru	Seattle	" 13	Dec. 29	" 10	
Nile	San Francisco	" 24		" 13	
Hawaii Maru	Seattle	" 28	Jan. 13	" 20	Trans
Shinyo Maru	San Francisco	" 29	" 15	" 22	
Empress of Russia	Vancouver	Jan. 13	" 25	" 29	
Suwa Maru	Seattle	" 3	" 19	" 30	
China	San Francisco	Jan. 8	Jan. 27	Feb. 1	
Ecuador	San Francisco	" 8	" 29	" 4	
Persia Maru	San Francisco	" 8	" 29	" 5	Trans
Africa Maru	Seattle	" 18	Feb. 3	" 13	
Korea Maru	San Francisco	" 24	" 10	" 17	Trans
Alabama Maru	Seattle	" 28	" 13	" 20	Trans
Monteagle	Vancouver	Feb. 1	" 17	" 23	
Empress of Asia	Vancouver	" 10	" 22	" 26	
Fushimi Maru	Seattle	Jan. 27	" 12	" 23	
Colombia	San Francisco	Feb. 5	Feb. 26	Mar. 4	
Empress of Japan	Vancouver	" 16	Mar. 2	" 7	
Katori Maru	Seattle	" 14	" 2	" 13	
Nanking	San Francisco	" 17	" 8	" 13	
Arabia Maru	Seattle	" 22	" 10	" 20	
Empress of Russia	Vancouver	Mar. 10	" 22	" 26	
Nile	San Francisco	" 4	" 23	" 28	
Arizona Maru	Seattle	" 3	" 19	" 29	

Steamers followed by "Trans" will transfer Mails at Japan to local boats and time of arrival at Shanghai is approximate.

Y.M.C.A. Notes From Ningpo

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Ningpo, December 20.—Amidst the forward movements now going on all over China, the old city of Ningpo is assuming her role with the rest of the large cities in the country. A number of forces are now working in concert to modernise this city of considerable importance. The local Y.M.C.A. is steadily working ahead with its program of spiritual, intellectual, and physical culture.

In all its undertakings the public has repeatedly manifested its intense interest, as can be seen from the unusual support the Young Association has received since its advent some twenty months ago. It has gathered round it a group (numbering 879) of earnest and progressive members who have committed themselves to the betterment of the Community.

EVENING SCHOOL

The Association English Evening School with 116 students, too, is gaining great favor among the merchant classes, as the instructions are given by some of the best teachers and the fees extremely moderate.

Few weeks ago, Mr. T. M. Van, editor of the "Association Progress" came to Ningpo at the invitation of the Y.M.C.A. and delivered a series of lectures on the "Betterment of the Society," "The Improvement of the Family System," "The Self-betterment of the Young Men" and "The Economical Tendency of the World and the Industrial Development of China." These lectures were listened to with exceptional interest.

ORATORICAL CONTEST

In order to promote public speaking, the Association got up an Oratorical Contest among the various middle schools. Six of them took part and sent their best student speakers to compete for the possession of a beautiful cup presented by Messrs. L. T. Yuan and M. D. Sung, two of the Sustaining Members of the Association.

Besides this, the Y.M.C.A. is busily engaged in organising an Athletic Association among the Middle Schools. Beginning with next term, a number of matches will be played and it is to be hoped that before long other classes will follow the examples of the students.

CHICAGO BANDITS GET $9

Girl Had Bulk Of Payroll Money In Her Stockings

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Four payroll bandits who attacked Miss Marie Radner, bookkeeper of a broom company, and fled with her payroll satchel this morning, were enabled to divide $9 in small change among themselves.

Miss Radner had placed the bulk of the payroll, all currency, in her stockings, before leaving the bank.

She was slightly bruised when knocked down by one of the bandits.

Keep your health in "proper balance" by taking
SAL HEPATICA
—a teaspoonful on arising—
For Sale At All Chemists.

Aim At Many Reforms In Platform Adopted For Women's Suffrage

Chinese Association Drafts Program Setting Forth Woman's New Ideals And Hopes

The platform of the Chinese Woman's Suffrage Association which was drafted at a meeting of the organisation held recently sets forth the ideals of the new woman of China. The planks in the platform are as follows:

1. Every woman may have the right to vote.
2. Men and women will have equal protection by law.
3. Girl slavery shall be prohibited.
4. Women shall have the right to the possession of their property which shall be registered in their name.
5. Women shall have the right to marry whom they desire.
6. Women shall have equal opportunities in education with men.
7. Women shall have equal vocational opportunities and vocational education with the men.
8. Women shall have equal rate of wage.
9. Concubinage shall be prohibited. A single standard shall be maintained for men and women.
10. Widows shall have financial recompense from the state for the care of their children.

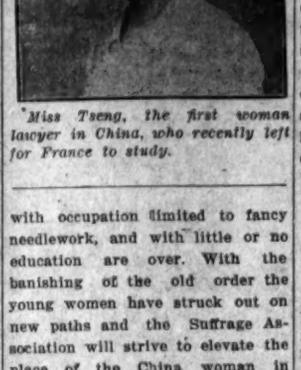
A group of earnest young Chinese women, well educated in the schools of China and abroad are forging ahead in an effort to uplift the position of Chinese women.

GROUP SMALL BUT ACTIVE

Although the group is small, the members of the Chinese Woman's Suffrage Association are full of enthusiasm and will strive to interest the young women attending various schools throughout China in the suffrage cause.

The first meeting of the Association was held in May when 20 members attended. Since then the Association has drafted a platform which meets the needs of the Chinese women and toward which goal they will work.

The days of lily feet, seclusion for the women in their homes with occupation limited to fancy needlework, and with little or no education are over. With the banishing of the old order the young women have struck out on new paths and the Suffrage Association will strive to elevate the place of the China woman in society.



Miss Tseng, the first woman lawyer in China, who recently left for France to study.

WOMAN LAWYER IS LEADER

Miss Y. S. Tseng, the first woman lawyer in China, who sailed for Paris recently for the purpose of chaperoning forty Chinese school girls who will enter the French schools, is an enthusiastic suffragist. She was a leader in the drafting of the platform and will present the same to the various woman's suffrage organisations in Europe.

"I realize the condition of the mass of women in China," said Miss Tseng, "and I believe that it is by education only that we can raise the position of women in our nation.

"The girls must have the right to marry whom they desire. Our American and European sisters have this privilege—why is it denied to the women of China? The old fashion where the parents choose the bride or bridegroom is being abolished—but very slowly. It is tragic when an educated man or woman is married to an uneducated person—especially if the man or woman has been educated abroad.

"I feel very strongly too, that concubinage should be prohibited and that the girls of China shall have the same opportunities for education as the men."

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies
A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Apiols in the house, as that on the first sign of any irregularity of their system a timely dose may be administered. These will soon restore them, hence their enormous sale. Sold by all Chemists and Stores, or post-free 8/- from Martin Chemist SOUTHAMPTON, ENG.

O.V.B. OREGON VERY BEST
LOGANBERRY JUICE
Mix it with an equal part of Whisky and add Tansan.
"One of the best drinks going!"
Gande, Price Co., Agents

THAT
X MAS FEELING
How glorious to awaken on X'mas morning eagerly anticipating a day full of happiness.
A light breakfast, a moderate tiffin and the afternoon spent in the open, and then the return home with a keen appetite
GIVEN
by the long swinging walk, the strenuous game of "footer" or the exhilarating ride in the open country.
But what of the poor dyspeptic? He finds the table laden with good things and turns shudderingly away. Not for him are the delights of the succulent turkey or the Brobdignagian pudding.
BY
this time he is regretting that he did not take our advice and thus ensure at least a gastronomically Happy X'mas, but at any rate he can begin the New Year well by taking
BEECHAM'S PILLS
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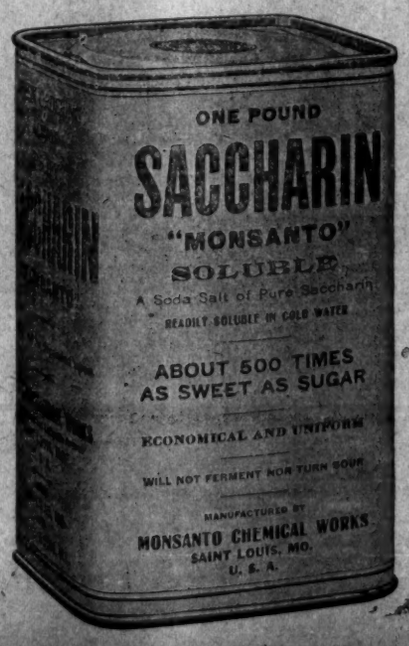

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FATE OF WATERS RECALLS HE WED BARONESS BLANC

Globe - Trotting Millionaire Mysteriously Slain With His Own Cane

WED SECRETLY, REPENTS

Divorced, He Went To Every Land, Returning Last Month Only To Die

New York, Nov. 7.—In the morbid, curious crowd that viewed the body of Lee Vaughan Waters, the globe-trotting cosmopolitan, who was done to death in an obscure hotel on West Thirty-eight street after an election night celebration, there was noticed a heavily built woman of more than middle age, with a mass of hair coiled in old-time fashion, and in her face vague traces of long-vanished beauty. She was there but a minute, yet the throng stared at her inquisitively, and the whisper ran around:

"Is that Betty Riegel, the Baroness Blanc?"

Probably it wasn't, for that vivid light o'love, who dominated an unconventional section of metropolitan society in the Nineties, has not been heard of on Broadway for many a year. But she was the most vivid patch on the multi-colored career of the murdered man, who was one of five prominent men who married her.

Detectives cleared the crowd and began the routine of attempting to trace the murderer.

VEILED IN MYSTERY

There was mystery all around the crime and nothing definite enough to reveal its cause. Here are the facts they found:

Lee Vaughan Waters, nephew of Horace Waters, the millionaire piano manufacturer, returned from England last month. He went directly to the Hotel Gramatan, in Bronxville, where his mother, Mrs. Fannie Waters, lives. Most of his time for the following fortnight was spent in New York looking up old friends.

On election day he went again to the city to hear the returns. He spent the greater part of the night playing cards in the Delta Epsilon Club on West Forty-fourth street. He had retained membership in that fraternity since he was graduated from Columbia College twenty-five years ago.

Waters left the club after midnight. At six o'clock, with a shabby, sinister young companion, he registered at the Hotel Plymouth, under the name of J. Talbot, his companion signing himself, J. Dunn. Both said they came from Milwaukee.

GUESTS HEAR SCUFFLE

Waters was so well-dressed and Dunn so shabbily that the contrast attracted attention. They were assigned to Room 805 on the top or eighth floor. Half an hour later, other guests complained that there was a fight in progress in Waters and Dunn's room.

The elevator operator and the night clerk demanded admittance. They received no answer. While one went for a policeman, the door was suddenly opened, and Dunn dashed downstairs. He ran the eight flights to the street with employes in pursuit. Down Thirty-eighth street toward Sixth avenue the chase continued, but as the pursuers reached the corner, the fugitive was lost to sight.

Back to the room they raced, to find Waters dead. His body was unclothed, save for a shirt. His skull was fractured and his limbs bruised. Evidence indicated that he had been beaten to death with his own gold-headed cane.

Jewelry, including a silver card case, cigar holder, match box, rings and gold pencil were undisturbed.

In his pockets were three pawn-tickets showing that under his own name he had pawned about $1,000 worth of rings and scarf pins recently in Providence, R. I., where his father's home was, and in New York.

ROBBERY NOT MOTIVE

A little money was also found. Robbery was obviously not the motive for the crime, because the jewelry was untouched, although the police calculated that the murderer had plenty of time to rob his victim. The act was clearly the work of a person with an abnormal mind.

Mrs. Fanny Waters, the dead man's mother, identified the body. She said her son was forty-nine years old and had been travelling for many years. He had no known occupation. Letters found among his effects included correspondence from South American, the British Isles, and the Continent, as well as other Far Eastern cities.

Mrs. Waters said the victim was unmarried. She did not refer to the Baroness Blanc, whom he wed in Jersey City secretly years ago, but the news of his death stirred comment all along Broadway among the old-timers—and always it was of the Baroness they spoke. Lee Vaughan Waters was but an incident in her cyclonic career, though she had been the only woman he ever asked to marry him. After she left him he quit the bright lights and became a world wanderer.

THE BARONESS BLANC

Elizabeth Nicholson, who became the Baroness Blanc, was of that type of woman which streaks across society once in a generation. She was a beauty. Born in Philadelphia, she grew to girlhood in humble surroundings, where her rich, creamy complexion, her heavy Titian hair and classic features made her marked wherever she went.

Young Philadelphians of the upper strata of society fought for her favor. She soon learned to drive a tandem with rare skill and she danced at the functions of the aristocratic City Troop with men twice her age. She was sixteen when her engagement to Frederick Riegel was announced to the amazement of society.

He was many years her senior, a big figure in Quaker City commerce and society. Despite gossip, the couple were wed in 1880 and Mrs. Riegel entertained at their magnificent home.

Soon after she was frequently seen in the company of other men. The Riegels parted. The bride went to live at the Continental Hotel and divorce proceedings were started. When the facts became public, with the issuance of the decree, Philadelphia was amazed to learn that she had been the complainant.

HOW SHE MET BARON

Then Betty Riegel, as she was still known, went on the stage, starring in "The Mystic Isle," which proved a failure. But Betty was not discouraged. She made the acquaintance of Lily Langtry, Freddy Gebhardt, Clarence Page and E. Berry Wall. Her apartments became the rendezvous for an unconventional coteries of society men and women.

She met Baron Blanc at Long Ranch, then in this heyday. He asserted that his title was real, but nobody believed it. They were married abruptly and parted with equal facility. Friends said it would have been a true romance only each thought the other vastly wealthy, when the fact was that neither possessed enough to make leisure possible. Yet their wedding at old St. George's was a gala affair.

They went to Europe on a honeymoon. There they visited Nice, Cannes, Paris and Monte Carlo in a party with the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia, Prince George of Greece and other royal bohemians, in a manner of speaking. After that the Baron and Baroness parted.

Returning to America, she married Leeds Vaughan Waters, prospective heir to the piano factory millions. Their happiness was brief, but there was no lack of excitement in it. Too much for the youth from Columbia, no doubt, who was then sowing his wild oats with both hands. They parted.

J. Waldere Kirk was reported engaged to the Baroness Blanc. He did not deny it until asked to pay her hotel bills. But she married Shirley Onderdonk, son of a wealthy Chicago contractor. After that, intermittently, Baroness Betty appeared on the stage in operetta and vaudeville, but her friends, all older than she, began to die off or marry permanently.

Betty's beauty began to fade. Finances dropped low. Somehow she could not seem to score on the bright side of the footlights. Ten years ago she opened the Elizabeth Blanc Theater, a little moving picture show in the Sixties, just off Broadway, and sought to present a combined cinematograph and monologue. It was a long drop from reigning over the Riegel house in Philadelphia, but the Baroness was plucky.

The venture failed—and she married again; this time to an interior decorator, Albert Lindholm, of New York, a man whom she described as "a delightfully plain workman, with rough, honest hands." She said ingenuously that it was a case of love at first sight, and that for his sake she would give up her career on the stage forever.

GETS 1,000-POUND GRIZZLY

Government Had Been After Cattle Killer For Years

An immense 1,000-pound bear—Silver Tip Grizzly as he was known to inspectors of the Biological Survey of the United States Department of Agriculture—who for years had been killing stock in the vicinity of Dubois, Wyo., and on whose head a $100 bounty had been placed by stockmen, is dead. His undoing was accomplished by a 50-pound No. 6 bear trap, which had been anchored to a 24-foot tree trunk. His body was found nearly eight miles from where the trap had been set. His end was brought about by Government Hunter Rowley and since Government hunters are not allowed to accept bounties from any source the stockmen were saved the money.

The following account of Silver Tip and his end is given by Charles J. Bayer, Predatory Animal Inspector of the Bureau, at Lander, Wyo.:

"While reports came in occasionally of a large silvertip that was doing a lot of killing in the vicinity of Dubois, no authentic report was received until the Spring of 1918, when several cattlemen asked that we send a man after the bear. A hunter was sent up there and reported killing the bear that Summer, but investigation proved that the bear most wanted was still at large. He was particularly destructive that Summer, not only killing cattle, but destroying camps and fire boxes belonging to the Forest Service and wrecking anything that he happened to encounter. A second hunter was sent up there in the Spring of 1919. He, too, worked to get the bear, but without success.

"Hunter Rowley was then recommended to us as a bear hunter, and we put him on the trail of the grizzly in the Spring of 1920. For a long time he was unable to find any fresh sign of the bear, or to find any cattle freshly killed by him. About July 15, this Summer, he came upon a cow that had been killed a short time before by the bear, and he took up the trail. He kept after him until he got him, the fore part of September. During the six weeks that he followed the bear he found fifteen head of two and three-year-old cattle that the bear had killed, belonging to the Double Diamond outfit, near Dubois. Each had been killed with a crushing blow between the eyes. In most cases the cattle were not eaten upon, except where the bear had taken out the liver and eaten that.

"The trap that finally got Silver Tip was a No. 6, and was set about Aug. 15. The clog used was a log twenty-four feet long and five inches through. The clog was broken off about fifty yards from where the trap was set, and the bear carried away seven feet of it, and had this fastened to him when he was found. He was found eight miles from where he got into the trap. In trailing through the timber many trees six and seven inches through had been uprooted, almost making a road behind him in doing so. He was dead when Mr. Rowley found him, and had been dead too long to permit of taking his skin. Mr. Rowley said the bear would weigh about 1,000 pounds, the front feet would measure about eight and one-half inches across.

Germany Hands Over Bonds For 60,000,000,000 Marks

London, Nov. 9.—Germany has delivered to the Reparations Commission bonds to the amount of 60,000,000,000 gold marks, the value of which is approximately $15,000,000,000.

This announcement was made in the House of Commons today by Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The delivery of the bonds is in accordance with the requirements of the Peace Treaty, and the commission proposes to hold them as security for and in acknowledgement of Germany's debt.

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The administration of Anodynes, Drops, Cordials, Soothing Syrups and other narcotics to children by any but a physician cannot be too strongly decried, and the druggist should not be a party to it. Children who are ill need the attention of a physician, and it is nothing less than a crime to dose them wilfully with narcotics. Castoria contains no narcotics if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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COMMUNIST ORDER HARD PARTY TEST

Third Internationale Announces Bar On All But Extreme Elements

HILLQUIT AS OPPORTUNIST

National Laws To Be Defied, Armies Undermined And Press Rigidly Controlled

Washington, Nov. 14.—A statement of the official conditions for entrance into the Third or Communist Internationale has been received in Washington from Europe. "Compromise" or "opportunist" groups of the Communist organisation will not be permitted to participate in the Third Internationale. Propaganda among troops, "legally or illegally," must be carried on "National laws must be set at defiance in the accomplishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat." There must be a "complete breach" with reformism.

The Communist press "must be completely under the control of the Executive Committee of the party." The reformist and "center" elements must be dismissed from every organisation before it will be admitted to the Third Internationale. All parties which wish to belong to the Internationale must change their names; each will be known hereafter as "Communist Party of America" or whatever the country may be.

These are the conditions for entrance to the Third internationale, as set forth in the official communication of the Communist Party:

"1. All propaganda and agitation must bear a really Communist character and correspond to the program and the decision of the Third internationale. All press organs of the party must be directed by reliable Communists who have proved their devotion to the cause of the proletariat. The dictatorship of the proletariat must not be simply spoken of in a conventional prepared formula, but it must be so propagated that its necessity becomes intelligible to every simple workman, working woman, soldier and peasant from the facts of daily life, which must be systematically observed and exploited day by day by our press.

DEMANDS PRESS CONTROL

"The periodical and non-periodical press, as well as all party publications, must be completely under the control of the Executive Committee of the party, without reference to the question whether the whole party is legal or illegal at the moment concerned. It is inadmissible that the publishing offices of the party should misuse their autonomy and carry on a policy which does not entirely correspond to the policy of the party.

"In the columns of the press, in popular assemblies, in the trades unions, in consumers' associations — everywhere where the supporters of the Third Internationale can gain admission it is necessary systematically and unmercifully to brand not only the bourgeoisie, but also their accomplices, the reformists of all shades.

"2. Every organization which desires to join the Communist internationale must consistently and systematically dismiss the reformist and 'center' elements from all more or less responsible posts of the labor movement (party organisations, editorial staffs, trade unions, parliamentary fractions, cooperative societies, community administrations) and supplant them by tried Communists, without taking offense if, especially at the beginning, simple workers from the masses gain the places of the 'experienced' opportunists.

"3. In almost all countries of Europe and America the class struggle is entering the phase of civil war. Under such conditions the Communists can have no confidence in bourgeois laws. It is their duty to create everywhere a parallel legal apparatus of organisation which will be of aid to the party in the decisive moment to fulfil its duty toward the revolution. In all the countries where the Communists as a result of the state of siege and of exceptional laws, have no possibility of carrying on their work legally, the combination of the legal with the illegal activity is unconditionally necessary.

AGITATION IN ARMIES

"4. The duty of spreading Communist ideas includes the special obligation of an emphasised, systematic propaganda in the army. Where this agitation is impeded by exceptional laws, it must be carried out illegally. The giving up of such work would signify treason to the revolutionary duty and be incompatible with membership in the Third Internationale.

"5. A systematic agitation according to a definite plan is necessary in the rural districts. The working classes will not be able to win if they have not behind them the country proletariat and at least part of the poorest peasants, and if they have not secured by their policy the neutrality of a part of the remaining village population. The Communist work is now gaining prominent significance in the rural districts. It must be carried forward especially with the help of the revolutionary Communist workmen of town and country who have connections with the rural districts. The renunciation of this work of its transfer into undependable, semi-reformist hands is equivalent to a renunciation of the proletarian revolution.

"6. It is the duty of every party which wishes to belong to the Third Internationale to expose not only open social patriotism, but also the insincerity and hypocrisy of social pacifism; to keep systematically before the eyes of workmen the fact that without a revolutionary overthrow of capitalism no international courts of arbitration, no agreements regarding limitation of armaments, no 'democratic' renovation of the League of Nations, will be able to avert new imperialist wars.

HILLQUIT BARRED

"7. It is the duty of parties which wish to belong to the Communist Internationale to acknowledge the complete break with reformism and with the policy of the 'Center,' and to propagate this breach in the widest circles of the party membership. Without this a consequent Communist policy is impossible.

"The Communist Internationale demands unconditionally and peremptorily the accomplishment of this breach within the shortest possible time. The Communist Internationale cannot allow that notorious opportunists, such as Turatti, Kautsky, Hilferding, Hillquit, Longuet, MacDonald, Modigliana etc., should have the right to became members of the Third Internationale. That could only lead to a situation in which the Third Internationale would in great degree become similar to the broken-up Second Internationale.

"8. In the question of colonies and of oppressed nations a specially prominent and clear position is necessary on the part of the parties of those countries whose bourgeoisie are in possession of colonies and oppress other nations. Every party which wishes to belong to the Third Internationale is obliged to unmask the tricks of 'its' imperialists in the colonies, to support every movement for freedom in the colonies, not only in words, but also in deeds, to demand the expulsion of its native imperialists from these colonies, to create in the hearts of the workmen of their country a really brotherly relation to the working population of the colonies and to the oppressed nations and to carry on among the troops of their country a systematic agitation against any sort of oppression of the Colonial peoples.

"9. Every party which desires to join the Communist Internationale must systematically and constantly develop a communist activity within the trades unions, the workmen's and factory councils, the consumers' societies and other mass organisations of the workmen. Within these organisations it is necessary to organise Communist 'cells,' which by constant, perseverant work shall win the trades unions, etc., over to the cause of Communism. The 'cells' are obliged in their daily work to unmask everywhere the treason of the social-patriots and the fickleness of the 'Center.' The Communist 'cells' must be completely subordinated to the whole party.

WAR ON TRADE UNIONS

"10. Every party belonging to the Third Internationale is obliged to wage a stubborn war against the Amsterdam 'Internationale' of the yellow trade unions. They must most emphatically propagate among the unions of organised workmen the necessity of a breach with the yellow Amsterdam internationale. They must support by all means the rising international unification of red trade unions which join the Communist Internationale.

"11. Parties which wish to belong to the Third Internationale are obliged to subject to a revision the personnel of the parliamentary fraction, to eliminate from it all undependable elements, to subordinate these fractions not only in words but in fact to the party Executive Committee, by demanding of every single Communist Member of Parliament that he subordinate his whole activity to the interests of a really revolutionary propaganda and agitation.

"12. The parties belonging to the Communist Internationale must be developed on the basis of the principle of democratic decentralism. In the present epoch of intensified civil war the Communist Party will only be in a position to carry out its duty if it is organised in the most centralised manner possible, if iron discipline rules in it, and if its party leaders, supported by the confidence of the party membership, are furnished with the most complete power, authority and competences.

"13. The Communist Parties of all countries in which the Communists carry on their work in a legal manner must from time to time undertake purgings (new registrations) of the personnel of their party organisations, in order systematically to cleanse the party of all small-bourgeois elements which insinuate themselves in the party.

MUST GIVE HELP TO SOVIETS

"14. Every party which wishes to join the Communist Internationale is obliged to give unlimited assistance to any Soviet republic in its fight against the counter-revolutionary forces. The Communist Parties must carry on an unequivocal propaganda for the hindrance of the transport of war munitions to enemies of the Soviet Republic; furthermore they must by all possible means carry on propaganda, legally or illegally, among the troops sent to strangle the workmen's republics, etc.

"15.—Parties which have hitherto still held to their old social democratic program are now obliged within the shortest possible time to change these programs and, corresponding to the special conditions of their country, to work out a new communist program in the spirit of the decisions of the Communist Internationale. As a rule, the program of every party belonging to the Communist Internationale must be approved by the ordinary congress of the Communist Internationale or by the executive committee. In the case of non-approval of the program of one or another party by the executive committee of the Communist internationale the party concerned may appeal to the congress of the Communist Internationale.

"16.—All decisions of the congress of the Communist Internationale, as well as the decisions of the executive committee, are binding on all parties belonging to the Communist Internationale. The Communist Internationale active in conditions of intensified civil war, must be far more centrally organised than was the case of the Second Internationale. In this connection the Communist Internationale and its executive committee must naturally take into account in its activities the diversified circumstances under which the various parties must fight and work, and shall take decisions of general application only in such cases as admit of such decisions.

REQUIRES CHANGE OF NAME

"17.—In this connection all parties which wish to belong to the Communist Internationale must change their names. Every party which desires to become a member of the Communist Internationale must bear the name Communist Party of such and such country (Section of the Third Communist Internationale). The question of the name is not only a formal one but in great measure a political question of great importance. The Communist Internationale has declared war on the whole bourgeois world and on all yellow social democratic parties. It is necessary that to every simple operative the differences be clear between the Communist parties and the old official 'Social Democratic' and 'Socialist' parties, which have betrayed the banner of the working classes.

"18. All leading press organs of the parties of all countries are obliged to reprint all important official documents of the Executive Committee of the Communist Internationale.

"19. All parties which belong to the Communist Internationale, or have presented a request for admission, are obliged as soon as possible, but at the latest four months after the second congress of the Communist Internationale, to call an extraordinary congress to decide all these conditions. In this connection, the central committees must take care that the decisions of the second congress of the Communist Internationale are known to all local organisations.

"20. Those parties which now wish to enter the Third Internationale, but have not radically changed their previous tactics, must before their entrance into the Third Internationale take care that not less than two-thirds of the members of their central committees and of all important central institutions consist of comrades who before the second congress of the Communist Internationale publicly express themselves unequivocally in favor of the entrance of the party into the Third Internationale. Exceptions are permissible with the approval of the Executive Committee of the Third Internationale. The Executive Committee of the Communist Internationale has the right also to make exceptions for the representatives of the 'Center' policy named in Paragraph 7.

"21. Those members of the party who fundamentally reject the conditions and principles laid down by the communist Internationale are to be expelled from the party. The same holds good especially for delegates to the extraordinary party convention."

FINDS IDEALISM IN U. S.

Dr. Gibson Says Pan Americanism Is Based On Brotherhood

Washington, Nov. 10.—After a service of nearly two years as Secretary of the Peruvian Embassy here, Dr. Carlos Gibson left Washington today impressed with the idea, he sad, that a majority of the people of South America have an erroneous conception of the United States and of the real interpretation and motive back of Pan Americanism and the Monroe Doctrine as viewed in this country.

The idea which prevails widely in South America, said Dr. Gibson, that Pan Americanism is for the purpose of maintaining a hegemony of nations on the Western Hemisphere, is a false interpretation. He had discovered, he added, that it is the thought of brotherhood, of mutual help and benefit, which is the keynote of this doctrine.

The growing economic relations between the United States and the countries of South America constitute a basis, he said on which there will be built a more thorough and sympathetic political understanding. The people of South America do not know the United States, he holds; they must come here and learn, and if they do, he believes, they will see that many of their conceptions of its people life and ideas have been erroneous.

Dr. Gibson expressed the opinion that the United States, in spite of the practical character of its people, is a land of high idealism. He declared that his contact with the people and his study of the principles which guide them in the conduct of affairs had convinced him that any question which might be submitted to them for decision would be dealt with on the basis of right and justice. He spoke of the friendly sentiments in his country toward the United States.

Dr. Gibson is a member of the Faculty of Political Science of the University of Arequipa, Peru.

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Bernard Shaw Discusses

Woman As I Have Seen Her

The irrepressible Irish philosopher and wit herewith gives his impressions of "Woman Since 1880," as he saw her from his cradle to the present. Perhaps, and doubtless, there may be feminine protest at his breezy description of woman's sartorial foibles, but the Shavian principle is to arouse protest. If you agreed with him he would conclude that he had written in vain.

BY GEORGE BERNARD SHAW

I was born in the year 1856. Shortly after this I became conscious of women as immense mounds of flounced dress fabric with waists at the top of the mounds, and above the waists figures more or less like men, but with ampler bosoms and uncut bandolined hair divided in the middle, combed in smooth braids from the forehead to the ears, and then ringleted. The younger ladies confined it in bags of chenille netting.

I was dressed like a woman myself, as boys were not then distinguished from girls in dress in their early years. I wore a frock, under the frock a white petticoat, under the white petticoat a flannel petticoat, under the flannel petticoat a pair of loose white drawers and stays which were no more than a thick ribbed shirtwaist, under the drawers a chemise, also called a shift or shimmy, and under the chemise my unshiftable skin.

And all this a grownup woman wore also, with the addition of the huge crinoline which produced the mound-like appearance, and the difference that her frock came down to the ground and concealed the fact (then considered unmentionable) that she had legs and used them just like a man.

GOT SEVERE SHOCK

I shall never forget the shock I received when, on walking into our parlor one day without the least preparation, I first saw a lady without a crinoline. She seemed to me to be a monster, incredible, impossible, revolting, indecent. I was old enough not to scream and run away, and even to pretend that the universe still proceeded normally.

But I could not shake off the feeling that she had ceased to be human from the waist down, and had become like the parlor table, which had a round top on one central leg. The case was aggravated by the fact that the lady, who was a spirited person and very good looking, had changed with a crash from a crinoline resembling the dome of a mosque to no crinoline at all, whereas most matrons abated their crinoline by degrees and maintained by means of petticoats the familiar mound-like outline of their lower half.

It will be remarked that I speak of a parlor. At that time there was nothing quaint in the lines "Will you walk into my parlor? said the spider to the fly." Nowadays people, such as we were, sit in their drawing room and have what they call a dining-room for meals. Then the drawing-room was a place for ormolu clocks, plaster of Paris statuettes and stuffed birds, all under glass cases, with albums and antimaccassars and so forth.

PARLOR FOR "COMPANY"

It was used only on state occasions for the reception of visitors who were "company." A second sitting room, in which the family sat and received intimate visitors and took their meals, was not ornamentary furnished, and was called a parlor.

It must not be inferred that because I wore stays as part of my feminine costume, women's stays were necessarily like mine. I believe some of them were; but women who wished to have what were called figures, laced. Having a figure then meant having a waist like an hour glass or a wasp.

It was reported that the most devoted and resolute followers of this fashion lay flat on their faces on the floor while their maids placed one foot on the small of their backs so as to get the most powerful possible purchase for pulling the laces and achieving the utmost constriction possible without cutting the lady in two. There was a vigorous hygienic propaganda against tight lacing, with tearful pictures of the displacement of the internal organs.

These pictures produced no effect whatever, but warnings that small waists meant red noses perhaps did produce some.

Now there were two ways of making the waist look small. One was by lacing it. The other was by expanding the outline of the body below and above it by crinolines or bustles (crinolettes) and similar contrivances. While the crinoline lasted, the tight waist did not discourage the use of flowing stuffs, broad sash-like ribbons and wide sleeves. But when the crinoline vanished the tight waist led to women being tightly dressed all over.

LOOKED UPHOLSTERED

I can describe the effect only by saying that they were upholstered. Above and below the waist there were cushions rather than human contours, and the dress stuffs used were of corded material called rep, thick enough for cushions and incapable of flowing or folding. Even the hair was made into a huge cushion, called a chignon. The result was that the woman without the crinoline looked far less womanly than with it, because she looked far less human. She became a sort of animated sofa, so that the real sofas with their tightly stuffed corded coverings and buttons and bulbousnesses offered no contrast to the figures seated on them. And the dresses, like the sofa coverings, convinced you that they were sewn on and could not be removed.

This fashion did not endure, not because it was so horribly ugly, but because fashions must change if dressmakers are to have fresh orders, and also perhaps because it did not lend itself to obvious distinctions between very rich women and poorer ones.

Stays became corsets: that is, the point of maximum pressure descended from the waist to six inches lower, and all the warning diagrams became obsolete. But I cannot describe the changes which followed the period of the upholstered, chignoned women. When, at the age of twenty, I left Ireland, and changed my own period abruptly by jumping into London, I ceased to notice what women wore, or indeed what men wore.

When my play entitled "The Philanderer" was first produced, more than twenty years after it was written and published, one of the actresses came to me and said, "In the stage directions it says that I am to wear a bonnet. What is a bonnet. Do you mean a toquet?" I was utterly amazed. A policeman asking me what a lamp-post was could not have seemed more incredible than a woman asking what a bonnet was. The bonnet had vanished for a quarter of a century without my having noticed it.

MADE LIKE SCUTTLE

When I was a child the bonnet, with its rose-strewn border, its strings, and its curtain, was as familiar as the sun at noon. It was made of straw, shaped like a coal scuttle. The face was framed in the rim of the scuttle, and separated from it by a frill or ruching of tulle (the border) garnished with flowers. It was tied under the chin by a bow of broad silk ribbons (the strings), colored to taste.

And at the back of the neck there was a crinolette called the curtain, which was the hardest part of it for a modern woman to believe in. Something of this quaint headgear survives in the bonnet of the Salvation lass, and in the sun-bonnet. It shrank up into the Princess bonnet of the eighteen-eighties, which was only a little dab of something on the top of the head, but was still tied on under the chin by "strings."

Meanwhile there were sub-sartorial changes going on. It never occurred to me as a boy that a lady could ride a horse astride. I had seen little girl relatives climb on to bare-backed farm horses and ride them not only astride, but without either riding habit or tall silk hat; but this was admittedly naughty; besides, girls were supposed to lose their legs and became crinoline-shaped when they grew up.

TRACED TO DRESS

There were significant pruderies and customs, too: for instance, when metal railway bridges were introduced, with iron floors perforated for the sake of lightness, the floors had to be boarded before ladies would use them; and it was etiquette for a gentleman to precede a lady upstairs, though on all other occasions she went first. This was an inevitable result of the method of dressing which was applied to me before I was put into knickers.

History has not preserved the name of the heroic woman who first did for her sex what she had always done as a matter of course for her little boys. But when the invisible revolution was accomplished, and combinations and Knickers had taken the place of the petticoats and so forth, it became possible for a woman to climb a ladder publicly; and, as to the roofs of omnibuses before the stairs with which we are familiar were substituted for the little iron ladder of the old vehicles in which the women were all "insides."

In the nineties, when the bicycle became fashionable and practicable for women, an attempt was made to discard skirts. It failed for a very obvious reason, which, nevertheless, nobody seemed to see. When a woman borrowed her husband's or brother's Norfolk jacket and breeches, and they fitted her reasonably well, she looked perfectly correct, natural, and often very smart.

Unfortunately, she seldom did this. Instead, she got a Parisian dressmaker to make a hideous epicene compromise consisting of a pair of voluminous breeches, so obviously ashamed of themselves that they were pretending without success to be a skirt, and a weak little coat that was elegant in the wrong way and in the wrong place. This was unbearable; and as open-framed bicycles were available it perished of its own silly prudery. Not until the war came did women in attire bifurcated with masculine frankness and unconsciousness become familiar objects throughout the country.

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A Christmas Sermon

By Dr. Luther Freeman
(*Pastor Community Church*)

"THE UNSPEAKABLE GIFT"
(*II. Corinthians, 9-15*)

TWO thousand years ago a boy was born in the hill town of Bethlehem, in Palestine, of poor, humble parents. He was not an inventor, artist, orator, explorer, scientist, or poet. He never wrote a book, amassed a fortune, led an army or gave the world a new machine. And yet, a few years after his death a jewish scholar refers to him as "The Unspeakable Gift." And now, when two thousand years have passed we festoon our marts of trade, garland our homes and decorate our churches in memory of him on this anniversary of his birth. Why do we give such extraordinary recognition to this particular person? We answer, because he was in Himself and brought in His message, God's supreme gift to men.

I.—He brought the world a new theology.—He was no splitter of academic hairs. He did not profess to be theologian but he gave the world a new idea of God.

He taught that God is supremely anxious to have men know about Him. Paganism has always pictured God as removed from men and hiding Himself. Even the Hebrews thought it wrong to speak the name of their deity. The common thought said "God hides Himself from men for He will work out His plans regardless of man." That fatalism is the dominent notion in the thought of the majority of men today. If God lets any one know about Him it is the priestly class—the favored few. Jesus denied all such notions. He told us to think of God as a loving Father living with and for His children. Jesus said: God is like unto me. If you understand my attitude toward the world you will know how God thinks of the world. God is no longer to be thought of as an absentee monarch governing the world by blind forces. He is the imminent reality. He is here and wants us to know about Him, love Him and trust Him.

"Speak to Him then for He hears
And spirit with spirit can meet
Closer He is than breathing
And nearer than hands and feet."

He also declared that God's supreme purpose is to save men. But Jesus' conception of salvation was no narrow empty notion of getting men to some other place. It was to save men not by transferring them but by transforming them. He taught that God wants to make men good. God is not particularly interested in our words, our songs, our religious performances or even the correctness of our creeds. His main interest is in our goodness. No bad man is saved and no good man is lost.

II.—Jesus also gave the world the priceless gift of a new anthropology.—If he gave the world a finer thought of God he gave as priceless a gift in the nobler conception of man. That God thinks about man, cares for him, is willing to suffer in order to make clear to man His surpassing concern for him, is, in itself, a revelation of God's estimate of man. But Jesus goes much further than this and declares that God enters into human life—that the final explanation of all that is fine in man is that we are more than His creation. He is father and we are children. Jesus so identifies himself with us that he declares that whenever we do, even to the humblest, an act of service he counts it a personal service to him; and whenever we do a wrong to any man Jesus counts that a wrong done to himself.

When, on that first Christmas Day, the world saw divinity manifesting its complete presence in humanity it became forever impossible to think meanly of man. Jesus' whole attitude toward men was almost reverential. He addressed them as the children of his Father, worthy of the highest consideration.

It is not hard to imagine God apart from man as men conceived Him in the days of Babel when they tried to build a tower with which they could climb to him. This is the common element in all religions. Jesus declared that God had come into humanity to abide and eventually bring men to a plane where they could have fullest fellowship with God. So we have the coming at Bethlehem. The world found in Jesus the express image of his person—the fullness of the God head in concrete form—Immanuel.

But we must not think of this event as God's first coming to men. From the beginning he had been seeking every avenue of entrance into human life as the light makes its way into every cranny, as the atmosphere permeates everything. And his coming has found response in men of all kindreds, colors and tongues. The religions of the world bear witness to this eternal divine approach. His coming is apparent in the great souls of the saints, those men and women who have given us, in themselves, larger revelation of what man at his noblest may be. And yet, the best of them have their limitations.

To our own hearts he has come. There are times when we have been quite certain that we have heard his voice, when our hearts have been moved to deep and solemn consciousness of his approach. But these partial, limited, momentary glimpses of God have but made clear the need of a full coming in a form that men could understand.

God needed to be translated into human vernacular. We needed to hear some one say, "He that hath seen me hath seen the Father." This is what makes Jesus' coming among men the outstanding fact in human history. Not that other comings were without significance but this one embraces and assumes all others. Man and God are not incommensurable. There is a human side to the divine. God is like man and man is like God. We find prophets, seers and poets dreaming, hoping this, but Jesus made it clear. Then, if ever, night might appropriately pause and point with star jewelled finger to earthly happenings. Then, if ever, we might expect the doors of heaven to swing ajar that heavenly melodies might fall on earthly ears. He has found a royal high way from divinity to humanity and man is glorified. He came! He lived and walked among men. He is bone of my bone, flesh of my flesh. He was hungry, tired, misunderstood, lonely, shunned by those he wished to serve and "hated without cause." Humanity can never again be counted mean or base. He has dwelt with us and called us brothers.

His estimate of man is further seen in his serene confidence that man has the capacity eventually to build His kingdom in the world. He faced a world which seemed hopeless. Here was the worst form of human slavery the world has ever seen. Here vice stalked unabashed though peasant's hovel and Caesar's palace, pouring pollution everywhere. All religions were tolerated for no one cared for or respected any of them. Literature was without living message. Government was violence or organised plunder. The Jew even had lost his vision of the invisible and wasted his thought on paltry phylacteries. And yet Jesus never sounds one note of doubt. His high optimism never hesitates. He believed man latently noble enough to triumph and so he says: Go, disciple all nations, bring men everywhere to my feet, fill the world with righteousness and I am with you to the end of the ages.

He never questions the outcome nor does he suggest that there will have to be some fuller or renewed manifestation of God. Jesus believes that man has such capacity for receiving God and working with Him that all problems can be solved and the reign of truth established in the world. Are we sometimes discouraged? Does some doubter point to the disturbed nations with their political, economic and religious unrest? Is not unrest an indication of life? The economic unrest is evidence of a larger sense of justice and greater freedom in thought and life. There were no labor troubles among Roman slaves nor mediaeval serfs. Who ever heard of unions among the wretches in the Belgian Congo or the black slaves of the United States? German autocracy and Russian despotism made short shrift of economic discontent.

But such quiet was no indication of healthy conditions. It was the quiet of the cemetery. In this new day men are feeling their humanity more fully. Capacity for greater experiences are realised within them. It is not strange that newly emancipated, ignorant peoples run into excesses. By experience, they will learn and out of the stir and strain and upheavals will come a better civilisation, larger freedom, finer manhood. Jesus' faith in man will be vindicated.

If this Christmas time leads us to see a little more clearly the perfect goodness of God and the real glory latent in humanity we shall enter into some measure of the gifts of the first Christmas. He who brought us in himself the fullest revelation of what God is and opened our eyes to see something of what man may be is surely "The Unspeakable Gift."

BY GEORGE ADE

The Fable Of The Undecided Brunette And The Two Candidates

BY GEORGE ADE

A DARK-EYED Maiden was being carried off her Feet by a Cheap Man and a Provider. They took Turn About in coming up to the House. She was a Child Wonder when it came to spreading her Dates so that one Gentleman would not edge in another Fellow's Time. Each of the Applicants was led to believe that he was the Only One for whom all the Lights were turned on. He thought that when he failed to Show Up, she was in her own Room, looking at his Picture and Feeling Blue.

The girl did what she could to foster these Delusions. She wanted to hold as many Options as possible, so as to have her Pick.

The Cheap Man had his Good Points. He was House Broke and could play Chords on the Piano. But from eight to five every day he was a Shylock. When he was in a Crowd he never did anything rash that involved the use of Coin. He saved a little more than his Salary every Week, and was pointed out as a Comer in the Business World. It hurt him to Peel from the Role.

When he wanted to give the Brunette a Frolic, he would get a Book out of the Public Library and take it up to the House and read it to her. Once he put her on the Car and gave her a jolly Ride down to the Second Baptist Church to hear a Free Lecture on the Holy Land. At Christmas Time he sent the Dark Girl a Square Card with a Snow Scene, a Clump of Fir Trees and a Frozen Water-Wheel. When they went out to a Party, he always remarked that it seemed to be a Pleasant Evening and they might as well Hoof it.

THE PROVIDER

The Provider was just the other Way. He was for Buying. The Queen received her Violets every Day or two, even though he had to Catch Even by lunching on Buttermilk and Sinkers. She got what she wanted and he took his Chances on standing off the Wolf at the Door.

He took her to a Theater and they had Seats at about $8 a Throw, purchased from Speculators. After the Performance the Colored Man would load them into a Taxi and away they would Buzz, with all the google-eyed Spectators wondering which one of the Vanderbilt Boys that was.

After he got back to his $4.75 room and put the Dress Clothes where the Moths could not get at them, he would do some calculating on the back of an Envelope, and discover that he had Burned Up just One Week's Stipend between 7:45 and 11:15.

Then he would wish that a white-haired Old Lady with a Safety Deposit Vault full of Securities might come along and Adopt him and put him in a white and gold Suite with a Pianola and a Man-Servant.

The Provider was a Financial Feather-Weight, but he was Game as a Pebble. He worked on the Principle that a Man can Afford anything he can Get. He allowed himself nearly everything that the Rich Folks have, except Money.

He would invite the Brunette to Luncheon with him. When he was by himself he called it Lunch. That "son" on the end usually makes a difference of about $6.90 in the Check.

THE MOVING FINGER

They would repair to a Cafe with a Fountain playing in the center of the Room. Every time she pointed her Finger at another Item on the Carte du Jour it put a Sickening Crimp in his Visible Assets and moved him about three Notches nearer to Hard Pan, but he never twitched a Muscle. He would push a Half over toward the Waiter as if it annoyed him to see Money lying around.

He would walk out as light as a Toy Balloon and put her in a Cab and send her Home, and then he would be down to his Gloves and a Bunch of Keys.

The Brunette was Up a Stump when it came to making a Choice. It seemed to be another instance of Horse and Horse. She knew that the Cheap Man would own Bank Stock and Corner Lots when the Provider would be living on Snow Balls, and yet she could not bring herself to lean up against a Stingy Old Thing who never Unbuckled. As for the Provider, he was the Kindest Friend she knew and a Good Thing while he lasted, but she knew that he could not Last farther than from here to the Corner. She guessed that if she went ahead and married the Provider he would give her everything he Owned, but he never would Own more than you could put in a steamer Trunk.

THE CHEAP MAN

The Cheap Man, on the other hand, would have a Neat Balance and a Strong Rating, but it would require the use of an Anaesthetic to get a Tailor-Made Suit out of him.

While in this Quandry, she consulted her Aunt Em, who was two kinds of a Widow, Grass and Sod. She had buried one Husband and come out in Black. She had tied a Can to No. 2 and come out in Bright Colors.

Aunt Em asked a number of Leading Questions in regard to the Qualification of the two Suitors, and then she said: "My Dear Niece, this is a Tall Problem for 2 20-year-old Girls to close in on, but you are entitled to a lot of Credit for holding back and studying your Cards. A Lass who was short on Foresight would have chosen the Provider, in the foolish Belief that she would continue to get the Violets and Broiled Birds all the rest of her Life.

"A Mercenary Maiden might have grabbed at the chance to be Mrs. Cheap Man, but you are Dead Wise in your Theory that one who is a Parsimonious Papa during Courtship will prove to be a Tight Proposition as a Hubby. The Man who will not Loosen Up under the Melting Influence of True Love is a Quince. Truly it is not what Hubby has but what he Hands Out that helps one to Endure him as a Necessary Evil."

AN OUTSIDE CHANCE

"If you marry the Cheap Man, it is true that you stand a Show of getting the whole Estate sooner or later, but this is an Outside Chance, because the Cheap Man usually adopts a Diet of Prunes, Graham Bread, Vegetable Soup and plain Spuds, and he will be here a long time. The World is full of women whose Husbands are so far ahead of the Game that they can make fat Loans on Improved Real Estate, and yet each of these Wives is wearing Last Year's Hat, with the Wing moved over on the other Side. If she whispered something about a silverplated Electric Runabout to old Ready Money, he would throw a Double Arab.

"If you are going to start in to do a 40-year Stunt as Housekeeper to some Human Savings Bank, you had better put the Bargain on a Business Basis to start with. Go before a Lawyer and have him frame up an Iron-Clad Contract. Then you will get your little old Fifteen every Saturday Night. Otherwise you will have to Coax it out of him and get about 75 Cents per Throw.

HER MOVE

As between the Generous Young Fellow who is Flat and the Moneyed Man who never Comes Up, it is about Six of one and Half a Dozen of the other. I think you are tied up with a couple of Frosty Ones. Auntie's Advice would be to pull down the Blinds and pay a Visit to some other Town where the New Girl is a pleasing Novelty. There permit your Affections to Center on some Tractable Person who is neither a Prospective Pauper nor a close-fisted Clam."

The Brunette caught the Wisdom of the Suggestion and took a little Jaunt to Cleveland where she fell desperately in Love with a General Manager of Set Habits and a calm, untheatrical Generosity. They came to an Understanding and lived happily ever afterward.

Moral: It is Necessary to Make a few Purchases both before and after Marriage.

"A happy Christmas my dears, and God Bless us every one."

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao was a ricksha coolie. He knew nothing about Christmas. He did remember that on some occasion he took a fare from the Astor House to the Carlton and got twenty cents, when he only expected ten, and he did remember that when he found that he had been given twenty that he asked for more, and didn't get it.

But Christmas to Wong Bau Tsao was a time when the weather was colder, when he found his ricksha heavier to pull; when his best suit of rags was unable to keep out the cold; when that terrible cough, that seemed to get more terrible as the days passed, became worse, and when his breathing was often almost stopped by the pain that stabbed to the throb of his heart.

Christmas meant nothing to Wong Bau Tsao. Perhaps he would get a foreign man and carry him to one of those places where it was all light and merriment. Perhaps he would get a little more than usual. Then he would be able to eat a little more, and perhaps buy a little more, to keep him warm, and to stop that cough that shook him so often these days. Perhaps but Wong didn't even know when Christmas came.

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao! Wong Bau Tsao!

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao ran to the cry. It was the cry of a foreign man. He took his passenger—not very far—and the foreign man gave him fifty cents and said "Merry Christmas, merry christmas."

And what does that "Merry Christmas mean" thought Wong Bau Tsao.

Fifty cents! There was no need for further work tonight. He would be able to leave the cold streets and rest.

He only wanted to rest. Just to lie down and get warm. Fifty cents! There must be something very wonderful about that "Merry Christmas" of the foreign man.

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao was going to the place that was home to him. He had to pass one of those Joss Houses where foreign men and women told Chinese about their own Good-Man. He was so tired. . . . He would just go inside for a minute to rest. . . . There was a foreign woman talking to a few of his countrymen. He was not sure what she was talking about. He was resting. He wanted to lie down and sleep!

"And He came unto his own, and His own received Him not, but as many as received Him to them gave He power to become the sons of God."

What was that, that the foreign woman said? "His own received Him not, but as many as received Him to them gave He Power—"

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao wanted power. He wanted the strength to pull that ricksha which gave him enough—sometimes—to buy just a little food, just a little raiment wherewith to combat the terrible cold.

The foreign woman was talking. What was she saying?

"Christmas is a time when we are all giving things to our friends. The shops you see so brilliantly lighted are filled with things that people want to buy. Plenty people buy. They don't buy for themselves. They buy in order to give all that they can to other people. Why? God made the world and it was good. God so loved the world that he wanted to give to it a great gift. He sent His only begotten Son. He came. He died. He gave. He gave His life that we might have life. This is His birthday. It is different to other birthdays. We usually give presents to the person who was born on that day. It is different to other birthdays. He gives Himself. He gives His hands and His feet, He gives His breast and His brow. He gives His life. Not for ourselves; that which we have is for others.

"A Merry Christmas! God Bless us every one. And to everyone we can at least send God's blessing."

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao listens, he listens very quietly, he wants to know about this Man who gives, only gives, gives, gives, gives, to make a world happy. He stays for awhile and listens to the Story of Bethlehem. And then he goes back to the cold streets.

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao! Wong Bau Tsao!

* * *

And he takes his fare to the place where it is all brightness; it is all happiness, for it is Christmas. The bands are playing. The folk are singing. "This Christmas of the foreign man must be very good. Everyone gives. What can I give?"

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao is going home. He has had a long day but he has done well. That fifty cents means comfort. That fifty cents means a medicine man who can perhaps stop that terrible cough which still tries to shatter his frame. Fifty cents!

And Wong Bau Tsao sees one of his fellows in trouble. A Chinese Policeman has taken his license. He has unwittingly done something wrong. He is not sure what. To get that license means paying out perhaps fifty cents. The poor fellow is in terrible trouble.

"He gave His only begotten son."

Wong Bau Tsao remembers! And he takes the license from the back of his own ricksha and nails it to the back of his fellow's. Perhaps he is wrong. Perhaps it will be of no use.

"Christmas is a time when we are all giving things to our friends."

And so Wong Bau Tsao hears the message. He gives all that he has. And then he starts for—home—

* * *

Wong Bau Tsao was found lying in his ricksha on Christmas morning. The rags that covered him were too threadbare to keep out the cold, but there was a smile on his face.

Wong Bau Tsao has no fear of further cold. He has heard the message, he has answered the call. He is now where coolie and mandarin, foreigner and native are seated together. And all in the happiness of Christmas sing:

"Glory to God in the highest, And on earth peace, goodwill towards men."

Nobel Prize Winner Beloved By Swiss

Geneva, Nov. 13.—Awarding of the Nobel prize for literature to the Swiss epic poet and essayist, Carl Spitteler, has created the greatest possible satisfaction throughout Switzerland, for no Swiss is more genuinely respected and beloved than he, nor more deservedly.

Spitteler, who lives a very quiet retired life on the lake shore at Lucerne, was 75 years old last April, but is still vigorous for his age. So simple and unassuming is he that he may be seen doing his own marketing in Lucerne any market day, carrying home his vegetables and other market produce in a basket or parcel net. His chief hobby is planting different kinds of trees, especially conifers, to see which will grow best in his extensive grounds.

He has taken no part in political life except that in December, 1914, and in the Summer of 1915, when the division of opinion about rights and wrongs of war between German-Swiss and French Swiss were so acute as to threaten the country's safety and unity, he made a famous speech in Zurich calling on all Swiss to have their own Swiss standpoint and no other. They ought, he said, to contemplate reverently and pitifully the struggle proceeding in Europe, from which their country was mercifully spared, and do what they could to alleviate it, but not take violent sides for either belligerent. None but Spitteler could possibly have uttered such an appeal which produced an excellent effect, although it angered Germany at the time, especially as all Spitteler's works were published in Germany and the Germans first appreciated and made him known. Such considerations, however, did not weigh with Spitteler.

His chief works, all written in German, very few translated into French and none into English, are essays entitled, "Truths Spoken in Jest" and "Literary Resemblances," with numerous ballads, short stories and a partly autobiographical novel entitled "Imago," besides his well-known "My Earliest Experiences" and his epic poems, "Prometheus and Epimetheus" and "Olympian Spring."

Spitteler has traveled considerably in Europe, but has never visited the United States. When President Wilson issued his fourteen points Spitteler declared then to be noble and original, but said the world was not yet ripe for them.

In his appearance he is youthful looking considering his age, his features being characterised by serenity and geniality, sly humor and shrewdness blended with tolerance. At a distance Spitteler might pass for a Scotchman.

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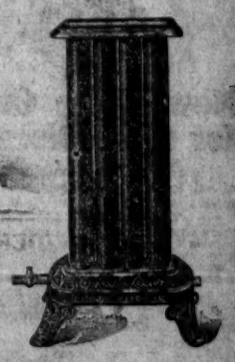

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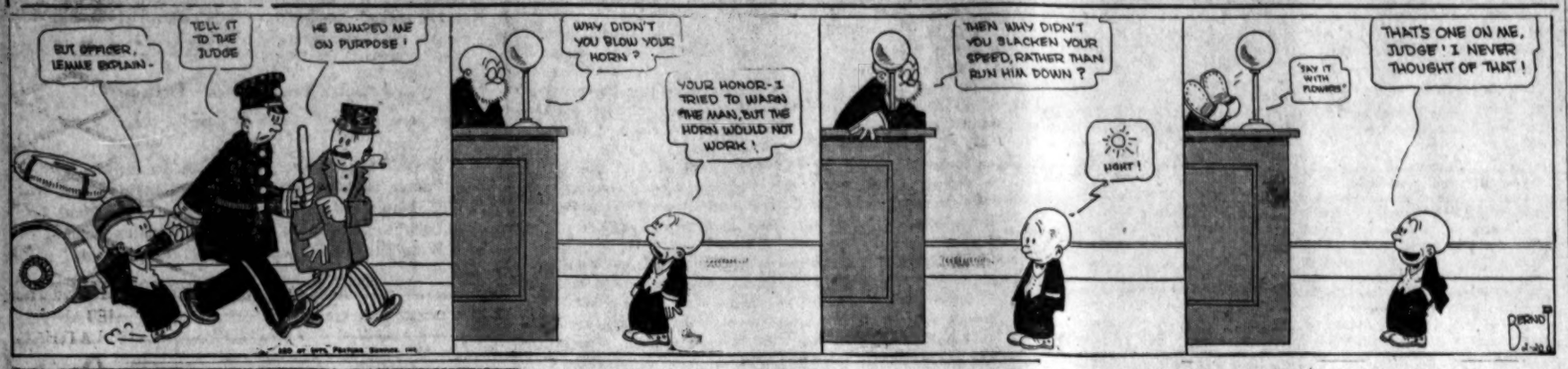
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YOUR HONOR - I TRIED TO WARN THE MAN, BUT THE HORN WOULD NOT WORK !
THEN WHY DIDN'T YOU BLACKEN YOUR SPEED, RATHER THAN RUN HIM DOWN ?
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Musical Matters -:- By Ronald B. Hurry

Correspondents wishing to draw attention to Musical Matters, or to ask questions, should address the writer, care of THE CHINA PRESS, *enclosing real names and addresses, not necessarily for publication.*

III. ON 'PROGRAM MUSIC'

We have met a good many misleading terms; here again is one that is rather foolish, although it is perfectly well understood by the musician. The layman may well be puzzled. Indeed there is a strong disposition on the part of smaller printers whenever they come across the words 'Program Music' in a lecture report or an article to interpolate the word 'of.' The country compositor can understand 'Program of Music'; 'Program Music' means nothing to him.

* * *

'Program Music' is a term loosely applied to any piece which is of the nature of definite musical illustration of a scene or event, or of a series of thoughts or emotions. In other words it is music with a strong pictorial or dramatic leaning, and its efforts are rather towards representation than towards formal beauty. It is difficult to arrive at an exact definition, but the idea will have been grasped from the above explanation.

* * *

A very simple, old-fashioned piece of program music will serve to exhibit the idea in its crudest form. Here is its descriptive titlepage, the date of which appears to be 1815:

'Grand Miscellaneous, Curious, and Comical Piece of Music..... in which is introduced the Downfall of Paris, the whole concluding with a New and Joyful Piece of Music composed for the Occasion call'd The Definite Treaty, and the Restoration of France, or Peace Proclaimed between Two Great Nations, announced by the Sound of Trumpets, Bells ringing, playing merry peals, and the firing of the Guns most respectfully inscribed to the British Ladies by Signor Lampieri. Price 2-6.'

* * *

By an ingenious combination of the arts the British ladies are left in no doubt as to the 'Program' of ideas intended to be illustrated in the piece. Drum and Fife parts are printed on a line of music over the right hand of the piano part, and between the staves are engraved figures of soldiers, guns and waggons representing the 'whole army going to be disbanded' etc. The whole 'program' of events includes such features as 'Thanksgiving,' described by sixteen bars of bustling semi-quavers, 'Ringing of the Bells,' a 'Peal,' with the remark—'a little in discord to give more effect.'

The performers are sometimes called on to produce mighty strokes of imitative effort as where the music-plate shows an artillery-man applying the match to the touch-hole of a clumsy-looking cannon of the period, a proceeding requiring some firmness and courage judging by the amount of smoke which decorates the the page of music. (The players have a pause marked for them on a *sforzando* A. in octaves —a naive enough 'canon' to justify the composer's description of his piece as 'Comical!')

* * *

That is 'Program Music' at its crudest. Notice that the instruments are asked for the most part to *imitate sounds*. Sound imitation will also be found in Beethoven's Pastoral Symphony, where the song of the cuckoo and the nightingale and the roar and crash of the thunderstorm are brought to the hearers' recollection by an attempt at their reproduction on the orchestra. Beethoven's effort is of a higher order than that of the good Signor Lampieri because Beethoven has not merely reproduced sound, but has at the same time made some really good music.

More legitimate however, than a 'program' of the imitation of natural or other sounds is a dramatic program of representation of *emotions*. Even here, however, the music cannot be considered as one of the very highest forms of art, since it cannot, to be fully appreciated, stand alone, and either a descriptive title or an actual literary 'program' has to be prefixed to the piece, and printed for audiences in order that it may be completely understood and make its full effect.

* * *

Liszt defined such a literary 'program' as:

'Any foreword in intelligible language added to a piece of pure instrumental music, by which the composer intends to guard the hearer against an arbitrary poetic interpretation, and to direct his attention in advance to the poetical idea of the whole, or to a particular part of it'; and he adds: 'The 'program' has no other object than to indicate preparatively the spiritual moments which impelled the composer to create his work, the thoughts which he endeavored to incorporate in it.'

* * *

A full discussion of the aims of Liszt and of other programists is contained in Prof. Niecks's standard work: "Program Music in the Last Four Centuries." Program Music is found as early as in Bach on the Continent and in Englishmen long before that, as early as the time of Queen Elizabeth. But in early days this descriptive music was not so common as it is today, when almost any work, even a symphony, has some sort of literary, poetic or emotional 'program' at the back of it, or in the mind of the composer as a creative stimulus.

Liszt's published 'program' to his pieces often consisted of a poem or preface of some length. His 'What one hears on the mountain' (*Ce qu' on entend sur la Montagne*) is based on one of Hugo's *Les Feuilles d'Automne*, and the whole poem is printed at the beginning of the score. His *Les Preludes* is preceded by a sort of prose summary of the thought of one of Lamartine's *Meditations poetiques*. His *Hamlet* and his *Hungaria* have no printed 'program,' it being thought, probably, that the very titles are sufficient to give the listener the clues needed.

* * *

The Sea-Piece of Macdowell "A.D. 1620," has its main thought suggested by the title itself. An imaginative brain at once begins to think of mighty seas, rock-bound coasts, the cockle-shell; *Mayflower*, Puritan heroism, psalm-singing, and the like. And once that order of ideas has been set going each can easily interpret the piece in his own way which may in detail be a little different from that of his neighbor,, and so get the pleasure of fine music combined with some of the pleasure of poetry. Strauss's "Death and Transfiguration" and Cesar Franck's "The Banned Huntsman" have programs prefixed. Saint-saens's *Danse macabre* has a poem. Fully to appreciate Elgar's "*Froissart*" Overture one should be acquainted with a passage in Scott's "*Old Mortality*," and, to some extent, with Froissart also. Tchaikovsky's "*Romeo and Juliet*" and "*The Tempest*" take for granted the listner's acquaintance with Shakespeare, and the latter has an actual 'program' attached (The sea. Ariel, an airy spirit obeying the will of the magician Prospero.....wreck of the ship bringing Ferdinand).

* * *

Tchaikovsky has some interesting remarks about 'programs' and his own view of their 'inspirational' value to the composer, with which we shall continue next week.

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SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1920

Date and Destination,	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Fr.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY.							
Swatow and Hongkong....	Tean	..	9.30	..	..	..	..
Chefoo and Tientsin	Yusang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow, H'kong, C'ton ..	Tean	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo	Yusang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Foochow	Heinchi	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hankow	Wuchang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong ...	Cheysang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Australia & New Zealand via Hongkong	Tean		9.30				
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	16.00	..	..	..	
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton....	Cheysang	8.00	..	..	..	..	7.30
Monday, December 27.							
Japan Ports	T'shima Maru	19.00					19.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong	E. of Japan	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	T'shima Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, December 28.							
Marseilles, Ports	Amazone				£3.00		
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez.....	do	..	£7.30	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Chefoo	Kwellin	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Yamashiro M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	19.30
Hongkong	Monteagle	..	10.30	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez.....	Sicilia		c9.30				
Wenchow	Hacan	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton ..	Wingsang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong, Straits, India & Europe via Suez	Sicilia	9.30	..	..	..	..	9.00
Swatow & Hongkong ...	Koosaning	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Kobe	Kaga Maru	..	9.30	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Yamashiro M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, December 29.							
Hongkong	Shantung		10.30	..	..	..	
Hongkong and Canton....	Shantung	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Vladivostok & Siberia...	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
H'kong, Straits, India & Europe via Suez	Amazone	£7.30					
Thursday, December 30.							
H'kong, Straits India ... & Europe via Suez	Havre Maru	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
Hongkong and Canton ...	Sinkiang	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Saturday January 1.							
Manila Direct	E. of Asia	12.00	..	..	..	..	11.30
Japan, H'lulu, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Colombia	12.00	..	..	..	..	11.30

* Parcel mail only.

A Registered articles, etc., will close at 5 p.m. on previous day and parcel post at 5 p.m. on Friday, Dec. 24.

B Letters and boxes with declared value at 7:30 p.m.

Parcels at 4 p.m. and money orders at 3 p.m.

C Parcel post and registered mail at 5 p.m. on previous day.

E Registered articles at 5 p.m. on previous day.

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b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train

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Western Dwellers In The Orient Have A Jargon All Their Own

From Many Lands And Many Tongues Comes That Strange Esperanto That Includes 'Amah,' 'Pidgin' And 'Chit.'

BY SARA MOFFATT SCHENCK
(*Japan Advertiser*)

Among the strangest of the weird sounds that assail the bewildered ears of the newcomer from the Occident to the Far East is the outlandish jargon that he hears from the lips of his own people. It is not so much the sing-song of the native of Canton or Peking or the unaccented flow of syllables he hears in the streets of Tokio that surprise him—these he expected to be outlandish—but the strange new words he hears in daily use by those who hail, perhaps, from his own home town.

His first impression is that these terms come from the new land he is exploring, and when he hears Charlie, from Keokuk, Iowa, speaking of his "shroff and his compradore," and May, from Trenton, New Jersey, referring to a "chit" inviting her to "tiffin," he marvels at their cleverness at "picking up the language." Soon the "griffin" is using these terms as glibly as the rest of the Orient-inhabiting Occidentals. Probably he continues to use them to the end of his sojourn in the Far East, without bothering to inquire as to their origin or derivation.

TAKEN FROM MANY TONGUES

Certainly they are not, most of them, either Chinese or Japanese. As a matter of fact they are proper terms in no language, unless the jargon of the foreigner in the Far East may be considered as a language. From many tongues and from many lands they come, most of them by the very elementary process of corruption and mispronunciation. Many of these are but the result of the attempt of Western tongues to twist around strange new sounds. Together they form a lingua franca of the Orient, a vocabulary in which men of widely varying cultures and tongues converse together. They make up an Esperanto common to the far flung ports from Kamchatka to Bombay that have been invaded by the foreign trader. Something of the outlandish romance of strange new places cling to these words, and coming to the ears of one unused to them they seem a part of all the bizarre sights, the uncouth sounds and the wild smells that bewilder his senses when first he sets foot on the Bund of some Oriental port.

Altogether they form a very considerable vocabulary. Some have originated in Japan and traveled southward and westward to India, and many have come from India and spread to all the Orient, from Bombay to Hakodate, including Java and the settlements of the Malay Archipelago, gathering new additions at every port.

CHIEF CONTRIBUTORS

Not always are these terms corruptions of the native words pronounced by Occidentals. Very often a term in current use is a corruption of the European word as heard by the Oriental ear and rendered by the Oriental tongue. The Portuguese, Dutch and French are all responsible for a certain amount of this hybrid vocabulary, but the Portuguese probably have more words to their count than any other as they were the first Europeans to take an active part in Oriental trade. Especially is this true of many place names in the Orient.

These various terms, having once become established, have persisted through many years and many changes in the fortunes of the nations which first made use of them. Not a few have become incorporated into the English language and have found their way into English dictionaries.

The following is a partial list of these terms, with the meanings and derivations, that the understood by all Occidentals in the Orient and by most natives who have any dealings with foreigners, from "somewhere east of Suez" to Yokohama.

ORIGIN OF AMAH UNCERTAIN

Amah: This word is applied throughout the Orient by foreigners to a maidservant, especially to a nurse-maid. There is considerable discussion as to the origin of the word, some attributing it to the Hindustani word meaning nurse, some to the Chinese word with the same meaning, while still others flatly state that the word is no more than the Portuguese term, amah, meaning nurse-maid or maid under certain conditions.

Beri-beri: This is a Malay word used commonly by foreigners as the name for a disease in the East, known in Japan as kakke, which has hitherto been an obscure mysterious complaint, manifesting itself by a great variety of symptoms and claiming as its victims many of the inhabitants of the Malay and Eastern Archipelagoes, India, China and Japan.

Bonze: This term is generally thought to be a corruption of the Japanese word bozu, meaning priest." It was brought from Japan by the Portuguese and has since been used to denote any priest, although in Cochin-China, China and the neighboring countries, this term is applied to the priests of the Fuh.

HE LEARNS 'BOY' FIRST

Boy is the term first learned by all those who come to the Orient. It is used to denote the man-servant who waits on the table or performs other domestic service. When it was first used, or why, is not known.

Bund comes from the Hindustani word band, an artificial causeway or embankment. It is generally applied to the broad driveway along the water front common to Oriental port cities. From this comes the word bunder used in Shanghai and other places and means an untrue rumor, a canard.

Bungalow is now a good English word which came originally from the Hindustani word, bangiah, meaning a one-storied house.

Cash is derived from the word cashee, used by the Chuliahs, or Klings of India for coin. It is now applied by foreigners to the copper coin with the square hole in the center current in China and Japan. The value in China of this coin is approximately one-tenth of a cent and in Japan it is much less.

Catty: This term is used mostly in China, although it is understood pretty much throughout the East. It comes from the Malay word, kati, and stands for a measure of weight equal to one and one-third pounds. In Chinese it is called chin and in Japanese, kin.

'CHIT' COMES FROM INDIA

Chit: This word is widely used and with two different meanings. It may mean a bill or memorandum of an expenditure, in which case it is derived from the Hindustani word, chittha, which means the same thing. Or it may be used to indicate a note or letter, when it comes from the Hindustani word, chitthi, meaning a letter. The British are responsible for its use in the Orient.

Compradore comes from the Portuguese verb, comprar, to buy. It is used by foreigners to designate the Chinese (or other native) agent who does buying and selling for them. It is often used by foreign banks in the East to mean the native underwriter, the man between the bank and the customer. It is sometimes used in China to mean a storekeeper who handles foreign goods.

Congee is a word used all over India and largely in China to mean the water in which rice has been boiled. It is derived from the Tamil word, kanji.

'CHOP' MEANS A TRADEMARK

Chop is the word applied to the brand put on goods, and roughly corresponds to the word trademark. It is also applied to the business seal of firms doing business in China, Japan, Java, and other places. This word may be derived from the Canton pronunciation of the character meaning to puncture; or it may come from the Hindustani word, chapna, meaning to stamp or to print.

Chop-chop is a pure pidgin-English expression, meaning "hurry up!" It comes from the Canton pronunciation of the ideograph meaning hurry, reduplicated.

Chop-sticks: This is an English word now, meaning the pair of bamboo, wood or ivory sticks with which the Chinese or Japanese take up food. The word chop is the Cantonese pronunciation of the word hurry, the same as above, the name of the implements actually meaning "hasteners."

AND 'CHOW' IS FOR FOOD

Chow is the corruption of the Chinese word meaning food. It is a slang expression in most cases, being a pidgin-English term. From this comes the term Chow Dog as applied to a certain brand of dogs common in China. This name was first applied to the dogs under the common but fallacious impression that the dogs were used for food.

Coolie: There is considerable discussion as to the origin of this word, although all agree that it is a corruption of some Indian word. One writer on the subject says that the term comes from the Tamil word, Kuli, from South India, where it means hire or wages, and that it was applied by Europeans to the native laborers, many of these coming from the Tamil people of Madras. Others say it comes from the name of a tribe of hillmen from the Deccan, called Kolas or Kulas. Bishop Heber in his Indian journal speaks of Kholees as the name of a degenerate race of Rajpoots in Guzerat who, from the low occupations in which they are generally employed, gave a name, probably through the medium of the Portuguese, to the bearers of burdens all over India, whence all over the Orient.

HERE'S ONE FROM JAPAN

Jinriksha, often abbreviated to riksha, is the light two-wheeled vehicle drawn by a man used for one or two passengers. Its invention is attributed to an American missionary in Japan about 1870 and its use has spread all over the Orient, even to the Cape of Good Hope, where the roads are suitable, man-power throughout all these countries being still the cheapest locomotive force. The word comes from the Japanese word, jinriksha, meaning man-power-cart.

Joss: This is a term much used by foreigners and has a slightly contemptuous shading. It comes from the Portuguese word Deos, meaning God. Foreigners speak of incense offerings as joss-sticks; of temples as Joss-houses; of good joss and bad joss, etc.

Junk in the term now applied to all native sailing boats of a size exceeding the smallest boats. It comes from the Portuguese word, Junco, meaning boat, which was a corruption of the Malay word, jong, abbreviated from ajong. Some say it comes from the Japanese word, Jung, meaning a large boat.

LASCARS A CLASS

Lascar is not a race, as often thought, but a class of people in India. The term comes from the Persian word, lasker, meaning army, hence navy, and from that to sailor. An Indian sailor, a class largely employed by British and other boats trading in the Orient, is now known to the world as a Lascar.

Loquat comes from the Cantonese pronunciation of lu chu, or rush orange, or medlar.

Lorcha is a word from the Portuguese given to a small vessel whose hull is of western build but whose masts and sails are Chinese.

Lowdah is the term applied to the head boatman in China. It literally means old great one, and is used by the Chinese to mean the shipper of a junk.

DISAGREE OVER 'MANDARIN'

Mandarin: Williams says this term comes from the Portuguese word, mandar to rule. Professor Schott says: "We first received the word mandarin through the Portuguese navigators. It is, however, no more Portuguese or Spanish than Chinese, but is the Sanskrit maintrin, counsellor, which with a multitude of other Sanskrit words passed over very early to the Malays, among whom even now it means a high dignitary. Now since those Portuguese, discoverers became acquainted with Malaya earlier than with Chinese, it is easily explainable that they should choose a word in use among the Malays in order to designate a Chinese official. All that they did was to make the word easy of pronunciation by the insertion of a new vowel and the softening of the t to d."

Mandarin Duck is so called as being considered superior to other kinds. It is the emblem, among Chinese, of conjugal fidelity.

Mandarin Orange is so called for the same reason. More common kinds of this loose skinned orange are called coolie oranges.

Maskee comes from the Portuguese word, masque, meaning notwithstanding, nevertheless, but in general use in pidgin-English it now means "never mind."

Maskee comes from the Portuguese mausim, meaning season. It is applied to the trade wind in the East Indian Ocean blowing in one direction for six months, then in the opposite direction for the same period.

'PADDY' IS MALAY, NOT IRISH

Paddy comes from the Malay padi, meaning rice in the ear or unhusked. Paddy-fields is the common expression among foreigners in the Orient to mean fields of rice, of the fields that are kept under water.

Pagoda: Here again there is a difference of opinion concerning the origin of the term. "The word Pagoda is descended from the Sanskrit Chagavati through the Persian bootkuda or the Hindustanee poutkhoda or bootkhoda, and means 'the house of idols,' 'the abode of God,' or 'Holy House.' According to the original use of the word in India, it is a name given to the various buildings where they worship idols,' and it has been employed in the same indiscriminate way by some writers on China, but majority of modern writers restrict the use of the term to the tower-like structure common in China," is the verdict of Mr. J. Dyer Ball. Another authority says: "The word probably comes from Persian or Hindustani words which mean the house of idols. The French use it correctly for a group of religious buildings, the English less correctly for a single tower, perhaps not connected with religion."

Picul is the term used to denote a measure of weight, usually about 133 pounds avoirdupois. The Chinese word is tan and the Japanese word is hakkin.

Pidgin is generally thought to be the Chinese attempt to pronounce the word business, although some maintain that the term originated in the Hindustani word, pachna, to take pains, to labor. The former seems the more reasonable explanation, as it came into use in the old Canton days when very few foreigners spoke Chinese and no Chinese knew English. It is "an extraordinary jargon in use between native servants, shopmen, etc., on the one side, and foreigners who do not speak Chinese on the other." It consists of a limited number of English words, and a few other words, used more or less according to Chinese idiom, and also mispronounced. "Good pidgin" means good business, etc.

Porcelain, a word long in good use in English, possibly does not properly belong in this list, but since its origin is due to the manufacture of this ware in China, it may not be uninteresting. The word is from the Portuguese porcellana, a cowrie shell, which was so-called because its shape resembled the rounded back of a little pig. When the ware was first introduced into Europe from China, remarked and the name porcellana was thereupon applied to it which soon became porcelain.

PUNKAH A INDIAN WORD

Punkah is the "Hindustani name of a large palm-leaf fan, the stalk of which is rested on the ground, while the leaf itself is waved behind the party to be fanned. The word is now applied throughout the East to the swinging frames with cloth vallances fitted in European houses."

Rattan comes from the Malay, rotan. It is a species of Asiatic climbing palm that is split and used for making a variety of articles, seats of chairs, etc.

Sampan literally means in Chinese 'three planks,' but is generally applied to any small native boat, not a junk. The term originated in the construction of the boats in the rivers and canals of China, being actually made of three boards.

Shroff is said to come from the Arabian word, sarraf, banker. In the first use of it by foreigners, it was applied to a silver expert employed in banks, etc. to examine dollars. Later it acquired a wider application and is now used to mean the employe who collects accounts for a firm.

ONE TOO WIDELY KNOWN

Squeeze is a slang term in wide use meaning the commission taken by all servants buying for their masters, extortion, peculation, etc. "The first recorded use of the word in this sense is in a letter from Catchpole to the directors of the East India Company."

Sycee comes from the Chinese term hsi ssu, which means fine silk. It is usually applied to Chinese lump silver because this, when heated, can be drawn out into silk-like threads.

Taipan is a pure Chinese word meaning great manager. It is used to mean the manager of a foreign business firm, but at one time was applied to foreign consuls in China.

Tiffin is neither a Chinese word nor an Indian, coming from the Near East. It is the Arabic word, taffanun, and simply means the midday meal.

Topee comes from India, the land where sun-helmets are most needed. It is the Hindustani word, topi, and is used by Europeans to mean the special kind of pith hat, designed as protection from the deadly rays of the Indian sun.

THE NAME OF THE BIG WIND

Typhoon: There is probably more discussion about the etymology of this word than of any other word that has come out of the Orient. It might well be derived from the Chinese word, tai feng or tai fung meaning simply "big wind." The Japanese expression, tai fu, having the same meaning, also approximates the sound. Some authorities however, think it comes from the Arabian word, tufan, meaning tempest, and that it was brought by the Arabs to the Indian Archipelago where the Portuguese heard it from the Malays. Others again attribute it to the Greek word, Typhus, and quote Milton as proof. Again others say that Pinto was the first foreign writer to use the word, in 1560, and he calls it a Chinese term.

This list is by no means complete, even of the words known to the whole Orient, while if it were enlarged by words used in more restricted localities, the list would swell to large proportions. Wherever foreigners live among the native populations of the Orient, they adopt a certain number of the words of that particular place, many being the names of objects unknown in other parts of the world.

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Chientao Operations Duplicated Near Mukden, Journalist Is Told

Junius Wood Tells Story Of Mizumachi Letter—Mission Men Think Colonel Expressed Government Views

(Japan Advertiser)

Another Japanese military expedition operated in the vicinity of Mukden simultaneously with that in Chientao and from reports brought out by the Rev. H. T. Cook in the method of procedure by the Japanese troops in the Mukden area was similar to that at Chientao, according to Mr. Junius B. Wood, correspondent for the Chicago Daily News, who has just returned from a two weeks' trip through the occupied area in Chientao. The Chientao district is occupied by the Canadian Presbyterian Missionaries and the district around Mukden by those from the United States, Mr. Wood said.

It is the opinion of Mr. Wood that the missionaries in Seoul, who have been confronted with the same conditions as were laid down in the much discussed letter of Colonel Mizumachi to the Canadian Presbyterian missionaries in Chientao, consider that the general principles laid down by Colonel Mizumachi are not limited to him or even to the military. "While in Seoul," he said, interviewed at the Grand Hotel at Yokohama yesterday, "I was informed that a few days ago much the same propositions were brought up, though in a tentative and less detailed way, at a conference between the Chosen director of education and representatives of mission schools there. The latter considered the discussion sufficiently important to be reported to their government representative. They also are inclined to believe that the desire to adopt the general principles laid down in Colonel Mizumachi's latter is not limited to him or even to the military.

"Those who are personally acquainted with Colonel Mizumachi esteem him as a gentleman and kindly friend," said Mr. Wood. "His career has been that of a soldier, but with a much broader experience and closer official association in national and international politics than comes to the average officer.

"After a hard day's ride, Colonel Mizumachi arrived at Lungchingtsun November 25. On the day following his arrival, he made an appointment with the Rev. Dr. William R. Foote, head of the Canadian Presbyterian mission work in that district, and late that afternoon called at the latter's residence. After about an hour's talk, the Colonel, just before leaving, read the opening paragraphs of his letter and left it with Doctor Foote, asking him to read it and kindly give his sentiments in writing on the views it expressed.

"The letter was written in English. Copies later were sent to the Rev. A. H. Barker and Mr. S. H. Martin, other members of the same mission organization.

"Doctor Foote, though strong physically, is of a gentle nature, seasoned by 23 years of privations and pleasures in mission work in Korea. He is conservative, mild in speech and slow to express a judgment. When I left Lungchingtsun, ten days later, he had not replied to the letter, feeling that he as an individual was not justified in answering a document with so many important policies involved until it was first referred to higher officials in his church and national government.

"During the conversation, Doctor Foote informed the Colonel that a Japanese officer had agreed to accompany him to Norabawie or Shogando to investigate the events attendant on the partial burning of that village and that, on another occasion, several officers had made an appointment to call at his house and discuss the situation in Chientao, but that neither engagement had been kept. Colonel Mizumachi declared that he was chagrined at the failure of his fellow officers to establish friendly relations with the missionaries.

"On the day following his call on Doctor Foote, Colonel Mizumachi and several officers and myself rode to Norabawie. Doctor Foote was invited to send a representative. Doctor Martin, who had been prepared to accompany the party on the previous day, was unable to go.

"On the next day, Colonel Mizumachi with Captain Nakagawa again called on Doctor Foote to be shown through the Canadian Presbyterian hospital. Doctor Martin was in the country at the time and the Colonel, after seeing the excellent institution, left a letter for him expressing appreciation of his work for unfortunates among the Japanese subjects and enclosing a personal contribution of Yen 100.

Interviews with Canadian Presbyterian missionaries in the district brought out the fact that the Japanese troops did not molest property owned by foreign missionaries, according to Mr. Wood. The missionaries said that the schools and churches burned were owned by the Koreans. The disturbed district is thickly populated, the newspaper man said, and one is rarely out of a sight of houses while traveling through the country. "There was no wholesale destruction; it is possible to ride for miles without noticing evidence of reprisals. Occasionally a village or farmhouse is found destroyed and some or all of the occupants shot."

Gun Fight In A School Follows Attempt At Hazing

Chicago, November 13.—Antagonism between the sophomore and freshman classes of the Waukegan High School developed on Friday night into a gun battle and a free-for-all fight in which one student was shot in the heel and another beaten into insensibility.

The row started when three boys and two girls drove up to the High School building to attend a party Friday evening. Those in the party were Carl Ambrose, 13 years old, son of Dr. C. S. Ambrose, Commander of the American Legion Post at Waukegan; Elizabeth Lyon, 16 years old; Margaret Puise, 16 years old; Donald Doolittle, 16 years old, and Arthur Shumway, 15 years old.

As the five left their car they were confronted by five masked youths. Ambrose, the smallest in the party, who several times previously had been hazed by upperclassmen, was ordered to go with them, but he whipped out a .45 Colt automatic pistol used by his father in the army. He fired one shot, wounding Theodore Lux, a sophomore. The pistol was seized and the masked youths then beat Ambrose into insensibility. Shumway was also badly bruised. The girls then took a hand and Miss Lyon obtained the gun and fired two shots in the air, when everybody fled.

Thrilling Leap From Airplane Made By Young Girl.

Miss Tiny Broadwick, eighteen years old of San Francisco, who made a daring parachute leap from a plane 5,000 feet up at the recent State Fair at Sacramento. The parachute is an invention of Miss Broadwick's father, Charles Broadwick, a noted aviator. The girl's spectacular performance thrilled the thousands who witnessed it.

15,744,662 JEWS IN WORLD

American Year Book Says There Are 1,500,000 In New York

New York, Nov. 7.—The American Jewish Year Book for the year 5,681 is just off the press of the Jewish Publication Society of Philadelphia. It was edited by Harry Schneiderman for the American Jewish Committee. The condition of Jews in Russia, in Poland and other parts of Europe is discussed.

"In Western Europe," Mr. Schneiderman said, "the wave of anti-Semitism has swelled to enormous proportions; it has reached the British Isles in the form of insidious literary propaganda, and there are indications that attempts are being made to import this foreign plague in a virulent form into our own country."

The total number of Jews in the world, on estimates made before the war, is placed at 15,744,662; in North America, 3,379,668; in South America, 116,557; in Europe, 11,435,968; in Asia, 433,332; in Africa, 359,722 and in Australia, 19,415. It is noted that in 1818 only 3,000 Jews lived in the whole United States and by 1907 that number had grown to 1,777,185. It is estimated from 1918 figures that there are now 1,500,000 Jews in New York City.

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KERMIT ROOSEVELT IN BIG SHIP PROJECT

One Of The Incorporators Of New Roosevelt Steamship Co., With $1,000,000 Capital

WORLDWIDE OPERATIONS

Captain Quit Kerr Navigation Company When Harriman Interests Got Control

New York, Nov. 15.—Word came to this city last night of the incorporation in Delaware yesterday of the Roosevelt Steamship Company, with a capital of $1,000,000, the incorporators being Captain Kermit Roosevelt, Russell Geidman and Max Zaliels. The papers forming the new corporation were filed in the State House at Dover and, being on the standardised form for incorporate application, failed to disclose much concerning the detailed plans of the venture beyond its aim to "build, own and operate steamships."

Inquiry at the home of Captain Roosevelt at 151 East Seventy-fourth Street, last night found him dining out. Mr. Zaliels, described as a shipping man long in business in this port, could not be located. The third incorporator proved to be associated with Herman Goldman in the latter's law practice at 120 Broadway. Russell Goldman, who lives at 1,190 Madison Avenue, is a Director in C. A. Colman Company, makers and dealers in cotton goods at 74 Worth Street.

"The Roosevelt Steamship Company plans to operate on a world-wide scale," it was said at Mr. Goldman's office last night. "It plans to acquire ships and to build them if necessary. In the absence of Mr. Goldman it is impossible to say whether or not the company expects to get any of the steamships controlled by the United States Shipping Board."

The formation of the corporation marks the entrance of Captain Roosevelt into the maritime field "on his own." Up to the present, although some time in the shipping arena, he has appeared merely as an official of various companies.

Among these companies were the American Ship and Commerce Corporation, the holding company of the Cramp Shipbuilding Company and the Kerr Navigation Company which Mr. Roosevelt joined in September, 1919, as Secretary. Last October he resigned, shortly after the W. A. Harriman interests had acquired the holdings of H. F. Kerr and A. E. Clegg in the Kerr Navigation Company, and the subsequent sequestration by Federal agents of $4,900,000, the proceeds of the deal.

Although Rear Admiral Benson, head of the United States Shipping Board, vigorously combated the allegations, Captain Roosevelt, then Vice-President of the Kerr Navigation Company, saw in the transfer of the Kerr stock to the Harriman interests a possibility that the Hamburg-American Line might turn the transaction to its benefit. In a statement he bitterly criticised the seizure of the $4,900,000 by Federal agents, who acted on the theory that taxes might not be paid on it, declaring that it was a coup engineered by the Harriman combination.

Major Gen. George W. Goethals was President of the American Ship and Commerce Corporation at the time that Captain Roosevelt was Secretary. In a statement concerning his resignation Captain Roosevelt said that he had decided upon severance of his relations with the company after he had been in conference with General Goethals and Alfred E. Clegg.

Willed $10,000,000 For Saving Rich Girl From Slums.

The Rev. David S. K. Byrne, of Montreal, who will soon enter into possession of the $10,000,000 estate of the late W. G. Byrne. Dr. Byrne in 1907 was David Kipp, a tea salesman, and in Chicago on business. In a saloon in the slums he was attracted by the beauty and intelligence of a twenty-year-old girl who had fallen from her position as the daughter of a wealthy miner. He induced the girl to return to her parents. Later Kipp received a letter from the girl's father asking him to change his name, which he did. A year later the girl died and in 1914 the father was drowned, leaving Dr. Byrne the sole heir to the fortune.

CHAPLIN MONEY SETTLEMENT TO WIFE IS DENIED

Mildred Harris Will Prosecute Divorce Suit To Conclusion; She Denies Figures

Los Angeles, Nov. 6.—A money settlement in the divorce suit brought against Charley Chaplin, famous film comedian, by Mildred Harris Chaplin was reached today, according to latest report Chaplin will deposit $50,000 in escrow in a local bank and will pay his wife $100,000 more when the final papers are signed.

Inquiry at the bank elicited the usual information that bank officials are never permitted to reveal transactions of their clients. With Mrs. Chaplin it was entirely different. She said:

"No settlement has been made. I would know if one were made and I can state positively that none has."

"Couldn't a settlement be made by your attorney in the East without you knowing about it?" she was asked

"No. My attorneys in the East would consult my attorneys in Los Angeles, who in turn would consult me before a settlement was reached. Besides, this amount is not correct. I would not settle for that amount."

"Is the amount too small or too large?"

"Well, I don't want to say. I suppose it will become public some time but I do not want to say what it is. However, it is not correct."

"The report is based upon very good authority and many believe it to be correct."

"I am sorry, but it isn't. I wish a settlement had been made, but it hasn't. I am just as tired about this divorce as I can be and will be glad when it is settled."

Despite Mrs. Chaplin's statement, friends insist that a settlement has been reached and that the divorce proceedings will be hurried along after today. They say that if Chaplin hasn't already deposited $50,000 in escrow it will be done Monday. They say that as soon as it is done attorneys of both parties will take immediate steps to have the divorce granted.

The friends also point out that the news that they received came even before Mrs. Chaplin knew a settlement had been reached in the East.

See
"The Great Radium Mystery"
at the Isis Theatre
Monday Night

BUSINESS AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

(Continued from Page 30)

FREDERICK'S HOTEL
100 West Jukong Road

Commodious and exclusive. Easily found by turning to the left in Szechuen Road at Jukong Road (first street north of Range Road). Full hotel accommodation for forty guests, and unlimited restaurant and catering accommodations.

Note: Our Cuisine is not farmed out, that's the reason why our food tastes different. Order your Christmas and New Year's dinners here (drop a line). You will like our plain, Chicago Cooking best as it will be more to your own customary taste. Wine-cellar: guaranteed absolutely pre-war Champagnes, Sparkling Burgundies Sherries, Clarets, Ports, etc.

Bring your family with you, and see for yourself the good cheer and comfort of pre-war Europe that prevails at our lavishly furnished Restaurant, etc.

34037

Municipal Notification
No. 2702

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1920
Price of Issue until further notice 92½ per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution VII passed at the annual meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1920.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 92½ per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1930.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. D. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 13, 1920.

32980

THE LITTLE SHOP
A230 Szechuen Road

Choice Xmas Gifts

Embroideries, Furniture, Jewellery, Lamps and Shades Porcelains, Curios.

SHOWROOM UPSTAIRS

Inspection Invited.

34117

ELECTRICAL TREATMENTS
and scientific
SWEDISH MASSAGE
by
T. BURKE
(London Med. Cert.)
PALACE HOTEL
Patients attended at their homes only.

34239

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

THE
URAL JEWELLERY STORE
The Latest Novelties in Jewellery of every description.
A special line of
URAL STONES
made to order in all colors and in any patterns desired.
Watches and Clocks
and
regulating and repairing of same
Engraving neatly executed.
No. 291 North Szechuen Road.
(Opp. Mission Book Store Co.)

35193

LOST

A Bank Order, No. 35 785, for Taels 200, due on 24th day of 11th moon, issued by the Dong Teh Bank, (同德莊) has been lost. The public is hereby cautioned against negotiating the said order, as it has been cancelled.

MAI KEE.
梅記白
34523

ELECTRIC CABINET
TURKISH BATH
And Massage Establishment
Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.
PROF. I. K. SETO
Cor. Nanking and Szechuen Road: Above Oriental and American Bank Tel.: C. 2768.

ANTHRACITE COAL
Suitable for all Closed Stoves
$18.00 per ton

Guaranteed equal in its heating and stability as higher priced Anthracite Coal. Other Household and Hard Coal can be supplied at lowest prices. No orders accepted under half ton. Delivery guaranteed same day on all orders received before noon.

FREE of CHARGE:—40 bundles of fire wood given with all orders of 1 ton or more of our $18.00 Anthracite Coal.

YUNG ZUNG COAL CO.
Agents for *Liu Chiang Mining and Railway Co., Ltd.*, North Soochow Road (East of Stone Bridge),
Telephone North No. 1631.
湧成煤號
34199

ANNOUNCEMENT

Sale of Songdo School Cloth at a 20% Discount from November 15 to December 15, 1920. Now extended to January 1, 1921. Please note that our stock is Limited.

All Striped and White Goods will be included in this Discount Sale.

No Solid Colors, Checks or Plaids will be put on sale, because we can hardly supply the daily demands for these styles.

The 20% Discount will be on Present Prices which are as follows:

All 30 inch. goods are Yen 1.20 per yard, except style number 38 which is 70 sen. All 21 inch goods are one yen per yard, except towelling which is 80 sen.

No discount will be allowed on ready made towels.

No discount allowed on charge accounts. Cash must be sent with order or goods sent C.O.D. to any Japanese Post Office.

Order from any Samples sent out since January with the above prices listed on them and then deduct 20% from the total. Free Samples.

Address: Textile Department Songdo Higher Common School Songdo, Korea (Kaijo, Chosen). Thos. J. Carter, Mgr.

34247

LOST OR STOLEN

Lost, a draft No. 364, issued by The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, on Irving National Bank, New York, U.S.A., in favor of Foolay Electric Company, dated Dec. 3rd, 1920, for G.$440.40. The public is hereby notified that same has been declared null and void and must not now be negotiated.

Foolay Electrical Co. Ltd.

34461

China Lace Guild
96 Szechuen Road

Filet, Irish, Venetian Point Lace and Embroidery manufacture and export

31346

Dr. E. G. Lobzowsky
DENTIST

Four Years' Practice in New York.

Painless Extractions, Plate Crown Bridgework, Gold and Porcelain Inlays.

No. 3 G Peking Road
Tel. Central 1125

LOST

A bank order, No. 13,348, for Taels 104., due on 23rd day of 11th moon, issued by the Teh Yue Bank, (德餘莊) has been lost on the way. As the loss and nullification have been declared at the Bank concerned, the public is hereby warned against negotiating the aforesaid order.

YUE WOO KUNG.
裕和公號
34537

ELM & CO.

Commercial Engineers and Contractors
No. 39 Szechuen Road.
Tel. C. No. 801.

CONCRETE Work, Heating, Ventilation, Plumbing and Factory Installation
and
Importers of Steel Sash, Steel Bars, Roofing and other Building Materials.

32695

Great Rarity

For Sale ancient Russian Diamond necklace, wonderful work, mastership and skilful art.

Offered only till 1st January ac.

Apply—V. BOBKOFF & Co.,
96 Szechuen Road.

34520

THE ORIENTAL HOSPITAL

Surgical and Venereal Diseases; injection of vaccines, serums, 1914 (606), test of blood, and impotency. The treatments of X Ray and Diathermy.
(Can speak English well)
Studied medicine in Japan, America, and Europe.
Dr. Ky. Watanabe, M.A; M.D.
21 HAINING ROAD
(fifth house from North Szechuen Road), Shanghai.
Tel. North 2279.

Chinese Government Railways
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
Notification No. 301.

Alteration of Express-extra and Sleeping-Berth Charges (194-41).

The public is hereby notified that by order of the Ministry of Communications, the Express-Extra and Sleeping-berth Charges will be altered to charge in accordance with Kilometres from 1st January 1921 as follows:

Express-Extra Charges:
1st class $0.60)
2nd „ $0.30) per 100 Kilometres or part thereof.
3rd „ $0.15)

Sleeping-Berth Charges:
1st class $3.00)
) per night.
2nd „ $2.00)

Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration.

Tientsin, 20th December, 1920. 34531

Chinese Government Railways
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
Notification No. 300.
TRAIN SERVICES (194-40).

Commencing from 1st January 1921, in addition to running of Express Trains of this Line between Peking-Tientsin East-Pukow as per Notification No. 299, the Daily Mail, Local and Mixed Train Services will be modified as well. Following being the departure and arrival times at originating and terminal stations of all trains concerned:

Through Express No. 1 to leave Chenyangmen, Peking, at 10.15 and arrive Pukow at 14.30 next day, connecting the Shanghai-Nanking Railway Express No. 12, leaving Nanking-Ferry at 16.00

Through Express No. 2 to leave Pukow at 17.05 and arrive Chenyangmen, Peking, at 22.06 next day.

Mail Train No. 3 to leave Tientsin-East at 9.35 and arrive Pukow at 16.15 next day, connecting the Shanghai-Nanking Railway Express No. 16.

Mail Train No. 4 to leave Pukow at 9.30 and arrive Tientsin-East at 15.45, connecting the Peking-Mukden Railway Train No. 4.

Local Train No. 5 to leave Tientsin-East at 20.15 and arrive Tsinanfu at 6.58 next day.

Local Train No. 6 to leave Tsinanfu at 21.45 and arrive Tientsin-East at 8.15 next day.

Mixed Train No. 7 to leave Tsinanfu at 7.45 and arrive Hsuchowfu at 20.55 same day.

Mixed Train No. 8 to leave Hsuchowfu at 6.22 and arrive Tsinanfu at 19.34 same day.

Mixed Train No.9 to leave Hsuchowfu at 7.00 and arrive Pukow at 21.13 same day.

Mixed Train No. 10 to leave Pukow at 6.40 and arrive Hsuchowfu at 21.18 same day.

Mixed Train No. 11 to leave Tientsin-East at 6.25 and arrive Tsinanfu at 23.14 same day.

Mixed Train No. 12 to leave Tsinanfu at 7.00 and arrive Tientsin-East at 23.30 same day.

Mixed Train No. 13 to leave Tsinanfu at 13.35 and arrive Yenchowfu at 20.16 same day.

Mixed Train No. 14 to leave Yenchowfu at 6.00 and arrive Tsinanfu at 12.32 same day.

Mixed Train No. 15 to leave Yenchowfu at 5.55 and arrive Hsuchowfu at 12.12 same day.

Mixed Train No. 16 to leave Hsuchowfu at 14.00 and arrive Yenchowfu at 20.32 same day.

Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration.

Tientsin, 20th December, 1920.

34351

NOTICE
Russian Volunteer Fleet

Notice is hereby given that I have been appointed local Agent of the R. V. F., with Power of Attorney as from Nov. 1st., 1920, and have been legally recognised and confirmed by all authorities concerned.

L. FRED. PATSTONE,
General Manager,
China Commercial,
Development Co.,
34, Nanking Road.

NOTICE
Shanghai Licensed Pilots' Association

This office will be closed on Saturday and Monday, the 25th and 27th December 1920, (Christmas and Boxing Day), and on Saturday, January 1st, 1921, (New Year), except between the hours of 9.30 and 10.30 a.m.

G. GUNDRY,
Manager.

34539

Yuen Sung Tai & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all Kinds of
FURS, RUGS, ROBES
No. C. 123 Honan Road.
Tel. C. 4048.
and
Branch Office 4 Honan Road.
SHANGHAI.

32589

Shanghai Race Club
STABLES

Members are reminded that application for Stables, Saddle and Timn Rooms must be lodged with the undersigned before 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 29th inst.

Application forms are obtainable at the Grand Stand.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary.
34530

Dr. M. N. Katzen, M.D.
Specialist in Surgical, Woman's and Internal Diseases.
Consulting hours:—5-7 p.m.

Dr. S. S. Shpilberg, M.D.
Specialist in Internal, Children's and Nervous Diseases.
Consulting hours: 10-12 a.m. 3-5 p.m.
Office: 12, NANKING ROAD, Kelly and Walsh Building.
Telephone: Central 3214.
Residence Telephones
North 560 and North 2085
32978.

TSINGTAO
HOTEL—
PENSION — SEASIDE
(only 2 min. from station)
Open all the year round; splendid rooms each with verandah.
$4.00 per day, up
Joseph Ph. Monchen
Proprietor
32995

Dr. R. Holper, M.D.
(Bordeaux Universite, France.)
Specialist in venereal, urinary, skin and internal diseases.
15 NANKING ROAD
(Corn. Szechuen Road)
Office hours 11-1 and 4-6
Residence 77 Avenue Dubail
Tel. Central 736
27310

Dingle's New Map of China Is Now Ready . . .

In English and Chinese throughout. All styles—roll, folded and in sections. Over 10,000 names. Complete record of productions.
Tls. 30 complete

Far Eastern Geographical Establishment
No. 6 Kiukiang Rd. Tel. C. 3073

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 3A Miller Road,
Tel. N. 2361

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Urotroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

KINGMAN & BROS.
How to Preserve the Teeth

In order to keep the teeth in a good condition scientific precaution must be taken. Through negligence, decay and numerous other affections such as tooth-ache, dental periostitis esteo-periostitis, necrosis of the jaw, etc., may arise. During the process of ingestion, there are settled on the teeth, some deposits of mineral and organic matters, called tartar, which possesses a morbid power of pressing the gum. As an inevitable result of the presence of this tartar, the teeth will become elongated and movable and will, by degrees, absorb away the enamel, leading ultimately to the decay and degeneration of the teeth. The tartar is so hard and resistant to the process of brushing that it cannot be scraped off except with dental instruments specially devised for that purpose.

Dr. KINGMAN offers to the public his service for preserving their teeth at an annual subscription Fee of $10.00 per Head to be paid in advance.

The work to be done by Dr. KINGMAN to the subscribers consists in:—
(1) Cleaning of the teeth quarterly
(2) Filling with gold platinum alloy only, when the teeth present holes.
(3) Inspecting the teeth at any time at the desire of the subscribers.

No. 40, Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

What Do Your Walls Say?

No one believes that "walls have ears," but it is a fact that they talk.

A wall can say "restfulness, sanitation, beauty, durability"—and it can say other things not so flattering!

Velumina
The Oil Flat Wall Paint

brings out the best points of wall decoration and would give your home an atmosphere you would appreciate—and so would your friends.

Velumina is a practical paint, made with an Oil Base, and this means permanence. A Velumina wall can be washed, so it is easily kept clean and sanitary.

Let us show you color schemes and post you on the latest developments in interior house decorations.

Telephone, C. 1953

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., Inc.
18-B, Kiangse Road

World Should Watch Italy's Experiment, Says Godart

BY JUSTIN GODART,
(*French Deputy, Former Minister*)

Paris, Nov. 10.—Italy is in the midst of a gigantic social experiment.

A new relationship between capital and labor is being established, and all nations of the world should watch the development carefully in order to adapt it to their needs and mentality.

The events leading up to the Italian crisis are well known. In Milan, Turin and other large manufacturing centers the workers took possession of the factories. Instead of trying to put an end to the movement by repression, M. Giolitti instituted a commission composed of wage earners and employers to draft a bill whose object is to change "industrial organisation so that the workingmen will be kept informed of the economic and financial conditions which determine the exploitation of the enterprise."

The Italian workers had laid special stress on this point. They claimed that by being deliberately held in ignorance of the conditions of management the workers were unable to demand reforms or improvements in harmony with the real state of affairs. "The relations between labor and capital," they said, "must be changed so as to enable syndicates and factory councils to understand the workings of the various concerns. This will make it possible for workers to cooperate efficiently in the selection and discharge of personnel, the enforcement of necessary regulations and discipline."

The Italian workers have struck the nail on the head, clearly and logically.

The present salary system, where the worker has no responsibility and where his interest in the concern stops with every pay day, is not only wasteful but since the war, when the best man power was carried away, absurd, anti-economic and natty in opposition to the interest of the community.

Everywhere in the world labor as quantity has diminished and labor as value has increased. This implies that there must be no loss or waste of labor. The wage earner is worth more to his employer and to society than the physical work he performs. His intelligence when awakened can give hints for better management and elimination of waste, while if his feeling of dignity is sufficiently stirred, he will make it a point to see that his work is well done—that is to say, profitable to the community.

The inferiority where the worker is kept in ignorance of the inner machinery of the enterprises for which he works is the source of much misunderstanding between labor and capital.

When a strike breaks out for what the public feels are unjustifiable claims, people say: "The workingmen don't know what they want. They're never satisfied."

It would be fair to reply in most cases: "It isn't their fault. How can they know? They are kept in utter ignorance as to the economics and finances of the concern, and their employers have no desire to enlighten them. How can they realise they are asking too much?"

Russia has learned through Communism that "it is absolutely necessary for each man to fulfill his duty scrupulously at all times and places." Trotsky's recent speech proves this.

From a practical point of view, the idea of allowing labor to know what is going on, keeping it informed of difficulties and giving it a share in profits, is a sound and just proposition.

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on December 21, 1920.

Beef	per lb.	14-20
Hutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	20-25
Cod	„	20-25
Mandarin	„	20-30
Mackerel	„	25-30
Pomfret	„	25-30
Salmon	„	20-25
Samli	„	none
Soles	„	20-24
Whitebait	„	25-30
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.50-$3.00
Duck	„	60-90
Eggs	per doz.	20-24
Hare	each	35-40
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	70-$1.00
Partridge	„	40-45
Pheasant	„	70-90
Plover	each	none
Quail	„	20-22
Snipe	„	18-20
Teal	„	18-20
Turkey	per lb.	40-45
Woodcock	each	50-60
Wild Duck	„	40-45
Wild Geese	„	50-60
Pigeons	„	18-20
Wild Pigeons	„	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	„	20-25
Bananas	„	5-6
Chestnuts	per lb.	12-14
Cherries	per lb.	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	15-20
Lemons	each	5-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	7-10
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	„	8-10
Persimmons	„	none
Pesboes	„	none
Plums	„	none
Pumeloes	each	15-18
Pineapples	„	8-10
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per l b.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Broad Beans	per lb.	5-6
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	10-12
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	20-30
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	none
French Beans	„	15-18
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	60-80
Onions	„	8-10
Parsnips	per bunch	2-4
Peas	per lb.	18-20
Potatoes	per pic.	$2.00-$2.20
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	„	8-10
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	50 lb.	$5.50
Flour, Australian	„	$5.25
Flour Shanghai	„	$3.00
Rice	per 200 lb.	$9.20
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	$0.20
Chinese dairies	„	$0.17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	„	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 Articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. Kilner,
Chief Inspector.

Japanese Alarmist News Sent To U.S.

Chicago Tribune Correspondent At Manila Alleges Menace From Troops In Formosa

New York, Dec. 4.—The Manila correspondent of the Chicago Tribune has been sending a series of jingo dispatches to his paper reporting that the Americans in the Philippine Islands are alarmed by the movements of Japanese troops in the Far East, especially in Formosa, which are supposed to constitute a menace to the interests of the United States in the Orient.

This correspondent's latest dispatch reports that there is a large Japanese force now encamped at the lower end of Formosa, only 20 hours' by sea from the Philippines. This force, he says, is estimated at 3,000 men.

The Americans in the Philippines, he declares, doubt the explanation made by the Japanese, that the troops in Formosa are merely a police force to control the natives. This doubt, he says, is due to the known fact that the Japanese troops are not diffused through the island but are concentrated at the southern end.

NEW MISSIONARY RECORD

Methodist Episcopal Church Sends Largest Number Of History

The largest number of new missionaries ever sent to foreign fields in any one year in the history of the Methodist Episcopal Church left the United States during the fiscal year ended November 1, 1920, reports the board of foreign missions of the Methodist Episcopal church from New York. There were 275.

The largest previous year was 1917, when 96 recruits went abroad for the Methodists. Of those sent this year, 80 were assigned to South America, 69 to China, 50 to India and Burma, 30 to Malaysia, 6 to Mexico, 5 to Japan, 2 to Korea and 2 to Europe. The list does not include relief workers in European war areas.

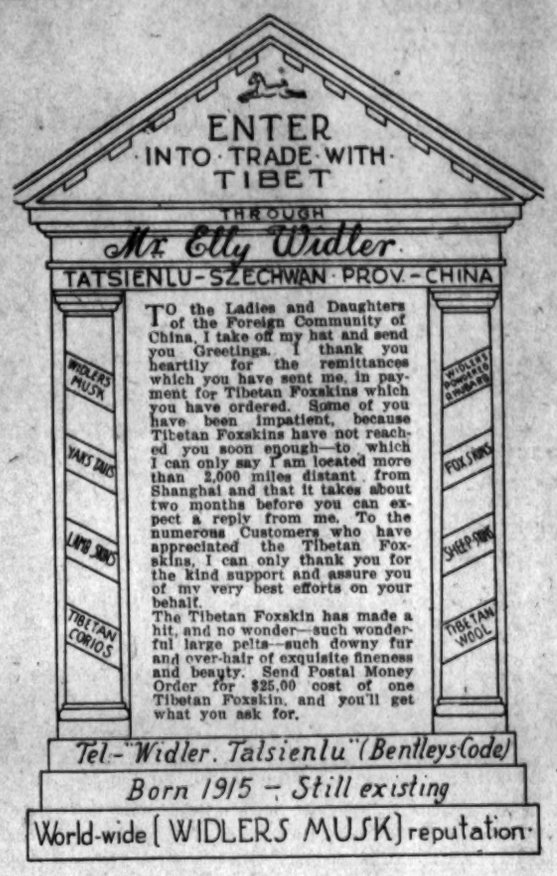
The 1920 increase marks the first year of the five-year centenary program of the Methodists, which includes the expenditure of $155,000,000 in war reconstruction and general expansion of church activities.

Dr. OKS, M. D.
Specialist for diseases and operations of eyes, ears, throat and nose.
6 Jinkee Road, Third Floor.
Hours: 9-11 and 1-4.
Tel. C. 1801.
34235

FRESH MILK
delivery twice daily.
EXTRA ORDERS
are executed at any time
AIKOSHA DAIRY
39 Avenue Dubail
Tel. C. 2175

BUSINESS AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

(Continued from Page 30)


ENTER
INTO TRADE WITH
TIBET
THROUGH
Mr. Elly Widler
TATSIENLU-SZECHWAN PROV.-CHINA
TO the Ladies and Daughters of the Foreign Community of China, I take off my hat and send you Greetings. I thank you heartily for the remittances which you have sent me, in payment for Tibetan Foxskins which you have ordered. Some of you have been impatient, because Tibetan Foxskins have not reached you soon enough—to which I can only say I am located more than 2,000 miles distant from Shanghai and that it takes about two months before you can expect a reply from me. To the numerous Customers who have appreciated the Tibetan Foxskins, I can only thank you for the kind support and assure you of my very best efforts on your behalf.
The Tibetan Foxskin has made a hit, and no wonder—such wonderful large pelts—such downy fur and over-hair of exquisite fineness and beauty. Send Postal Money Order for $25.00 cost of one Tibetan Foxskin, and you'll get what you ask for.
WIDLERS MUSK
YAKS TAILS
LAMB SKINS
TIBETAN CORIOS
FOX SKINS
SHEEP SKINS
TIBETAN WOOL
Tel.-"Widler. Talsienlu" (Bentleys Code)
Born 1915 - Still existing
World-wide [WIDLERS MUSK] reputation.

THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN SHANGHAI
ORIENTAL SALES CO.
79 Range Road.
Dolls, Toys, Swiss Chocolates
also
"Utopia" Wool, "Holmes" Folding Beds, "Eagle" Underwear, "Premier" Groceries, Etc., Etc., Etc.
Come early and have the very first pick! 8.30 a.m.—7 p.m.

Christmas Sale
Before you buy your presents for Xmas, come and see "Casual Goods" at 96 Szechuen Road
BOBKOFF @ CO.
We have Russian Sable—Boa Astrachan, Seal and Mink coats. Diamond Necklaces, Bracelets, Rings, Ear-rings, Cigarette Cases, Hand bags, etc.
Ready made dresses. Orders taken by European Assistants.
French parfumery for Xmas trees.
34495

COAL FOR UPPER YANGTZE RIVER STEAMERS
Poo Yi Coal Mining Company
NOTICE is hereby given to public that we, for the purpose of traffic convenience, have secured store-houses at the ports of Chungking, Fowchow, Wanhsien, Kweichowfu, and Ichang, where we keep stocks of best quality coal suitable for the consumption of steamships in the Upper Yangtsze River. We have supplied this coal to the steamships of the Standard Oil Co., Asiatic Petroleum Co., and other prominent Companies for years past, to their entire satisfaction. In order to extend our business, we have engaged Mr. Pao Jee-fu as Agent for our Shanghai Branch office, and customers are requested to negotiate any order with him direct. He is prepared to quote moderate prices and give prompt attention to orders.
By Agent for Shanghai Branch Office.
No. 7 TUNG HOW LEE, CHUN HWA ROAD.
34358

Chinese Government Railways

TIENTSIN-PUKOW and PEKING-MUKDEN LINES

Notification No. 299.

THROUGH EXPRESS SERVICE (194/89).

The Public is hereby notified that, by order of the Ministry of Communications, the daily Express Trains No. 1 and No. 2 of the Tientsin-Pukow Line will run through between PEKING-TIENTSIN EAST-PUKOW, commencing from 1st January, 1921.

All passengers travelling by these Through Expresses must hold Express Extra Tickets and also Sleeping Berth Tickets if Sleeping Berth is required.

FREE PASSES, REDUCED RATE TICKETS and MILITARY HALF RATE TICKETS are not valid on these Through Expresses.

The Down Express from PEKING connects with the Shanghai-Nanking Railway Express, leaving Nanking-Ferry at 4 p.m. and arriving Shanghai-North at 10 p.m.

The Up Express from PUKOW connects with the Shanghai-Nanking Railway Express, leaving Shanghai-North at 9:30 a.m. and arriving Nanking-Ferry at 3:40 p.m.

The departure and arrival times of these Through Expresses at principal stations are as follows:

Down Express	Stations	Up Express
10.15 dep.	Peking (Chenyangmen)	arr. 22.06
13.20 dep.	Tientsin-Central	dep. 19.05
13.35 arr.	Tientsin-East	dep. 18.50
14.00 dep.		arr. 18.25
14.10 arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep. 18.15
14.20 dep.		arr. 18.05
22.11 arr.	Tsinanfu	dep. 9.38
22.25 dep.		arr. 9.28
6.21 arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep. 1.16
6.31 dep.		arr. 1.06
14.30 arr.	Pukow	dep. 17.05

Tientsin-Pukow Railway Administration and
Peking-Mukden Railway Administration.

Tientsin, 17th December, 1920. 34454

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION
No. 2783

CHINESE WATCHMEN.

Employers of Chinese Watchmen under Police Supervision are notified that, in order to strengthen control and simplify administration, the wages of such watchmen will be paid direct by the Council, who will make a charge of $2 per mensem in respect of each man to cover the cost of the additional supervision. The monthly cost of a watchman will accordingly be $17 for 12 hours, or $14 for 8 hours, duty per diem, for which employers will receive a debit note in due course from the Revenue Office. These modifications of the existing arrangements will take effect from January 1, 1921.

Uniform, if required, is supplied at rates which can be obtained on application to the Assistant Commissioner of Police (Chinese), Gordon Road Police Station (Telephone No. West 882) to whom all enquiries regarding Chinese Watchmen should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, December 16, 1920.
34352

China Electric Company, Ltd.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN TELEPHONE, TELEGRAPH AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES

Announces that on and after December 6th, 1920, its Commercial Office, with Sales Department and Display Room, will be located in the Shanghai Mutual Telephone Company, Ltd., Building at

24-a Kiangse Road, 2nd Floor.
Telephones C-4785, C-4795.

SALES OFFICE
at 445 Foochow Road is discontinued.
34103

NOTICE

The Robert Dollar Company and The United States Shipping Board will not be responsible for any debts incurred by any member of the crew of the s.s. West Hepburn.
34244

Chinese Government Railways

Shanghai-Nanking & Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Lines

On and from the 1st January, 1921, the Passenger Fares, and Goods Rates will be increased, and the Metric system will be adopted on the above Railways.

Revised Coaching and Goods Tariffs are being published, and any further information may be obtained on application to the Traffic Manager's Office, Shanghai North Station.

By Order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.
34130

Chinese Government Railways

SHANGHAI-NANKING LINE

Principal Train Alterations on and from 1st January, 1921.

1—The present 7.55 a.m. Up Through Express will leave Shanghai North at 9.30 a.m.

2—The 9.10 a.m. Up Fast Train for Nanking will leave Shanghai North at 7.45 a.m.

3—The 12.45 p.m. Fast Train for Nanking will leave Shanghai North at 13.05 p.m.

4—The Up Night Express train will leave Shanghai North for Nanking at 23.30 hours instead of 23 hours as at present.

5—The 14.20 Through Express will leave Nanking Ferry at 16.00 hours for Shanghai North.

Other alterations will be shown in the published Time Tables of the Railway.

By Order,
TRAFFIC MANAGER.
34402

CAFÉ PAULISTA
P443, Nanking Road,
'Phone C. 2930
TIFFIN 75 cts.
DINNER $1.00
also Meals a la Carte.
Cakes of all kinds made to order.
GENUINE BRAZIL COFFEE
Tins 75 cts. lb.,
Tabloids 60 cts. doz.

NOTICE TO MARINERS
No. 717.

CHINA.
Yangtze River—Chinkiang River. Vicinity of Cooper Bank
New channel provisionally opened for deep draft navigation by day.
Buoys established.

Referring to Special Notice to Mariners No. 586, notice is hereby given that a new channel, which will hereafter be known as the Demodocus Channel, has been provisionally opened for deep draft navigation by day, during such time as the Cooper Bank Crossing, Yangtze River, remains in a condition of rapid change. This new channel flows along the right bank of the river from Changshan into the Pitman-King Channel.

The following buoys have been established to mark the entrances to the new channel:

AT THE EASTERN ENTRANCE:

A Red conical buoy has been established to mark the northern side of the eastern entrance. From the buoy Big Tree Beacon bears N.37° W., distant 2.15 miles.

A Black spherical buoy has been established on the southern side of the eastern entrance. From the buoy Big Tree Beacon bears N.24° W., distant 2.36 miles.

Caution is necessary in navigating the eastern entrance as its northern side is dangerously steep-to and the fairway only about 1½ cables wide.

AT THE WESTERN ENTRANCE:

A Black conical buoy has been established to mark the southern side of the western entrance. From the buoy the Beacon on Changshan bears S.5½° W., distant 8 cables.

A Red spherical buoy has been established on the northern side of the western entrance. From the buoy the Beacon on Changshan bears S.33¼° W., distant 1.21 miles.

Caution is necessary in navigating the western entrance as a steep-to shoal runs along the south side of the entrance.

When it is seen that vessels are liable to meet in the eastern entrance to the Demodocus Channel, the vessel bound with the tide should be given priority of passage.

River steamers and other light draft vessels must continue to use the Cooper Bank Crossing, as the Demodocus Channel is for the use of heavy draft ocean-going steamers.

Note: The Demodocus Channel is charted on Marine Department Chart No. 12, Kiushan Point to Bate Point, copies of which are procurable at the Coast Inspector's Office, Shanghai.

All bearings given are magnetic.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs,

T. J. ELDRIDGE.
Coast Inspector.

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 23rd December, 1920.
34552

Municipal Notification
No. 2784.

Shanghai Municipal Council.
Six per cent Sterling Loan, 1920.

Issue of Debentures to Bearer
(with Interest Coupons attached)

Notice is hereby given that on and after Tuesday, December 28, 1920, Bankers' Receipts Nos. 1-123, 125-196, 198-219, 221-236, 238-258, 260-299, 301-320, 323-350, 352-356 (being in respect of subscriptions received prior to September 1, 1920) may be exchanged for Debentures to Bearer, with Interest Coupons attached, at the office of the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, Administration Building, Hankow Road. For their own protection, holders of Bankers Receipts are advised to attend personally at the above address, or to give a written authority to any person acting as their proxy in the matter.

Interest Coupon No. 1, payable on December 31, 1920, must be lodged with the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, 56, Szechuen Road, two clear days before the date of payment. Payment will be made (at the option of the Debenture Holder to be declared in writing at the time of lodgment with the Bank) either by sterling demand draft on London at par, or in silver (local currency) at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation's Shanghai current demand buying rate on London on date of presentation of the relative Interest Coupon.

A further notification will be issued in due course as to the exchange of Bankers' Receipts not specified above, and relative to subscriptions received subsequent to August 31, 1920, in respect of which interest does not become payable until June 30, 1921.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, December 20, 1920.
34475

DR. F. FRANEK, M.D.
Specialist in Urinary Skin and Internal Diseases
(Latest European methods of treatment)
21, Nanking Road
Consulting hours 11-1, 4-6
Tel. C. 851
32640

Dr. Wm. S. GREGG, Oph. D.
Specialist in Eye Diseases
Glasses Prescribed and Fitted Scientifically
Hours 9—12 2—6
15 Nanking Road, Cor. Szechuen Road
(American Oriental Bank Building)
Third Floor—Take Elevator
30641

Professor Volin
Will accept pupils for Singing
Direct method, based on old Italian principles, giving surprising results in short time.
Also repertory tuition.
Apply after 6.30 p.m.,
Saturday and Sunday after 3 p.m.,
12, Nanking Road.
KELLY & WALSH BLDG.
Top Floor, Room 1.
34178

Dr. Edward Olson, D.N.
Nervous, rheumatic and stomach Complaints; Sequels from fresh and old accidents successfully treated.
OFFICE HOURS 1-5 P.M.
(other times by appointment)
Phone North 393
52A Range Road.

Liu Chiang Mining and Railway Co., Ltd.
BEST anthracite coal for sale Mex. $18.00 per ton. As good as any high priced coal in the market. Best suited for "SALAMANDRE" and all other stoves. Orders under half ton not accepted.
One basket of charcoal free to every order for one ton of coal.
Prompt delivery on the same day provided ordered before noon.
Sole Agent
ZUNG KEE COAL CO.,
No. 106 North Soochow Road
(near Stone Bridge)
Telephone North No. 1692.
33869

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association
The Foreign Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association, will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Saturday and Monday, the 25th and 27th instant, on account of Christmas Holidays.
34453

Latest Parisian Creations
Mme. Suaroz, from Paris, takes pleasure in inviting the public to inspect her HATS, DRESSES, LINGERIE, ETC., at Room 214, Astor House.
Hours 10 a.m.—5 p.m.
Prices Moderate
34489

Dr. James Yuking
Specialist in the treatment of Venereal Diseases and Piles.
78 Nanking Road,
Piles guaranteed to be cured within ten days after one treatment without operation or pain.
Office hours: 9-12 and 1-5 daily.

Dr. Furstenbeg, M.D.
Has Removed to 8B Kiukiang Road
Specialist in urinary, venereal, skin and internal diseases.
Hours 11 to 1, and 4½ to 6½
Telephone Central 833
33864

WANTED
Design and Construction of Yellow River Bridge for Peking-Hankow Railway

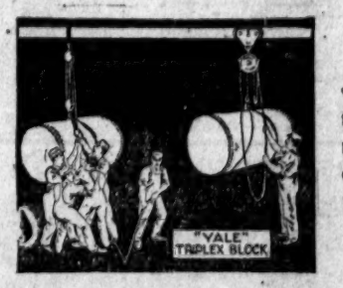
The Peking-Hankow Line of the Chinese Government Railways invites sealed proposals of bridge contractors for designing and building a new steel bridge about 2,800 meters in length across the Yellow River (Hwang-Ho). Proposals will be received up to noon of June 30th, 1921, at the office of Peking-Hankow Railway, Peking, China, plans, rules and specifications can be obtained from the following offices:

Peking: Peking-Hankow Railway, American, British, Belgain, American, Italian and Japanese Legations.

Foreign: Chinese Legations, Washington, London, Brussels, Paris, Rome and Tokio.

All applications for same must be accompanied with £6 for foreign countries and with dollars 30.00 for Peking.

Peking-Hankow Railway Administration.
34364

YALE & TOWNE HOISTS
Compare the old method on this side


with the new on this
For prices and particulars, apply to
FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.
18B, Kiangse Road,
Sole Agents in North China

THE BEST XMAS PRESENT
You can learn to ride well at the Gordon Road Riding School
Phone West 693
34484

Just Received
FULL CREAM GRUYERE CHEESE
in ½ lb. tins,
And excellent CHEESE, creamy and very tasty.
SWEETMEAT CASTLE
16, Nanking Road—ENTRANCE—Szechuen Road
Telephone Central 1218.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£3,000,000
Reserve Fund	3,500,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£3,000,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
Sir John Newall Jordan, P.C.K.C.I.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star (Kedah)	Hongkong	Puket
Amritsar	Ilolle	Rangoon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Saigon
Batavia	Karachi	Seremban
Bombay	Klang	Shanghai
Calcu.	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala Lumpur	Sourabaya
Cebu	London	Tientsin
Colombo	(F. M. S.) Madras	Tavoy
Delhi	Manila	(Lower Burma)
Cawnpore	Medan	Taiping
Haiphong	Peking	New York
Hankow	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

	Francs.
Subscribed Capital	72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1/6/20)	69,500,000.00

Head Office:
15 bis, Rue Laffite, Paris.

Branches and Agencies

Saigon	Pnom-Penh	Battambang
Haiphong	Hahoi	Tourane
Peking	HanKow	Tientsin
Hongkong	Canton	Mongtze
Singapore	Pondichery	Bangkok
Papeete	Shanghai	Noumea
	Djibouti	

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabes."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Feochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

Y. TSANG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling	£1,500,000
Silver	$23,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Odkins, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
A. O. Lang, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Srabn.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bankok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Lumpur	Shanghai
Canton	London	Singapore
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Foochow	Malacca	Tientsin
Hankow	Manila	Tsingtao
Harbin	Nagasaki	Vladivostock
Iloilo	New York	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT,
Acting Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Kup. Chinese Government	Tls. 8,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Boudreau.
London Office:
64 Old Broad Steet, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: The Irving National Bank.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Peking
Chanchun	Hankow	Shanghai
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Tientsin
	Hongkong	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Manchouli	Yokohama
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Kobe
	Urumtchi	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
S. JASTRZEMBSKI.
Managers for Branches in Asia

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid up Capital	Fr. 50,000,000
Reserves	Fr. 12,027,956

Head Office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Paris Office: 2 Place de la Bourse
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

I. STRAETMANS.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

Capital subscribed:	£1,000,000
Capital paid up	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

SHANGHAI OFFICE
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchangee business transacted.

FUNG TSZ-KING,
Act. Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	435,461.90

Head office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
MENG CHIA, T. D. WOO, Acting Sub-Manager.

惠海實業銀行
Hwei Hai Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Founded and organised by Chang Chien and Chang Cha 1919

Head Office:
NANTUNGCHOW

Shanghai Branch:
22 KIUKIANG ROAD

Capital $1,000,000

Tels: Managers' Office Cen. 5809
General Office: Cen. 5802

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

International Banking Corporation

Capital and Surplus:	$10,000,000
Undivided Profits: U.S.	$8,200,000

OWNED BY
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Head Office:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E. C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Bologan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China		Japan
Canton		Kobe
Hankow		Yokohama
Harbin		
Hongkong		Java
Peking		Batavia
Shanghai		Sourabaya
Tientsin		
Tsingtau		Panama
Dominican Republic		Colon
Barahona		Panama
Puerto Plata		
San Pedro de Macoris		Philippine Islands
Sanchez		Cebu
Santiago		Manila
Santo Domingo		
India		Straits Settlements
Bombay		Singapore
Calcutta		
Rangoon		

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina		Italy
Buenos Aires		Genoa
Once (Buenos Aires)		Peru
Rosario		Lima
Belgium		Porto Rico
Antwerp		Ponce
Brussels		San Juan
Brazil		South Africa
Bahia		Cape Town
Pernambuco		Spain
Porto Alegre		Barcelona
Rio de Janeiro		Madrid
Santos		Trinidad
Sao Paulo		Port of Spain
Chile		Uruguay
Santiago		Montevideo
Valparaiso		Calle Rondean (Montevideo)
Colombia		Venezuela
Barranquilla		Caracas
Bogota		Ciudad Boliva
Medellin		Maracaibo
Cuba		
Havana and 22 other cities in Cuba		

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Banque Industrielle de China

Capital authorised	Frs. 250,000,000
Capital subscribed	" 150,000,000
Capital paid up	" 75,000,000
Reserve	" 30,000,000

One third of the Capital i. e. Frs. 50,000,000 subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11th, 1913.

President: ANDRE BERTHELOT
General Manager: A. J. PENNOTTE

HEAD OFFICE:
74 RUE SAINT LAZARE, PARIS
BRANCHES:
Marseilles, New York, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Vladivostock, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Yunnanfu, Saigon, Haiphong, Swatow and Yokohama.

BANKERS:
In London: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London.
In France: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana—Credito Italiano.
In New York: Messrs. Redmond & Co., New York.

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on current accounts in Gold or local currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and exchange business transacted. Savings accounts in Gold and local currency.

G. LION.
Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING

Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN, Acting Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders	80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders	17,353,284 (about £1,446,107)
Special Reserve: Guilders	25,160,000 (about £2,096,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Palembang
Bandoeng	Penang
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Sourabaya
Kobe	Soerakarta
Kota-Radja	Tebing-Tinggi
Langsa	Tegal
Makassar	Telok Betong
Medan	Tjilatjap
Padang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National, Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

M. J. HERBSCHLEB,
Acting Manager.

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	$2,000,000
Paid up Capital	2,000,000
Reserve Fund	200,000

Head Office:—2 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong
Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund
London Bankers:—The London Joint Stock, London, City and Midland Bank Ltd.

Agencies and Correspondents in the principal Commercial centres of the world.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted

Loans granted on approved securities

Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

RNE CHENG,
Acting Manager.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908

Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Capital	81,425.61
Resources	10,000,000.00

Head Office and Branches:
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, and Lanchi.

Domestic Agencies:
Throughout CHINA at principal Cities.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Tokyo, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul, Fusan, and Hongkong.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Savings Accounts at 4% compound interest.

Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

LI MING,
Manager.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
139 Peking Road.
Tel. C. 3145, Mgr's. Office and C. 2147, Gen'l. Office

Cable Address:
"CHINDUSBANK" Shanghai.

SINO-ITALIAN BANK

Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars.	4,800,000
Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire..	16,000,000
Paid up Capital ..Silver	$1,200,000
Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire	4,000,000

Branches: Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin

Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano, Banca Italiana di Sconto, Banco di Roma.
London: Credit Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ld., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Credit Commercial de France.
United States: Italian Discount Co., Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belga.
Switzerland: Banca Union di Credito.

Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U.S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies. Terms on application.

General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.

Telegraphic Address: Banksinit
SHANGHAI, No. 16 Kiukiang Rd.
Tel. C. Nos. 5090 and 5091.
G. GIACHINO: ROBERT LEE
Managers.

ASIA
BANKING CORPORATION

CAPITAL $4,000,000 SURPLUS $1,100,000

An American Institution

HEAD OFFICE NEW YORK CITY 35 Broadway.

HEAD OFFICE FOR FAR EAST SHANGHAI (Corner Kiukiang & Kiangse Rds).

All descriptions of Banking Business transacted in any part of the world.

A Research Bureau has been established to facilitate and promote trade between the U. S. and China.

STOCKHOLDING BANKS:

Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings and Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

Cable Address, "BANKASIA"

Shanghai Telephone Central 1225.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1918
Head Office: TIENTSIN

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 54,000.00

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang	Yokohama
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha	Chicago
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi	Philadelphia
Hankow	Hauchow	Wuhu	Seattle
Nanking	Ningpo	London	Baltimore
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York	Cleveland
Hangchow	Canton	San Francisco	Detroit
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston	Buffalo
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio	Pittsburgh
Antung	Chengchow	Osaka	Montreal
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Kobe	St. Louis
		Cincinatti	

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

Shanghai Branch:
8441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchage business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits, both in taels and dollars, according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved accurities.

Y. R. Sun, Manager
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager

PARK-UNION
FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Capital G.$4,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits G.$754,000

HEAD OFFICE, 56 WALL ST., NEW YORK

BRANCHES:

SAN FRANCISCO		SEATTLE
PARIS	TOKYO	YOKOHAMA

CANADA—400 branches of the Union Bank of Canada

Shanghai Branch: 7 Kiukiang Road, Tel. C. Nos. 5874 & 5875.

CURRENT & FIXED DEPOSITS

Accepted in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U. S. Dollars, Canadian Dollars, Sterling, on Application.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

F. V. REILLY,
Manager.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

Condensed Statement of Condition
June 30, 1920

Assets:		Liabilities:	
Loans and Discounts	$3,574,402	Capital	$1,000,000
Bills Receivable	5,393,309	Reserve	120,000
Credit Granted on Acceptances	3,125,331	Deposits	8,507,501
Cash	3,619,706	Drafts Issued	6,199,902
Other Assets	620,908	Liability on Acceptances	3,125,331
		Other Liabilities	380,922
	$19,333,656		$19,333,656

HEAD OFFICE: 9 NINGPO ROAD

HONGKEW BRANCH: 15 NORTH SZECHUEN ROAD

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday.**

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital	Mx. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

(Formerly Commercial and Industrial Bank of China)

Established by American and Chinese Capitalists under Special Charter of the Government of China issued April 12th, 1919.

Authorized Capital G.$	10,000,000
Paid-up Capital	5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:
198 Hsi Ho Yen, Peking
President:
The Honorable Chien Nen-shun
American Vice-President:
James A. Thomas, Esq., Peking.
Chinese Vice President:
Hsu Un-yuan, Esq., Peking.

NEW YORK AGENTS:
The Chase National Bank, The American Foreign Banking Corporation, and Hayden, Stone & Co.

Branches in China:
Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Chengtu, and agents in important cities.

Manila Branch:
Manila, P. I.

Current Accounts opened on usual terms. Fixed Deposits received at rates to be ascertained on application. Drafts issued and Telegraphic Transfers made. Foreign exchanges bought and sold. Commercial and Circular Letters of Credit issued. Bills, Checks and other Documents collected. Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds effected. Every description of General Banking Business transacted.

The Bank is closely associated with a number of the leading Financial Institutions in the United States and also prominent Chinese Capitalists in China, and is prepared to give financial facilities and to assist its clients in initiating and developing solid commercial and industrial undertakings in China.

Your account will be welcomed at this Bank, where you are assured of absolute security and the most courteous service.

Shanghai Branch:
No. 11 Nanking Road.
Tel. Central Nos. 5841, 5842
H. A. Allen, Manager.
Louis Shen, Assistant Manager
Sooyil K. Shen, Assistant Manager

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund	$1,208,522.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,808,283.60

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hauchow	Canton
Tsinan	Sopchow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chunkking

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka, Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Shanghai Trust Co.

We undertake the duties of trustees; purchase and sale of property; take charge of rentals; and write fire and marine insurance at lowest current rates.

Shanghai Trust Co.

32 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

-:- Financial And Commercial News -:-

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock Banks	Quotations Closing
H. K and S. B. ..	$760 B.
Chartered	£7 1/8
Russo-Asiatic	tls. 259
Marine Insurances	
Canton	H.$370 B.
North China	Tls. 158
Union of Canton..	H.$215 B.
Yangtsze	$22
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.....	Tls. 18 B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$125 B.
Hongkong Fire....	$318
Shipping	
Indo-China Def...	H.$100
Indo-China Pref..	$22 B.
"Shell"	10/-
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 50
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 36 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 25 x D.
Oriental Cons.....	17/-
Raub	Tls. 1
Docks	
Hongkong Dock .	H.$150 1/2
Shanghai Dock ..	Tls. 122 B.
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 23 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf...	Tls. 135
Hongkong Wharf .	H.$92 1/2 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 75 B.
Shanghai Land...	Tls. 70 B.
Weihaiwei Land..	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotel Ltd. .	Tls. 55
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 350
E-wo (pref.)	Tls. 85
Lacu-kung-mow...	Tls. 383
Oriental	Tls. 17
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 110
Kungyik	Tls. 40
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 23 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 80 B.
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	Tls. 209 B.
Green Island	Tls. 9.55 B.
Langkats	Tls. 18 1/2 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 98
Stores	
Hall & Holts	$10 S.
Llewellyn	$80
Lane, Crawford...	$85 B.
Sheffield	$40
Watsons	Tls. 7.90 B.
Weeks	$11 B.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 5
Allen	Tls. 0.50
Amherst	Tls. 6 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 2 1/4 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 21
Batu Anam 1918.	Tls. 0.40 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2
Bute	Tls. 0.40 B.
Chemor	0.60
Chemor United....	Tls. 3 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 1 1/4
Cheng	Tls. 1 1/2 B.
Consolidated	Tls. 4 S.
Dominion	Tls. 4 1/2 B.
Gula Kalumpong .	Tls. 8 1/2 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 2 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 0.20
Kapala	Tls. 10
Kapayang	Tls. 7
Karan	Tls. 1 3/4 B.
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 0.50
Kroewoek Java ..	Tls. 18
Padang	Tls. 6 1/4
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 3
Permata	Tls. 1
Repah	Tls. 0.50
Samagaga	Tls. 0.50 B.
Seekee	Tls. 0.50 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.50 B.
Senawang	Tls. 3 1/4
S'hai Klebang ...	Tls. 0.40 B.
Shanghai Malay .	Tls. 3
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1
Sungala	Tls. 0.50
Sungei Duri	Tls. 4 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 1/4
S'hai Khlantan ..	Tls. 0.55
S'hai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 0.80
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.80
Tehong	Tls. 13
Ulobri	Tls. 2 1/4
Ziangbe	Tls. 2.65 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. & E. Lumber	Tls. 225
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12
Shanghai Trams .	Tls. 68 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 17 B.
Horse Bazaar ...	Tls. 40 1/4
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
S'hai Telephone..	Tls. 78
S'hai Waterworks.	Tls. 120

s. Sellers. Ba. Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.
Telephone No. Central 393

FRENCH MARKETS

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 23.—Market quotations:

Marseilles, December 23:

Rice cleaned (Saigon)	125
Green peas (Japan)	120
Potato starch	140
Le Havre, December 22:	
Cotton, (December)	317
Cotton, (January)	296
Cotton, (February)	292
Lyons, December 23:	
Raw Silks:	
Cevennes (1er ordre)	190
Italy (extra)	200
Syria (Bon 2eme. Ordre) ...	205
Japan (Fil 1.1-2 Frs.)	185
China (Fil extra) .....disp.	235
Canton (Fil best)	170

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, December 24, 1920
Exchange and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 4/-=Tls. 5.00
@ exch. 71.9=Mex. $6.95
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate
@ 71 1/2=Tls. 1.40
@ exch. 71.9=Mex. $1.95
Mex. Dollars: Market Rate 71.65
Shanghai Gold Bars: 975 touch
Tls. 511
Bar Silver 998 touch ... Tls. 111
Copper Cash ... per tael 197.700
Native Interest ..... Tls. 12

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 40 3/8 d.
Bank Rate of Discount 7%
Ex., Paris on London .....Fr. 59
Ex., New York on London [illegible]
G.$3.54

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 4/-
London ..... Demand 4/0 1/4
India ..... T.T. 282 1/2
Paris ..... T.T. 1200
Paris ..... Demand 1203
New York ..... T.T. 71
New York ..... Demand 71 1/4
Hongkong ..... T.T. 75 1/2
Japan ..... T.T. 68 1/4
Batavia ..... T.T. 225
Singapore ..... T.T. 57 3/4

Bank's Closing Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 4/2
London ....4 m/s. Cdts. 4/4
London ....4 m/s. Docy. 4/4 1/2
London ....6 m/s. Cdts. 4/5 1/4
London ....6 m/s. Docy. 4/5 3/4
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 1300
New York ... o/d. Docy. 74
New York ..4 m/s. Docy. 78 3/4

Tourists' Exchange

@ Bank's Closing Demand buying Rates

£10 @ exch. 4/2=
Sh. Tls. 48.00
G.$50 @ exch. 74=
Sh. Tls. 67.57
Fr. 250 @ exch. 1250=
Sh. Tls. 20.00

1 Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.37 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today Banks Buying Rate
For Roubles:

Roubles 35,000 ..... =Tls. 100
" 100 .... =Mex. $0.40

Lira Exchange

Shanghai, December 24, 1920
Latest Bank selling Rates:
It. Lire 20.75 = 1 Tael
Equivalent Foreign Quotations:
It. Lire 102.25 = 1 Pound Sterling
It. Lire 28.40 = 1 U.S. Dollar
It. Lire 171.80 = 100 Fr. Francs

BANKS SELLING RATE FOR MARKS

Marks 5,000 ..... =Tls. 100
" 100 ..... =Mex. $2.80

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR DECEMBER

Hk. Tls. 1.08	@	4/4 3/4	£1
" 1	@	1273	Fr. 14.18
" 1.17	@	76 3/4	Gold $1
" 1	@	65 1/2	Yen 1.70
" 1	@	230 1/2	Rs. 3.12
" 1	@	—	Roubles —
" 1	@	1.50	Mex. $1.50

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, December 23.—Exchange quotations:

London	59.67
New York	16.83 1/2
Belgium	105.1/4
Spain	217.1/2
Prague	19.5/8
Italy	58
Rumania	22
Switzerland	256.1/4
Greece	122
Netherland	529.1/2
Germany	23.1/2
Vienna	4.1/2
French War Loans:	
3 percent	57.12
4 percent 1917....	68.60
4 percent 1918....	69.25
5 percent	85.20
5 percent 1920....	97.75

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, December 24, 1920

OFFICIAL
Oriental Cotton Tls. 16.00
Yangtszepoo (Ord.) Tls. 24.00

UNOFFICIAL
Kung Yik Cotton Tls. 40.00
Yangtszepoo (Ord.) Tls. 23.50
Shanghai Dock Tls. 122.00
Shanghai Lands Tls. 70.00
New Eng: Tls. 24.00

Chartered Stock And Produce Exchange Ltd.

Closing Quotation Of Transactions yesterday

Shanghai, December 24, 1920

Chinese Bonds 1st year 6%
$14.35 December
$14.65 January

Han-Yeh-Ping Iron & Coal Co.
$26.60 December
$27.20 January

The Chartered S. & P. Ex.,
$52.60 December
$54.20 January

Bean Oil for Standard Kee Chong-Yeen Oil & Co., Shanghai
Tls. 10.35 February

Tung Chow Cotton
Tls. 24.60 December
" 23.65 January
" 24.40 February
" 24.75 March
" 24.85 April
" 24.90 May

Local Yarn for Standard 16's Cloudy Stork
Tls. 130.00 January
" 134.30 February
" 133.90 March
" 134.80 April
" 134.80 May

Hankow Market

FINANCE AND MONEY MARKET

Hankow, December 15, 1920.

Another quiet week with very few Export Bills offering and no demand for remittance. Taels. T.T. on Shanghai Chinese market advanced from 97.2 on the 9th inst. to 97.35 on the 15th. Foreign Banks quoted 97 3/8-97 1/2. Dollars after remaining steady at 69.85-70.85 fell to 69.775-69.975 at the end of the week. Interest was quoted at 16 1/2 percent on the 9th inst., fell to 10 percent on the 13th and rose again closing at 15 percent on the 15th inst.

EXPORTS

Some contracts are reported closed for cowhides and goatskins and some small lots of vegetable tallow.

IMPORTS

Piece Goods:—The market still remains dead.

Yarn:—There was a small enquiry for 16's Yarn at low prices. Clearances are poor and usually "forced."

Stability Follows American Election

Some Lines Remain Irregular, But Business Circles Are Generally Reassured

In Wall Street the monetary situation remains unaltered, says a weekly financial cable received in Japan. The reserve ratio of the Federal Reserve Banks is 44.1 percent. The New York Federal Reserve Bank's reserve ratio is 37.8 percent. The decline noticed in the latter ratio is regarded as temporary. All bankers in the United States are enabled to contract advanced money smoothly. Gold bullion and exchange on Europe are, however, weaker.

During the three weeks following the presidential election commodities and securities repeated their declines and the business world in the United States was visited with uneasiness. But now it is quiet and stabilised. The price is picking up and the public is reassured.

More restrictions are placed on factory operations, but at the same time the laying in of merchandise against the Christmas sale is becoming more brisk. More orders are placed with manufacturers for the New Year goods.

To sum up, the general situation in the United States business world is somewhat uneasy and irregular, which is characteristic of the transition period, although some lines are more quiet and stabilised than they have been.

Rubber Auction

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. have received the following telegram from their Singapore Agents in connection with the weekly auctions held at Singapore on December 22.

Average price realised, No. 1 Smoked Sheet $0.30 per pound equivalent to 0s. 8 1/2d. ex. warehouse Singapore.

No. 1 Crepe $0.30 per pound equivalent to 0s. 8 1/2d. ex warehouse Singapore.

Market weak. Offered 633 tons; sold 412 tons.

Rubber Prices

Messrs. J. A. Wattie and Co. have received the following telegram from Messrs. Barker and Co., Ltd., London, dated December 22.

Average Spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet 8 3/4 d.

Average Spot piece Standard quality First Crepe 10d.

Market weak.

Cotton

Messrs. J. Spunt and Company write as follows in their cotton market report dated December 25.

China Cotton.—Our market since the issue of our last circular may be said to have been quiet with but very little demand on the part of Spinners and prices in sympathy with declines now being registered in both Indians and Mid-Americans evinced an easier undertone at the close.

As to the immediate future trend of the market taking into consideration the prevailing low silver exchange and the continued reticence of holders in the interior marts, there is every indication of prices appreciating but the extent of which will be regulated more or less by the strength of the expectant demand which is about to arise on the part of shorts covering and which tends to advise taking advantage of current offering at ruling rates. Tone of the market, Quiet.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Registered in England and Hongkong.

A BRITISH COMPANY
with a complete organisation throughout Asia, and Assets exceeding

TAELS TEN MILLIONS

HEAD OFFICE
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

TIENTSIN

Cable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Fifty Bedrooms with private Baths and Toilets.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

PHILIPPINE NATIONAL BANK

SOLE OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY OF THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT

RESOURCES PESOS 261,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: MANILA

BRANCHES:
New York, Iloilo, Cebu, Cabanatuan, Aparri, Davao, Bacolod, Legaspi, Lucena, Dagupan, Vigan

INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED, CURRENT AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS IN FOREIGN OR LOCAL CURRENCY.

BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION UNDERTAKEN.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

Tel. Central 2750

SHANGHAI BRANCH
No. 1 The Bund

J. W. MILLER
Manager.

Trade And Commerce

COAL IN THE SOUTH SEAS

There is competition in the South Seas between Japanese and Australian coal. The embargo by the British Government upon coal, which was one of the outcomes of the recent coal strike, has, indeed, been removed, but the condition of mining in England is far from satisfactory as yet. Restrictions have been placed by the American Government upon the export of coal. It has come to pass, therefore, that the South Seas, which were supplied by England and America, have to turn to Japan, Australia, and India for supplies. The transportation of Indian coal, however, is greatly hampered by the incomplete railway traffic, and the condition on the South Sea market is such that Australian and Japanese coal are the only competitors. It must be noted that the low price of Australian coal makes it a formidable competitor of Japanese coal.

RAILWAY RATES AND COAL

That the Railway Department has announced an increase by 28 percent of railway rates, to be put into operation on and after the 11th of next January, will be remembered. It is reported that there is a movement afoot by the Tokiwa Mining Association against the rise. The coal mined by the Society, which is one of influence on the Japanese coal market, is all transported by rail and the raising of rates will, needless to say, increase the price of coal.

GERMAN OVERSEAS TRADE

Germany has begun to move actively in the trade with the South Seas. It is reported that the German-Austrian Steamship Co. has recently applied to the Java Conference at Amsterdam for participation, with a view to reopening the Hamburg-Rotterdam-Java line. The Java Conference is said to be discussing the advisability of admitting the company.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT

Australia can export annually to England, 2,000,000 tons of wheat, of which contracts have been made for about 1,000,000 tons. For the transportation of most of the 1,000,000 tons, British and Norwegian vessels have already been chartered. With regard to Japanese shipping companies, the Kokusai Kisen Kaisha and the Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha are reported to have shared in the transportion covering 20,000 tons through the medium of the Suzuki firm. The rate of freight is 150 shillings.

SOUTH AMERICA FREIGHTS

In spite of the lowering of freight rates having already been put into effect by the N. Y. K. and the O. S. K., the South American line is still depressed, there being little cargo to fill liners. The N. Y. K. Hakodate Maru, which is scheduled to leave Kobe on the 23rd instant, will take in cargoes of no more than 1,000 tons of fertiliser.

THE EXCHANGES

The Stock and Rice Exchanges in the whole country held a joint meeting at the Tokio Rice and Merchandise Exchange on the 18th instant. The object of this meeting was to decide the attitude of the Exchanges towards the reform of the present Exchange Acts.

U. E. EXPORTS

The value of China's purchases from the United States during July, 1920, exceeded $16,500,000, as compared with $6,700,000 in July, 1919. China took more than 25 percent of all the dyes and dyestuffs exported by the United States during August, 1920. Her August purchases of aniline dyes from America were valued at nearly $367,000; of other dyes, more than $180,000. Shanghai's import trade during the second quarter of the present year shows a general increase, except in regard to trade with Japan, over that of the first quarter.

The Industrial Development Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Authorised Capital ..Mex $5,000,000
Paid Up Capital 2,500,000

Authorized by the Ministry of Finance at Peking, and operated in accordance with the Rules and Regulations for Industrial Banks.

Domestic Exchange transacted, credit granted on securities, interest allowed on current account and fixed deposits, Bills discounted, specie bought and sold, and banking and exchange business of every description transacted, Special Savings Department.

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Local Churches And Schools Have Christmas Program

Special Christmas services, masses and programs will be held in the various churches in Shanghai today and tomorrow in observance of Christmas.

The Chinese churches will unite with the other religious institutions in the city in holding Christmas services and special programs will be featured.

During the past week Christmas programs have been given in many of the schools and colleges while Christmas services will be held today and tomorrow at many of the mission schools and universities.

Bishop Paris will preside at the solemn high mass to be celebrated this morning at 10 o'clock at St. Joseph's Church on Rue Montauban. There were midnight masses at St. Joseph's Church and St. Joseph's Convent. Father Maumus sung the mass at the Convent while a low mass was said at the Church.

Masses at St. Joseph's this morning will be at 5, 5:30, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30 and 10 o'clock.

At the midnight mass celebrated in the Convent Chapel, the following were soloists; Mme. R. Fano, Mrs. J. Feeley, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Dillon, Miss F. M. White and Miss Silva.

SACRED HEART CHURCH

At the Church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus on Nanzing Road high mass was sung at midnight and mass will be said every half hour from 6 to 8:30 a.m. with High Mass at 10 o'clock. There will be singing by the Sacred Heart Church Choir and instrumental music by the Philarmonica Portuguesa at the 10 o'clock mass.

At Siccawei and Tungkadoo solemn high mass was sung at midnight.

AT THE CATHEDRAL

The Holy Trinity Cathedral, Christmas Day 7 and 8 a.m. Holy Communion (and at Bubbling Well Chapel 8 a.m.) 10:30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon. Psalms 19, 85. Harwood in A flat lessons Isaiah 1, 2-7, S. Luke 11, 1-20. Anthem "There were shepherds" "For unto us" (Handel); Hymns 59, 60, 61. Peacher—The Dean; 11:30 a.m. Holy Communion.

1st Sunday after Christmas S. Stephen's Day 8 a.m. Holy Communion 10:30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon. Psalms 2, 8. Harwood in A flat. Lessons 2; Chron. XXIV. 17-22 acts VI Anthem "O rejoice ye Christians loudly" (J. S. Bach). Hymns 59, 329, 62. Preacher-The Sub-Dean. 3 p.m. children's Service. 6 p.m. Carol Service.

St. Andrew's Church, Broadway

Christmas Day 7:30 a.m. Holy Communion 10:30 a.m. Mattins, Holy Communion and Sermon. Psalm 19. Lessons Isaiah IX, 2-7 S. Luke II. 1-20. Hymns 59, 60, 315, 62. Preacher—The Sub-Dean.

1st Sunday after Christmas. 10:30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon Psalm 2. Lessons 2 Chron XXIV. 17-22. acts VI Hymns 59, 62, 329, 60. Preacher—The Dean.

UNION CHURCH SERVICES

The Reverend G. T. Williams of the Union Church, Hongkong, will preach at the Union Church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at the Christmas service. A special feature of the morning service will be the singing of the Te Deum.

At 3 o'clock a special Christmas service for children will be held and at 6 p.m. the Rev. A. N. Rowland, M. A. will preach on "Christian Joy." Musical numbers of the service will be a carol. "The Blessed Birth," and selections from the "Messiah."

TONIGHT AT ST. JOHN'S

The Right Reverend F. R. Graves, D. D. will leave the evening prayer service which will be held this evening at 6 o'clock in St. John's Pro-Cathedral, Jessfield. The service will be in English.

CHRISTMAS CHURCH

At the Shanghai Free Christian Church a special service for children will be held tomorrow morning. Mr. J. Howard Stooke will speak at 11 o'clock at the morning service and at the 6 p.m. service.

NEW THOUGHT CENTER

At the New Thought Center, 12 Nanking Road, top floor of the Kelly, Walsh Building, Sunday service will be held from 11 to 12 o'clock. The subject for the morning is "Christmas Messages."

Free treatments and teachings are given daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. The public is cordially invited to visit the headquarters of the New Thought Center.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY

The Christian Science Society of Shanghai, will hold its Sunday Service at 11 a.m. in the Masonic Hall, The Bund. The subject will be "Christian Science." Sunday School is held at 10 o'clock. Testimony Meeting Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock. Thanksgiving Service, New Years Day at 11 o'clock. The Reading Room is open daily except Sunday from 10:30 to 12:30 at No. 21 Nanking Road.

FRENCH MUNICIPAL SCHOOL

The pupils of the French Municipal School enjoyed a Christmas celebration Friday afternoon when a program of Christmas carols, dances, playlets and readings was enjoyed.

The children in the kindergarten department sang Christmas carols; Jeanne Blanchet pleased with a reading; a dainty dance, "The Coming of Spring," was given by Mary Brown who wore the costume of a violet; by Gwendolin Brown dressed as a marguerite and John Jaffee who represented the mignonette.

A French playlet was cleverly staged by George Fisher, Yvonne Guillabert, Colette Blanchet, and Anne Marie Gironi after which gifts were given to the children and the work of the students, which was on exposition, inspected by the parents and friends.

ST. JOHN'S ALUMNI

The Shanghai Branch of St. John's Alumni Association will hold a Christmas entertainment on Monday, December 27, at 4 o'clock in the Reception Hall, Bank of Communications, No. 1 Hankow Road.

AT THE UNION CHURCH

At the Union Church on Sunday evening a selection from Handel's "Messiah" will be rendered, immediately following the evening service, which will be shortened.

The Choir has been considerably augmented for this occasion, and the soloists will be Mrs. A. C. Godby, Mrs. N. Mathieson, and Mr. E. J. Dingle.

The program is as follows:

Recit—"Comfort ye"
Air—"Every valley"
Chorus—"And the glory"
Recitation—"Behold, a virgin shall conceive"
Air and Chorus—"O Thou that tellest"
Chorus—"For unto us"
Recitation—"There were shepherds"
Recitation—"And lo, the angel"
Recitation—"And the angel said unto them"
Recitation—"And suddenly"
Chorus—"Glory to God"
Air—"Rejoice greatly"
Recitation—"Then shall the eyes"
Air—"He shall feed His flock"
Chorus—"Hallelujah"

INSTITUTION FOR BLIND

The pupils at the Institution for the Chinese Blind at 4 Edinburgh Road will enjoy a Christmas holiday when each boy will receive a gift, some fruit and candies which have been donated.

A special Christmas dinner will be enjoyed also. The boys are planning a Christmas entertainment which will be given as a surprise to the faculty members and Mr. George B. Fryer, superintendent.

OLD NORTH GATE

The splendid new institutional church building at the Old North Gate will be decorated profusely with greenery, and on this afternoon two plays will be given, one "No Room in the Inn" by the girls' day school, and the second "The Other Wise Man" by the evening school boys. There will also be kindergarten dancing and singing. A special entertainment will also be given for the small children of the community. A special fund will be raised for the famine sufferers and a smaller sum for refreshments for the children.

CHURCH OF OUR SAVIOUR

Those who visited the Church of Our Saviour on Dixwell Road last year will recall with pleasure the beautiful decoration in the church. This year this was repeated last night when the celebration of the birth of Christ was held. The choir members will all have banners this year—20 or more, and the illumination will be not only with electricity but with numerous candles, all centering in the altar. The church brass band assisted in the music. Special contributions were received in aid of the Shensi Mission, to which the Church contributes regularly. There will also be special services at the Church this morning.

ST. PAUL'S

St. Paul's Church on Shantung Road wil celebrate this morning at 10, by a Christmas church service, with the Lord's supper. In the afternoon, at 2:30, there will be an entertainment at the Church, when the Chu Sui School girls will sing and give a play.

MOORE MEMORIAL

Moore Memorial Methodist Church, Hankow Road, will have its church service on Christmas morning. Pastor Tsha, who is now head of the Loonghwa Orphanage, announces that Christmas afternoon and evening the boys there will have special programs.

NORTH BAPTIST

The North Shanghai Baptist Church, Haining Road, who pastor is the Rev. T.C. Wu, announces a program for Christmas evening at 7, which includes a tree, Santa Claus, songs by the choir, stories by Mr. S. M. Dong, solo by Mr. C. G. Ruby, moving pictures on the life of Christ, and refreshments.

CANTONESE BAPTIST

On Christmas Eve, the Cantonese Baptist Church's entertainment was led by Dr. John Y. Lee, who recently returned form America with Mr. C. C. Nieh. The program included music by a splendid church orchestra of about 20 pieces (boys and girls), choral music by the choir, and a Christmas play by the girls of the church school. Pastor Huin has recently died, and the celebrations of this church will this year be saddened by his absence.

ST. PETER'S

On the 24th., at 2 o'clock. St. Peter's Church on Avenue Road staged a play about Christmas by the students of the day school. The same evening at 7:30 there was another Christmas play by the Chinese nurses of St. Margaret's Hospital. On today, the nurses will render music in the special church service, while this evening at 7:30 there will be special music and the Lord's supper at 8:30; there will be a special service for students, both girls and boys at 7:30, the nurses will give special music, and at 8:30 a special service for the boys and girls, at 10 a baptism service with the Lord's supper. In the afternoon at 2.30 all the members of the Church, with families and friends, will have a Christmas entertainment. On Sunday afternoon the 26th, a special entertainment by the Sunday school will be given.

LONDON MISSIONARY

At the London Missionary Church on Shantung Road, there will be a number of special events. The boys of the Y. M. C. A. will visit the different wards of the Hospital on the days after Christmas, with special Christmas hymns, and then Dr. Davenport will see that small gifts are presented to the patients. On Christmas eve, in the Church, there was a service with special music by the Chinese Young Men's Lecture Association, with a solo by Mr. Fang Doong-sung, and a pantomime, followed by a funny speech by Mr. S. M. Dong and a treat. The Christian Endeavor of the Church anticipated Santa Claus by holding an entertainment on the 22nd with special Chinese music and refreshments.

QUINSAN ROAD

On Christmas morning at 10 o'clock, the Methodist Church on Quisan Road will have a Christmas Church service, led by Pastor Led Dzoong-tan, when a Christmas play will be given by the students, with special music by the choir. A collection will be taken, which is expected to be at least $250 of which $200 will go toward famine relief, the rest for decorations and treat for the children.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

The Presbyterian Church near the Commercial Press will hold its special service on the afternoon of Christmas day, at 3 o'clock, with Rev. Yui Koh-tsung leading, and with special songs by the kindergarten of the Church, and a special contribution toward the famine.

BOONE ROAD

On this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, the Boone Road Baptist Church, will have its service, with special music both Chinese and foreign, and songs by the children, Santa Claus, magic and a treat for the children.

UNION CANTONESE

On Christmas morning, 10 to 12, and Christmas night 7 to 9, the Union Cantonese Church will have a play by the small children, entitled "Mr. Lee's Family," special music by the church choir of young men, an exhibit of the manual work by students of day school, and a play by the primary children called "The Inn is Full."

GRACE BAPTIST

The Grace Baptist Church will observed the season on Christmas eve, at 6.30, when there was a recitation of Bible passages bearing on the birth of Jesus, singing by the kindergarten, a Christmas play by the girls' of the Yates School, jugglery and moving pictures.

SING WOO DE

The Y.M.C.A. at the Sing Woo De just inside the native city, near the new north gate, observed Christmas on the afternoon of the 24th. There was, among other items, special music by the boys from the Loonghwa Orphange and by American children, and a play by the boys of the Association.

AT THE DOOR OF HOPE

On Christmas Day, there will be as usual a Christmas Church service in the morning, and the rest of the day will be entirely given over, by all the staff, for promoting games, friendly intercourse, and other pleasures for all the girls. The celebration generally runs over most of three days, during which the members all get as much joy out of the Christmas tide as any group in Shanghai, so Miss Morris says. During this time a group of the 160 children in the school at Kiangwan will come to the Paoshan Center, and entertain the members. And the entire school of about 70 or more little children who are in the Door's School on Foochow Road were entertained at the Center on Monday, with a fine Christmassy program. During this time also, a group from the Center will probably visit Kiangwan, to give an entertainment. On the Sunday after Christmas, workers from the Center will visit the women in prison, with special Christmas cheer, including small but acceptable gifts secured by voluntary contributions from the small savings of the members at the Center, who are paid for the work they do. Miss Morriss states that the girls have contributed $52.00 this winter toward famine relief, from their small savings, and are now giving part of their time to making clothes for the famine districts. One custom at the Center each Christmas is to present to each member a new garment, made possible by the unsolicited contributions of friends throughout the city, and Miss Morriss states that even during the war this custom was maintained, though once or twice sufficient funds had not been received until Christmas eve.

COMMUNITY COMMITTEE

This year the Committee will provide entertainment and treat for the 100 or more children in the free school which is held in the Grace Baptist Church. The entertainment will be a day or two after Christmas.

Y.M.C.A. BOY'S DIVISION

On Sunday evening the 26th beginning at 7 o'clock, there will be a variety entertainment with music, Christmas stories, and a treat, with moving pictures on the Life of Christ, to a audience of about 800 composed of groups as follows: The Apprentice School and Public School boys, the Little Brothers, the Improvement Society, and the Open Air School.

ST. JOHN'S UNIVERSITY

A Christmas entertainment was given in the Assembly Hall of St. John's University December 24 at 2:30 o'clock, after which the students adjourned to the lawn where they sang Christmas carols around an illuminated Christmas tree.

The program was given under the direction of the St. John's Dramatic Club.

The officers of the organisation are—president, Waung Iung-ping; vice-president, Nyien Zeu-khaung; Chinese secretary, Li Oong-kyuin; English secretary, Tsang Tuh-yui; treasurer, Waung Hyien-nyoen; managers, Tsang Chung; S Ping Nyoen and Zung Ziang-sung; editorial staff, Waung Iung-ping;

(Continued on Page 27)

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CANAL TOLLS ISSUE IMPERILS GEDDES

British Ambassador In Danger Of Enforced Recall For Unwarranted Interference

SPEECH STIRS CAPITAL

President-Elect Harding Firmly Committed To Free Tolls For American Ships

Washington, Nov. 6.—The speech by Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador, at Minneapolis yesterday, in which he stated that if the United States were to begin to organize areas of exclusive economic advantage there "would inevitably come a clash of interests that would at least strain the friendly relations between this country and Great Britain," is regarded here as the opening gun in that nation's battle against free tolls for American ships through the Panama Canal.

It is also regarded by both members of the Senate and the House as unwarranted interference in the domestic legislation in this country and as a direct threat that unless the United States yields, it will be compelled to reckon with the "one-quarter of the human race" represented by Great Britain and her colonies.

The Japanese Consul at Los Angeles, Mr. Oyama, is on the eve of recall for just such a performance in connection with land law legislation in California and it was indicated today that if Sir Auckland Geddes persists in this campaign his recall will also be suggested.

The Republican platform demands and President-elect Harding has already expressed himself as being in favor of free tolls for American ships through the Panama Canal.

Congress passed such an act in 1912 and Great Britain immediately made formal protest. President Wilson induced Congress, then completely controlled by him, to repeal the act.

It was pointed out today that British domination of the American Government was ended at the polls Tuesday last, although Sir Auckland Geddes, it was stated, will doubtless make frantic efforts to continue it.

BLANTON MAKES PROTEST

Washington, Nov. 6.—Representative Blanton, Democrat, Texas, made public today an open letter to Secretary Daniels, protesting against the announced cruises of the Atlantic and Pacific fleets next Summer to South America, Africa, Australia and New Zealand.

Mr. Blanton said Congress had not authorised such cruises and that naval statistics showed that "it would require at least 70 percent more coal and oil than ordinary to run these two fleets on such a cruise."

Siccawei Weather Reports

23.—The depression of Guam, which is a typhoon, recurves about lat 15° and threatens the Bonin Is. A whole gale is blowing towards the center, at the eastern Loochoos. Fresh monsoon to the S of the Saddles; variable breezes in the North. Fine and cold day at most places in China; occasional rain in N Formosa.

24.—Fine and bright morning, with sharp cold and heavy hear frost. The breeze has shifted to SSW, the pressure is falling gradually.

New Woman Member Of Congress

Oklahoma City, Okla., Nov. 4.—Mrs. Alice M. Robertson, who has been elected to Congress from the Second Oklahoma District, defeating the veteran Democratic incumbent, Will Hastings, is one of the pioneers of the State.

As a child she came to Oklahoma sixty years ago in an ox-drawn prairie schooner. Her father was a missionary and taught the gospel of the white man to the uncivilised tribes in Indian territory until his death.

Mrs. Robertson taught in the Indian schools until about 1900, opening a boarding school for Creek Indian girls first and later starting a school at Muskogee for girls of the five civilised tribes.

She was appointed Postmaster at Muskogee in 1912 by President Roosevelt, being the first woman to take charge of a first class Post Office in the United States. Of late she has been running a cafeteria in Muskogee.

It was her practice during the war never to charge a uniformed soldier or sailor for a meal.

Mrs. Robertson was until early in the year President of the anti-suffrage association of Oklahoma. She had no political experience prior to making her announcement for Congress last Spring. Her entrance into politics was decided upon against the advice of warm friends, the task of defeating one of Oklahoma's oldest and most popular Congressmen being thought an impossible one.

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Poyang for Tungchow: Mr. Stey; for Nanking: Mr. W. Skinner; for Kiukiang: Mr. B. Goddard; for Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Ticher, Mstrs. Carnaghan (3), Miss Heaney, Mr. G. Cuming.

Per C.N. s.s. Yunan for Hongkong: Miss Grant, Mr. Hallam.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Messrs. A L. Dickson, P. W. Goldring, S. V. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Grant.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Ningshao from Ningpo: Mr. and Mrs. Storeens, Mrs. Pousile.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo: Messrs. C. Butland, W. Y. Ho, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. P. B. Robins.

Per C.N. s.s. Chekiang from Tientsin: Mr. and Mrs. Kelly Davies, Mrs. Smercken and child.

Per C.N. s.s. Tean from Tsingtao: Messrs. C. L. Bickerton, Young.

Per K.M.A. s.s. Kwangping from Chinwangtao: Mrs. and Mrs. Fripp and 2 daughters.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Iyo Maru from Japan: Misses K. Woodward, E. G. Hanna, Mrs. G. H. Daniels, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Stevens, Messrs. S. Ward. G. O'Brien, H. E. Tharsing, C. S. Da Souza, J. R. Sieford.

See
"The Great Radium Mystery"
at the Isis Theatre
Monday Night

Programs At Local Churches And Schools

(Continued from Page 26)

Yang Tuh-zeau, Yang Vok-tshung, and Yang Yau-tsoong; director, Koo Sung-pah.

The following students appeared in the comedy, "Emancipation of Men," Nyien Zeu-khaung, Waung Iung-ping, Koo Sung-pah, Yang Tuh-zeau, Yang Vok-tshung, Tsang Tuh-yui, Pen Ioong-tshung, Sung Kwie-ling, Zung Ziang-sung, Yang Yau-tsoong, Yang Zeng-tuh, S Ping-nyeon, Zung Au-zien, Sung Kwang Yui, Yau Kya-waung, Li Oong-kyuin, Yih Ts-wo, Daung Tsyoong, Waung Hyien-nyeon, Tsang Ching, Lieu Pau-sung and Dau Zwe.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR CHINESE

The Christmas program given by the Public School for Chinese, last night in the school hall was as follows:

Selection by the School Band, Conductor: Lieut. H. B. Lobb, R. F. A.

Recitation in English, Ma Charchee, Ma Nai-ping, Class 2A.

Humorous Item, Loo Young-see, Class 3B.

Chinese Music, Yee Yoh-tsing, form 1A.

Action Song: "Falling Leaves," Class 3B.

Humorous Item, Ede Fu-zien, form 5.

Pianoforte Duet: "Morgenstimmung," Miss E. M. Adlam and The Headmaster.

Recitation in English, Ling Anpong, Class 1.

Song in English, Class 3A.

A short Chinese Play, Tong Lih-sing, Lai Vung-tsing, form 1A.

Recitation in English, form 1B.

Song: "It's a Way we have at School," The School.

Passengers Departing

Per C.N. s.s. Tean for Hongkong: Mrs. Bimikoff, Mrs. S. Chistiakoff, Lt. de La Fourniere, Com. Cuvillier, Sergt. Susine, Messrs. C. M. Richard, Henderson, D. Brockman, Farrell, A. el Arculli.

Per C.M. s.s. Hsinchi for Foochow: Misses M. A. Sawyer, R. P. Wright, Klatt, Cappock, Messrs. F. J. Blyth, Woo, Bismore.

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Stockton	Nov. 23
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Colorado Springs	Nov. 29
West Cadron	Dec. 2
Ecuador	Dec. 5
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China Arrow	Dec. 14
Algonquin	Dec. 20
Korea Maru	Dec. 20
West Neris	Dec. 22

For Tacoma

Africa Maru	Dec. 4
Alabama Maru	Dec. 15

For Seattle

Suwa Maru	Nov. 22
West Ison	Nov. 25
Toyama Maru	Nov. 26
City of Spokane	Nov. 28
West Ivis	Dec. 11
Fushimi Maru	Dec. 18
Horaisan Maru	Dec. 19

For Port Townsend

Mobile City	Dec. 15

For Los Angeles

Vinita	Nov. 23
West Hika	Dec. 10

For Portland

West Keats	Nov. 24
West Hepburn	Dec. 12
Montague	Dec. 19
West Nivaria	Dec. 21

For Vancouver

Empress of Asia	Nov. 20
Empress of Russia	Dec. 19

For New York

Naugus	Nov. 26
Toba Maru	Nov. 27
Romeo	Dec. 24

For London etc.

Elpenor	Nov. 21
Nellore	Nov. 22
Bloemfontein	Nov. 24
Inaba Maru	Nov. 25
Chovo Maru	Nov. 30
Somali	Dec. 4
Kamo Maru	Dec. 6

For Rotterdam

Glenshane	Nov. 28
Glenogle	Dec. 7
Kangean	Dec. 9
Eurymedon	Dec. 23

For Hamburg

Havana Maru	Dec. 1
Lima Maru	Dec. 4
Agapenor	Dec. 15

For Marseilles

Cordilliere	Nov. 24
C.M. Mailhol	Dec. 1
Chili	Dec. 15

For Trieste

Persia	Dec. 11

For Bombay

Dunera	Dec 10

For Calcutta

Tanda	Dec. 14
Gregory	Dec. 24

For Newcastle

Persian Prince	Dec. 17
City of Lincoln	Dec. 14
Devanha	Dec. 15
Pyrrhus	Dec. 16

For Liverpool

Antilochus	Nov. 22
Kamakura Maru	Dec. 8
Telemachus	Dec. 10
Orestes	Dec. 13
Demodocus	Dec. 23
Memnon	Dec. 23
Awa Maru	Dec. 23

Tonight *Tonight*

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

Grand

Fancy Dress Ball

and

Xmas Dinner Dance

TONIGHT
DECEMBER 25th.

BEAUTIFUL PRIZES for The most Original Costumed Couple The Best-Dressed Lady and Gentleman.

Dancing in the Dining Room during Dinner (8.30 p.m.)
Dancing in the Ball Room after Dinner (10.00 p.m.)

For Reservations
Telephone: North 200 and 908

SPECIAL PROGRAMME
For DECEMBER 25th and 26th and Matinee Sunday, 26th
AT THE **VICTORIA THEATRE**
Presenting
THE GREATEST HISTORICAL MASTERPIECE EVER SCREENED

THE "APOSTATE"

AN ITALIAN SPECTACULAR ART FILM. A SEVEN-PART PRODUCTION OF GREAT MERIT WITH SPECIAL MUSIC

ADMISSION PRICES $1.50 and $1.00.

Holders of special coupons entitled to use same by paying the difference.

MATINEES

TODAY, DECEMBER 25th, at 3 p.m. SHOWING "THE APOSTATE"

SUNDAY, 26th, at 3 p.m. with ANTONIO MORENO in "THE IRON TEST" and OTHER NEW FILMS

On MONDAY, 27th, at 3 p.m. COMPLETE NEW PROGRAMME

THÉ DANSANTS
EVERY
SUNDAY
at
St. George's
(late St. George's Cafe)
Bubbling Well
$1.00 Admission $1.00
including Tea
4 p.m. — 7 p.m.
FOR RESERVATIONS
Tel. C. 1915 or West 802

AT THE **APOLLO**
YOU'LL SMILE!
TONIGHT
and December 26th and 27th
SMILES!
CHUCKLES!
TITTERS!
ROARS!
COMEDIES WELL LAUGHTERED WITH LAUGHTER
SEE THE DIFFERENT COMEDIANS
DON'T MISS!

A Merry Christmas!
YOU'LL LAUGH!
OUR SPECIAL PRESENTATION FOR YOU TO MAKE YOU MERRY AND HAPPY

HAROLD LLOYD
THE LAUGHTER KING
MILDRED DAVIS
BEAUTIFUL AND CHARMING COMEDIENNE
"SNUB" POLLARD
FUNNY MAN OF THE SCREEN
IN THEIR TWO PART FEATURE COMEDY
IN TWO PART SPECIAL COMEDY
"HIS ROYAL SLYNESS" "GET OUT & GET UNDER"

THE TICKLERS OF THE NATIONS
See them in their best!!

The nations rock with joy when they perform. Come and let them cure your blues.
AND DON'T FORGET THEIR COURT OF SHAPELY MAIDENS FULL OF PEP 'N EVERYTHING. THE LAMPS OF LLOYD ARE THE LAMPS OF LAUGHTER

THE GREAT BIG LAUGH SENSATIONS
You'll laugh until you cry!!

MAX LINDER
IN HIS FUNNIEST TWO REEL COMEDY
"DON'T KISS THE MAID"
A REAL MAX THE MYRTHFUL MERRY MAKER FOR EAST AND WEST.
A REAL MAX WHOSE SMILE IS SUNSHINE.
COME ON TO THE APOLLO AND GET HAPPY—BRING YOUR FRIENDS—TAKE THE ENTIRE FAMILY

PRICES $1.50 and $1.00
MATINEE TODAY AT 3 P.M.
Joseph Schenck presents The Greatest Emotional Actress
NORMA TALMADGE and EUGENE O'BRIEN
in the latest Select picture
"HER ONLY WAY"
6 parts
An Old Story with a Brand-new Twist!
An absorbing story by GEORGE SCARBOROUGH
MATINEE SUNDAY AND MONDAY
Harold Lloyd and Max Linder
in their latest comedies
"GET OUT and GET UNDER" "HIS ROYAL SLYNESS"
"DON'T KISS THE MAID"
BOOK at ROBINSON'S

AT THE **APOLLO**
YOU'LL ROAR!
TONIGHT
and December 26th and 27th
A RIOT!
A SCREAM!
A DELIGHT!
HERE ARE THE STARS OF FUN!
"SOME COMEDIES"
SEE THE LAMPS OF MIRTH
DON'T MISS!

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Kiang**, 1782 Tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf, on Saturday, Dec. 25, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on Saturday, December 25, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hwahta**, Captain Hansen, will leave on Sunday, December 26, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

PUKOW.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s Str. **Waishing**, 1864 tons, Capt. MacNair, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf on **Sunday, Dec. 26**, at about daylight. For Freight, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.** General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extension for Freight Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangyu**, Captain J. Johansen, will leave on **Monday, December 27**, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Kaifong**, 2,664 Tons, Captain James, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, December 27, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Tuckwo**, 3,770 Tons, Captain Gray, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, December 28, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Meathrel, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, Dec. 28, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Capt. F. Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, Dec. 29, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Wosang**, 1,783 Tons, Captain Forrster, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf on **Thursday, Dec. 30**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Lungwo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Pinderson, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, December 31**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

For Southern Ports

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The Str. **Kungping**, Capt. Hansen, will leave on Saturday morning, Dec. 25. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, Dec. 25, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Capt. D. D. Ross, will leave on Sunday, Dec. 26, at 3:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Hsinchi**, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Sunday morning, December 26. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s **Steamer Hsin Peking**, Captain A. E. Edwards, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, December 27, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The s.s. **Empress of Japan** of The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd., will leave Woosung on **Tuesday, December 28**. The tender **Alexandra** will leave the Customs Jetty for Woosung with Passengers and Mail at 6 a.m. the same day. For Passage, apply to **G. M. Jackson**, Palace Hotel Building, 19a Bund. Phone C. 182. For Freight, apply to N. Lees Smith, corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Phone C. 181.

HONGKONG.—The s.s. **Monteagle**, of The Canadian Pacific Ocean Service, Ltd., will be dispatched from Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf **Tuesday, Dec. 28**, at such time as the state of the tide will allow. For Passage, apply to G. M. Jackson, Palace Hotel Building 19A Bund, Tel. C. 182. For Freight, apply to N. Lees Smith, Corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads: Tel. C. 181.

WENCHOW.—The Str. **Haean**, Captain Wallace, will leave on Wednesday morning, Dec. 29. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shantung**, Captain Monkman, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Wednesday, December 29, at noon. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO.—The Str. **Irene**, Captain Millan, will leave on Saturday morning, December 25. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain G. W. Eldy, will leave from the Watung Wharf on Saturday, December 25, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

DALNY.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hunan**, Captain Byers, will leave on Sunday, December 26, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for transportation by railway to **Tientsin**: The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the **s.s. Kwangping** on **Dec. 28, 1920.** For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1114.

CHEFOO AND DALNY.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. **Kwedin**, Captain A. E. Dowell, will leave on **Wednesday, Dec. 29**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

VLADIVOSTOK DIRECT.—The s.s. **Yungshin**, Captain Pooigs, will be despatched from Shanghai on or about **8th Jan. 1921.** For freight or passage, apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund (Tel. Nos. Central 4702 and 3059).

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ships Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	26	— Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Nov.	27	— Chefoo	Astrakan	Rus.	R.V.F.
Dec.	7	— Cebu	Celtic Prince	Br.	S. Tomes & Co.
Dec.	7	— Tientsin, ports	Mingshun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	14	— Hankow, etc.	Kian	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	16	— Vladivostok	Erivan	Rus.	R.V.F.
Dec.	17	—	Ralph Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
Dec.	19	— Hankow	Meifoo	Am.	Socony.
Dec.	20	— Japan	Wakanoura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	20	—	Pukwo	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	20	—	Shinping	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	21	— Swatow	Hanyang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	21	— New York	Mesopotamia	Br.	Dod. & Co.
Dec.	21	—	Hungkiang	Chi.	
Dec.	21	— Hongkong	Kungping	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	22	— Japan	Aichiba	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
Dec.	22	— Japan	Kaijo Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec.	22	— Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	22	— Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	22	— Hankow, etc.	Luenno	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	22	—	Kirishima M.	Jap.	
Dec.	22	— Naples	Brod Holme	Br.	S.J.C.S. Co.
Dec.	22	— Japan	Chikugo M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	23	—	Toyu Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	23	— Japan	Tosho Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Dec.	23	— Tientsin	Weishun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	23	— Tientsin	Faiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	23	— Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	23	— Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	23	— Hankow, etc.	Meian	Am.	Socony.
Dec.	23	— Hankow, etc.	Kengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Dec.	23	— Pukow	Choysang	Br.	J M & Co.
Dec.	23	— Hongkong	Shenchow	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	23	— Hongkong	West Carmona	Am.	S & Dix.
Dec.	23	— Japan	Iyo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec.	24	— Tientsin	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	24	— Chinwangtao	Kwangning	Br.	K.M.A.
Dec.	24	— Dairen	C. of Joliet	Am.	Adl. Line
Dec.	24	— Swatow	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	24	— Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Cruise	Likin	Chi.	Customs
Dec.	24	— Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Customs
Dec.	24	—	Wergeland	Am.	
Dec.	24	— Foochow	Keelung M.	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec.	24	— Wenchow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Tientsin	Yusang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	24	— Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Hankow, etc.	Ningshao	Chi	N.S.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Hankow, etc.	Waishing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	24	— Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	24	— Hankow, etc.	Taifoo Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Dec.	24	— Chefoo	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Hongkong	Shinfoo	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	24	— Taingtao	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	24	— Hongkong	Wingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	24	—	Ningpo	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	24	— Nanking	Yenoura Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
O D W	Dec. 6	Bee	Br. gun-boat
B V III		Chitose	Jap. gun-boat
F N B	Oct. 21	Destrees	Fr. cruiser
2 C	Dec. 28	Elcano	Am. gun-boat
P. & O. B. I.	Nov. 25	Fox Glove	Br. gunboat
B.N.R.	Dec. 20	Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
U. S. N. B.	Nov. 20	New Orleanr	Am. cruiser
	Nov. 17	Pingching	Chi. rev. cr.
K L Y B	Nov. 8	Seb. Cabotc	Ital. gunboat
E E W	Nov. —	Toba	Jap. gun-boat

Information For Mariners

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1920

High Water at Woosung Bar

(The day tides are higher than the night tides, they are nearly equal at about 4 and 5 o'clock).

Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7½ h.

A.M. Time	A.M. Range	P.M. Time	P.M. Range
11h. 59m.	9ft. 8in.		

High Water at Tungsha Lightship

(The day tides are higher than the night tides).
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H.	A.M. M.	P.M. H.	P.M. M.
10	45	11	10

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
5 8 p.m.	6 8 a.m.	6h. 58m.	5h. 3m.	6h. 13m.	5h. 48m.

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai
For December 30.38in.
769.0mm.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.
S.S. "WUCHANG" ..... sails December 25th, midnight.
S.S. "NGANKIN" ..... sails December 28th, midnight.
S.S. "WOOSUNG" ..... sails December 29th, midnight.

Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR CHEFOO AND WEIHAIWEI

FOR CHEFOO AND DALNY
S.S. "KWEILIN" ..... sails December 29th, noon.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.
S.S. "TEAN" ..... sails December 25th.
S.S. "SHANTUNG" ..... sails December 29th, Noon.
S.S. "SINKIANG" ..... sails December 30th, 2 p.m.

Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philiphines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING" ..... sails at 4:30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

Tel. No.
Passengers: Central No. 401.
Freight: Central No. 77.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents,
French Bund.

CP OS
MANILA CARNIVAL
JAN. 29 TO FEB. 7
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA
Sails Jan. 29 due Manila Feb. 1
Book Your Passage Now
Dominion Express Travellers Checks Sold
SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila-Hongkong	
Monteagle	Jan. 10	†Emp. of Japan	Dec. 28
Emp. of Asia	Jan. 15	†Monteagle	Dec. 28
Emp. of Japan	Jan. 29	*Emp. of Asia	Jan. 1
Emp. of Russia	Feb. 12	*Emp. of Russia	Jan. 29

*Via Manila
†To Hongkong Direct

Freight Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai,
Telephone, Central 181

Passenger Office
Palace Hotel
19 The Bund
Shanghai,
Telephone, Central 183

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO.
AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
PASSENGER and FREIGHT

For San Francisco via Yokohama, Kobe and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Colombia	Jan. 1	S.S. Venezuela	Jan. 8
S.S. Venezuela ...	Jan. 29	S.S. Ecuador	Feb. 5
S.S. Ecuador	Feb. 26	S.S. Colombia ...	Mar. 5

FREIGHT ONLY.
For Japan Ports and San Francisco

SHANGHAI—CALCUTTA SERVICE
FREIGHT ONLY
Calling at Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore and Penang.
S.S. LAKE FARMINGDALE ....about ..... Jan. 10

ROUND THE WORLD FREIGHT SERVICE
Regular monthly sailings for Manila, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta, Colombo, Bombay, Port Said, Alexandria, Marseilles, Barcelona and Baltimore.
S.S. WEST CADDOA ..... about ..... Dec. 29
S.S. EASTERN MERCHANT. .about ..... Jan. 16

PANAMA SERVICE
PASSENGER and FREIGHT
Regular Bi-monthly sailings for Mexico, Central America, Panama, West Coast of South America.

SAN FRANCISCO-BALTIMORE SERVICE
FREIGHT ONLY.
Regular Bi-monthly sailings for Baltimore calling at Cuban Ports.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all Points in United States, Mexico, Central America, South America, and Cuba.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1B, Nanking Road. Telephone Central 5056.
Palace Hotel Building. Cable Adress "SOLANO."

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)
Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO
"SIBERIA MARU" .....January 5, 1921
"TENYO MARU" .....January 16, 1921
"SHINYO MARU" .....February 10, 1921

All steamers of this company are thoroughly modern and up to date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LTD.

Railway transporation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

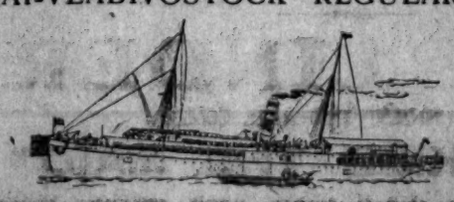
M. FUJII, ACTING MANAGER.
71, Szechuen Road.
Telephones 3229 and 3230.

LLOYD TRIESTINO
Fast Passenger Service. Regular Sailings for
Trieste and Adriatic Ports
taking cargo on through Bill of Lading to
Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports.
Next sailings outward for Japan
S.S. "PILSNA" about Jan. 13
Homeward for Brindisi, Venice and Trieste via Ports
S.S. "NIPPON" beginning of January, 1921
S.S. "PILSNA" beginning February
S.S. "HUNGARIA" beginning March, 1921
S.S. "TRIESTE" beginning April, 1921
S.S. "PERSIA" beginning May, 1921
S.S. "NIPPON" beginning June, 1921
For particulars regarding freight and passages, apply to
LLOYD TRIESTINO S. N. CO.
Sassoon Building (28, Kiangse Road): Tel. C. 5095

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED
TRANS-PACIFIC LINES
S. S. "MATTAWA"
will leave SHANGHAI on or about January 12th.
For Manila Hongkong and Singapore
For Bills of Lading, Freight Rates, etc., apply to
N. LEES-SMITH, Acting Agent.
Cor. Peking & Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai. Tel. Central 181.
34438

THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY
TRANS PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE
For Seattle, Wash., via Japan
S.S. CROSS KEYS ..... JAN. 10th
S.S. EDMORE ..... JAN. 26th
For Manila and Hongkong
S.S. ABERCOS ..... JAN. 20th
Through Bills of Lading issued to all U.S. and Canadian Overland Points. For Freight and Particulars apply to
THE ADMIRAL LINE
R. W. BRUCE,
Agent
Telegraphic Address: "ADMIRALINE."
58 Szechuen Road Tel. C. 5971, 5972 and 5973

SHANGHAI-VLADIVOSTOCK REGULAR SERVICE



The s.s. "YUNGHSIN," chartered, will maintain a regular direct fortnightly service between Shanghai and Vladivostock and will take passengers, mails and parcels.
This steamer has extra large staterooms on the upper deck and is fitted throughout with electric light. An excellent service and cuisine is guaranteed.
1st Class Accommodation for 12 Passengers. 2nd Class Accommodation for 30 Passengers.
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CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
Sailings From Shanghai
SUBJECT TO CHANGE
FOR SAN FRANCISCO
via Japan and Honolulu
S.S. "NANKING" (15,000 tons) ..... Jan. 18
*S.S. "NILE" (14,000 tons) ..... Jan. 28
S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 tons) ..... Feb. 28
*Omits Yokohama and Honolulu
FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
S.S. "NANKING" ..... Jan. 2
S.S. "NILE" ..... Jan. 14
FOR HONGKONG AND SINGAPORE DIRECT
S.S. "CHINA" ..... Feb. 2
For further information regarding Passenger Fares, Sailings, Freight Rates, etc., apply to
F. R. BARRETT,
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Cable address "CHIMAIL" Phone "Central 4778"
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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N.Y.K.
NIPPON YUSEN
(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.
Marseilles, London and Antwerp via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez and Port Said:—

ATSUTA MARU	16,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Jan. 3
SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Asakawa,	Jan. 17

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE
For Marseilles and Liverpool via ports:—
For London, North Continental Ports via Ports:

TSURUGA MARU	15,000	Capt. B. Takano,	Jan. 6
LISBON MARU	10,000	Capt. T. Shirai,	End of Jan.

FOR VICTORIA AND SEATTLE (Via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama).

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. K. Yoshikawa,	Jan. 5
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	Jan. 30

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK AND BOSTON Via Panama.
Calling Japan Ports

LYON MARU	10,000	Capt. K. Miyazawa,	Jan. 15

FOR SOUTH AMERICA (Sailing from Kobe)
For Buenos Ayres, Santos, Rio de Janeiro via Durban and Cape Town:—
FOR YOKOHAMA VIA NAGASAKI, MOJI AND KOBE.

TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. S. Kimura,	Dec. 28
WAKANOURA MARU	5,500	Capt. J. Fujisawa,	Dec. 31
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Seno,	Jan. 3

FOR KOBE AND OSAKA VIA MOJI (Osaka may be omitted).

YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Saito,	Dec. 29
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Shinohara,	Jan. 1
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Kishimoto,	Jan. 5
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. M. Tsuruga,	Jan. 8

FOR KOBE DIRECT.

KAGA MARU	12,500	Capt. H. Nogiri,	Dec. 28

FOR HONGKONG.

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. R. Shimizu,	Jan. 31

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG.

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	Jan. 8, 1921

FOR AUSTRALIA (Sailing from Hongkong).
For Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Isl., Townsville, Brishbane, Sydney, Melbourne:—

NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. J. Kusano,	Jan. 13
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. G. Shinomiya,	Feb. 18
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. B. Saito,	Mar. 22

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

Vereenigde Nederlandsche Scheepvaart - Maatschappy
(United Netherlands Navigation Company)

HOLLAND-OOST AZIE LYN
(Holland—East Asia Line)

(Member of the Straits, China and Japan Conferences) regular monthly service from

Japan Ports, Shanghai and Hongkong to Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen. Sailings subject to alterations.

FOR	STEAMER	LOADING on/or about
Rotterdam and Hamburg	"ALCHIBA"	December
Amsterdam and Hamburg	"BORNEO"	January 18
Rotterdam and Hamburg	"AMELAND"	February 18
Amsterdam and Hamburg	"ALDERAMIN"	March 18

For full particulars please apply to:

HOLLAND CHINA TRADING CO.
Agents
No. 43 Kiangse Road, Shanghai. Telephone No. Central 4754.

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

FOR LONDON - ANTWERP - ROTTERDAM

S.S. City of Joliet Dec. 24th

For rates and particulars apply to

THE BARBER S. S. LINES, INC.
THE ADMIRAL LINE, Agents.
33 Szechuen Road. Tel. C. 5971, 5972 and 5973

STRUTHERS & DIXON
INCORPORATED
Pacific representatives and operators
Green Star Line

For San Francisco—via Kobe and Yokohama.
U.S.S.B. S.S. WEST CARMONA ..... Dec. 27th
For Seattle—via Kobe and Yokohama.
For Seattle—via Dairen, Kobe and Yokohama.
U.S.S.B. S.S. WEST CACTUS ..... Jan. 4th
U.S.S.B. S.S. DEUEL ..... Jan. 15th
For New York—via Suez Canal
U.S.S.B. S.S. EURANA ..... Jan. 17th

EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR THE FAR EAST, Shanghai, China. L. EVERETT, Vice President.
SHANGHAI OFFICE, 7 Jinkee Road, Tel. Cent. 5017 and 5018. W. B. Lunt, Agent.
Telegrams "DIXSTRUTH"

Shipping Items

The I-C s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Dilwara, from Bombay on December 13, was expected to sail from Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai yesterday morning at 6 o'clock.

The S.P. s.s. Tehhsing left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Thursday.

The I-C. s.s. Koonshing is due in Shanghai from Canton and Hongkong tomorrow.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Rhesus, from United Kingdom, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Sunday.

The P. and O. s.s. Plassy, from London on November 12, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The Adl. Line s.s. Eastern Cloud arrived at Manila from Port Said on Monday, the 20th.

The Adl. Line s.s. Eldena left Singapore for Port Said on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro M. left Moji for Shanghai yesterday and is expected to arrive at the N.Y.K. Wharf tomorrow.

The M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat, with the French mails of November 24, left Saigon at 11.30 o'clock Wednesday morning and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on Wednesday, December 29.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangtah left Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Kumsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Calcutta, Straits and Hongkong on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Hangsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow on Tuesday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Aicinous, from United Kingdom, left Hongkong on Wednesday and is due in Shanghai today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Hector from United Kingdom, left Hongkong yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Monday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Knight Templar, from United Kingdom, will leave Hongkong today and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Delta, from London on December 3, is expected to leave Colombo for Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai next Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru left Nagasaki for Shanghai on Thursday and is expected to arrive at the Wayside Wharf today.

The Adl. Line s.s. City of Spokane left Cheribon for Semarang on Wednesday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Alloway left New York for Yokohama on December 18.

The I-C. s.s. Wosang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Shangking will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The S.P. s.s. Changon will leave Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung will leave Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Tungwah will leave Foochow for Shanghai today.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Dairen and Tsingtao Monday morning and will sail for same ports at 12.30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The tender with passengers will leave the Customs jetty at 11.30 o'clock.

Per P. and O. s.s. Banca, from Antwerp on October 13, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Monday.

The P. and O. s.s. Kashgar was expected to sail from London for Shanghai and way ports yesterday.

The P. and O. s.s. Sicilia left Kobe at 7 o'clock Thursday morning and is due in Shanghai tomorrow morning. The Sicilia sails for London and way ports Tuesday and the tender Gutzlaff with passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 10.30 o'clock Tuesday morning.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Monteagle, from Vancouver on November 29, is due at Moji at daylight today and in Shanghai at 5 o'clock Monday evening. The Monteagle will dock at the Hongkew Wharf and sail for Hongkong direct at noon on Tuesday.

The S.P. s.s. Hwahkuel left Dairen for Shanghai on Wednesday afternoon.

The Adl. Line s.s. Naugus arrived at Singapore from Shanghai on Thursday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Montague arrived at Hongkong from Shanghai on Thursday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Cross Keys left Manila for Cebu on Thursday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Winston Salem left Manila for Cebu on Thursday.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Japan from Vancouver on December 7, left Kobe at midnight last night and is due at Woosung Monday night. The tender with inward bound passengers is expected to reach the Customs jetty at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning. The Japan sails for Hongkong direct Tuesday and the tender with outgoing passengers will leave the Customs jetty at 6 o'clock Tuesday morning.

Vessels Due

Amazone, *Japan*	Dec. 26
Aicinous, *U. Kingdom*	Dec. 25
Chekiang, *Tientsin*	Dec. [illegible]
Changon, *Hankow*	Dec. [illegible]
Chenan, *Hongkong*	Dec. 30
Chungking, *Hankow*	Dec. 31
Colombia, *Hongkong*	Jan. 1
E. of Japan, *Vancouver*	Dec. 28
E. of Asia, *Vancouver*	Jan. 1
Fengtien, *Tientsin*	Dec. 28
Hangsang, *Hongkong*	Dec. 28
Hector, *U. Kingdom*	Dec. 27
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	Dec. 26
Hwahta, *Hankow*	Jan. 3
Kaga Maru, *London*	Dec. 26
Kiangfoo, *Hankow*	Dec. 27
Kianghsin, *Hankow*	Dec. 28
Kiangyu, *Hankow*	Dec. 25
Kobe Maru, *Dairen*	Dec. 27
Koonshing, *Hongkong*	Dec. 25
Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	Dec. 25
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	Dec. 31
Kumsang, *Calcutta*	Dec. 28
Kutwo, *Hankow*	Dec. 26
K. Templar, *U. Kingdom*	Dec. 29
Kwangtha, *Hongkong*	Dec. 26
Kiangwah, *Hankow*	Jan. 1
Loongwo, *Hankow*	Dec. 30
Luenho, *Hankow*	Jan. 1
Luenyi, *Hankow*	Jan. 2
Monteagle, *Vancouver*	Dec. 27
Ngankin, *Hankow*	Dec. 26
Nanking, *S. Francisco*	Jan. 1
Ningshao, *Hankow*	Jan. 3
Omi Maru, *Japan*	Jan. 2
P. Lecat, *Marseilles*	Dec. 29
Plassy, *London*	Dec. 29
Poyang, *Hankow*	Jan. 1
Rhesus, *U. Kingdom*	Dec. 29
Sakaki Maru, *Dairen*	Dec. 31
Shengking, *Hankow*	Dec. 29
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	Dec. 26
Sicilia, *Japan*	Dec. 26
Sinkiang, *Hongkong*	Dec. 27
Szechuen, *Hongkong*	Dec. 25
Siberia Maru, *Hongkong*	Jan. 3
Sui'wo, *Hankow*	Jan. 2
Suiyang, *Hongkong*	Jan. 1
Sunning, *Hongkong*	Jan. 3
Tehhsing, *Hankow*	Dec. 26
Tuckwo, *Hankow*	Dec. 26
Tatung, *Hankow*	Dec. 30
Tungwah, *Foochow*	Dec. 27
Wosang, *Hankow*	Dec. 29
Woosung, *Hankow*	Dec. 27
Waishing, *Hankow*	Jan. 3
Wuchang, *Hankow*	Jan. 3
Yawata Maru, *Japan*	Dec. 29
Yamashiro Maru, *Japan*	Dec. 27
Yingchow, *Tsingtao*	Dec. 30

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S. S. Lines
(Companies Incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

S.S. "SICILIA"	December 28th
S.S. "PLASSY"	January 18th
S.S. "DELTA"	January 31st
S.S. "KASHGAR"	February 28th

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO

S.S. "DILWARA"	January 7th

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT FROM HONGKONG

S.S. "TANDA"	December 30th
S.S. "GREGORY APCAR"	January 6th

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG

S.S. "EASTERN"	January 17th
S.S. "KANOWNA"	February 16th

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.

For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

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AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: General: Central 169
Passage: Central 2516
Freight: Central 2009

CHINA PACIFIC CO.
Agents for
Columbia Pacific Shipping Co.
and
Sudden and Christenson

Sailing from Shanghai about

S.S. "Bearport"	Jan. 12
S.S. "West Nomentum"	To follow.
S.S. "West Keats"	To follow.

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6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, 4th Floor.

O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with Imperial Japanese Government
Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE, For Marseilles, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*HAVRE MARU	12,000	S. Saito,	Dec. 29	Dec. 31

NEW YORK LINE, For San Francisco, Panama and New York via Japan Ports.

AMUR MARU	14,000	H. Chiba,	Feb. 2	Feb. 4

PUGET SOUND LINE, For Victoria, Seattle Tacoma, and Vancouver via Dairen, Kobe and Yokohama.
FOR HONGKONG.

ARABIA MARU	18,000	T. Saito,	Jan. 6	Jan. 8
MANILA MARU	18,000	Y. Somokava,	Jan. 10	Jan. 11

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS, For Dairen
FOR FORMOSA, For Takao via Keelung.

Those steamers marked* have no passenger accommodation.
The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Principal Ports of the world.
Through freight booked from Shanghai for Transhipment at Kobe.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
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DOLLAR LINE
REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC AND NEW YORK FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA—HONGKONG—SINGAPORE—SHANGHAI TO AMERICA

SAILINGS FOR VANCOUVER

S.S. "Bessie Dollar"	Mar. 1st
S.S. "Grace Dollar"	Mar.

SAILING FOR NEW YORK

S.S. "Esther Dollar" via Suez	Jan. 7th
S.S. "Bessie Dollar"	Mar. 1st
S.S. "Grace Dollar"	Mar.

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.
For further information as to Freight Rates, etc.
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THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY
Union Building, Canton Road
TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 2303

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec. 25	—	New York	Remeo	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 29	—	New York	Edgehill	Am.	S. & Dix
Dec. 31	—	Vancouver	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 1	—	San Francisco	†Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 2	—	New York via Suez	Laomedon	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 3	—	San Francisco	†Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Jan. 5	—	Seattle, etc.	Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 6	—	New York	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jan. 7	—	New York via Suez	Esther Dollar	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 9	—	Vancouver	†Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 10	—	New York	Eurana	Am.	S. & Dix
Jan. 14	—	New York	Agamemnon	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 15	—	New York	Lyon Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 15	—	Seattle	Deuel	Am.	S. & Dix.
Jan. 15	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 16	—	San Francisco	†Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Jan. 16	—	San Francisco	†Nanking	Am.	China Mail
Jan. 18	—	New York	Tuscan Prince	Br.	P. Line
Jan. 20	—	Los Angeles	West Hixon	Am.	L.A.P.N. Co.
Jan. 21	—	New York	Gaelic Prince	Br.	P. Line
Jan. 22	—	Vancouver	†E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 25	—	New York	Bolton Castle	Br.	Dod & Co.
Jan. 28	—	San Francisco	†Nile	Am.	China Mail
Jan. 29	—	San Francisco	†Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 30	—	Seattle, ports	Kashima M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Feb. 10	—	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Feb. 15	—	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Dec. 25	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 25	noon	Wakamatsu	Hanyang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 28	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 28	—	Kobe	Kaga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 29	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 31	—	K'saki, K., Y'hama	Wakanoura M.	Jap.	N.K.K.
Jan. 1	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 5	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 8	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 13	—	Kobe, Yokohama	Pilsna	Ital.	L. Triest

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Dec. 25	—	London, ports	Iyo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 27	—	London, ports	†Sicilia	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 28	9.00*	Marseilles, ports	†Amazone	Fr.	M.M. Cie
Dec. 30	—	Liverpool, ports	Alcinous	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 31	—	Java ports	Tjibodas	Dut.	H.C.T. Co.
Dec. 31	—	Hamburg, ports	Havre Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Jan. 3	—	London, ports	Atsuta Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 6	—	Liverpool, ports	Tsuruga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan. 6	—	Liverpool	Hector	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 7	—	Hamburg, etc.	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 10	—	Marseilles, ports	†Andre Lebon	Fr.	M.M. Cie
Jan. 10	—	Trieste, ports	Nippon	Ital.	L. Triest
Jan. 12	—	Singapore, ports	Mattawa	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 14	—	Genoa	Masaniello	Gr.	Dod. & Co.
Jan. 15	—	London, ports	†Plassy	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Jan. 18	—	Rotterdam, ports	Borneo	Dut.	H.C.T. Co.
Jan. 20	—	Hamburg, ports	Oanfa	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 21	—	Scandinavia	Chile	Dan.	E.A. Co.
Jan. 27	—	Liverpool, ports	Anchises	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 28	—	London, ports	Glenluce	Br.	G.L.E.A.
Jan. 31	—	London, ports	†Delta	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Feb. 2	—	London ports	Glenada	Br.	G.L.E.A.
Feb. 3	—	Liverpool, ports	K. Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 3	—	Antwerp, ports	Deucalion	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 17	—	Hamburg, ports	Mentor	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 17	—	Liverpool, ports	Lycaon	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 24	—	Antwerp, ports	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 24	—	Glasgow, ports	Titan	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 3	—	Glasgow, ports	Achilles	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 10	—	Hamburg, ports	Helenus	Br.	B. & S.
Mar. 10	—	Liverpool	Stentor	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Dec.	24	noon S. H'kong, C'ton	Yunnan	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	25	— S. H'kong, C'ton	Kungping	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	25	11.00* H'kong, C'ton	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	26	D.L. S. H'kong, C'ton	Choysang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	26	D.L. S. R'kong, C'ton	Wingsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	26	— Foochow	Mitsuki	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	26	3.30 Ningpo	Kiangsze	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	27	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Dec.	27	5.00 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	27	— Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec.	28	— Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec.	29	noon Hongkong, C'ton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	29	— Wenchow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	30	2.00 Hongkong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	1	— Manila & Hongkong	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	2	— Hongkong	Nanking	Am.	China Mail
Jan.	5	8.00* Amoy	Chinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	8	— Manila & Hongkong	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan.	8	— Manila & Hongkong	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Dec.	25	11.00* Tsingtao	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	25	— Chefoo	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	26	noon Tsingtao	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	26	D.L. Chefoo, Tientsin	Yusang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	26	noon Dairen	Hunan	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	28	12.30 Tsingtao, Dairen	Kobe Maru	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	28	— Chinwangtao	Kwangping	Br.	K.M.A.
Dec.	29	D.L. Chefoo & Dairen	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	1	6.30* Tsingtao & Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.
Jan.	5	8.00* Chefoo & Dairen	Ichang	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Dec.	25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Dec.	25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Esang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	25	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	26	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	26	D.L. Pukow	Waishing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	27	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	27	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	28	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	28	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	28	noon Pukow	Szechuen	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	28	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tehhsing	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	29	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	29	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	30	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec.	30	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	30	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	31	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Changon	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Dec.	31	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	31	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	1	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan.	2	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Jan.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.

† CARRYING MAIL.
* A. M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGHT

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE
For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per P.M. s.s. Colombia Jan. 1
For Europe
Per P. & O. s.s. Sicilia Dec. 28
Per M.M. s.s. Amazone Dec. 28
For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima M. Dec. 27

MAILS DUE
From U.S. and Canada
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. Monteagle Dec. 27
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E of Japan Dec. 28
From Japan
Per M.M. s.s. P. Lecat Dec. 29
From Europe
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro M. Dec. 26

Launch Services

Tuesday, December 28, 1920

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Amazone will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 9 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 11.30 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Japan will leave the Customs Jetty at 6 a.m.

Friday, December 31, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m.

LET US

relieve you of all your tyre troubles. Drop in any time and we can talk it over.

H. S. HONIGSBERG & CO.'S TYRE DEPT.

39 Bubbling Well Road

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1920

SPECIAL

1920 BUICK LIMOUSINE, 6 cyl.:

Run 90 miles: Sacrifice for cash

DAVIS, CENTRAL GARAGE, 2a Jinkee Road.

We buy for cash Tel., Central 3809 We sell on time

Business and Official Notices

AUCTION INDEX

Wednesday, December 29th.—A very fine collection of original Japanese water colours by the famous Artists Yoshida, Kasagi, E. Kato and Takeda in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

Thursday, December 30th.—Superior and Substantial Household Furniture and Sundries at No. 1a Jinkee Road.

Thursday, December 30th.—Excellent Household Furniture and Sundries in back Salesroom at 10 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

Saturday, January 22nd, at 2.30 p.m. and **Monday, January 24th** at 4 p.m. in upper Salesroom, a splendid collection of Postage stamps, part proceeds of which will be devoted to the Famine Fund.

SHANGHAI AUCTIONEERS, LIMITED

Telephone No. 5021

favoured with instructions from THE CONCERNED will sell by Public Auction within their salesroom

No. 97 SZECHUEN ROAD

On Friday, December 24th, at 10 a.m.

An Excellent Consignment of

SUPERIOR NEW CARPETS AND RUGS

in exquisite designs and exceptionally good colours.

These carpets are made by well known manufacturers and are unsurpassed since offered in auction. *comprising:*—

Axminster, Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets in various sizes. Chenille table covers, curtains, table and bed linen, heavy woollen blankets, satin covered eider down quilts, silk tapestry covered cushions, stair linoleum, etc.

also

One Fine toned iron framed upright piano by E. Kauss, Stuggart.
One Fine toned iron framed piano by Bluchner, Leipzig.

DAINTY AND ARTISTIC NEW HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

comprising:—

oak and oak stained dining room furniture, oak mahogany stained and oak stained bedroom furniture, all fitted with fancy bevelled edge mirrors, silk tapestry and plush covered heavily carved dragon design drawing room furniture, silk tapestry upholstered double spring Chesterfield couch and armchairs, solid brass 4-poster double bedstead. Child's solid brass bedstead, brass mounted white enamelled twin bedsteads, white enamelled iron filters, good photogravures, water color teak flower stands, round tables, square and round stoves, Peking enamelled hall stoves, teak hat stand, dressing table with fancy bevelled mirrors, Morris chairs, brass electric table lamps, fire brasses, fenders, coal boxes, good glass and crockery ware, and

GENUINE OLD CURIOS AND GOOD EP. WARE

including flower centres, biscuit boxes, tea sets, bread baskets, toast racks, cruet stands, butter dishes, jam dishes, egg stands, coffee sets, bread boards, cutlery, porcelain vases, bronze figures, 4-fold panel inlaid screen, fire screen, brass ware, various ornaments, cut glass ware and high class perfumes.

also

SALAMANDRE STOVES MILNER SAFES
IMPORTED OAKWOOD DRESSER WITH KITCHEN ACCESSORIES (a fine piece of art)

on view Wednesday, December 22nd when catalogues will be ready.

Shanghai Paper Hunt Club

CHRISTMAS HUNT
December 25th, 1920.

START.—Old Handicap Bridge, Brennan Road, at 3.30 p.m.

FINISH.—Bee Line.

F. W. POTTER,
Master, S. P. H. C.

Shanghai, December 24th, 1920.

34561

Transit Passengers

Notice to passengers in transit! Frederick's Private Hotel, 100 W. Jukong Road, has all modern comforts such as can only be found in the leading Hotels in America and Europe. That we do not farm out to No. 1 Boy, our Excellent Cuisine will soon be known.

You pay only half the price you would have to pay in other hotels.

34556

In the United States Court for China

In re Last Will and Testament of	Cause No. 128
Thomas R. Jernigan *Deceased*	Estate No 36
	NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Pursuant to an order of said Court, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of THOMAS R. JERNIGAN, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers to the undersigned at Shanghai, China, on or before the 11th day of June, 1921, and all persons owing debts to said deceased are hereby notified to make payment of the same in due course to the undersigned.

PAUL JERNIGAN,
Executor,
23, Whangpoo Road,
Shanghai, China.

December 10, 1920.

34200

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16 and 27

Not a Single
CROSS WORD
in a
CASE
SANDY MACDONALD
(Sandy Mac)
is the best
SCOTCH WHISKY
At All Storekeepers

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
Sole Agents

Shanghai Jewish School.

Applications are invited for the post of Head Master or Mistress, salary $400 per month, and also for that of an Assistant Master or Mistress, salary $275 a month. Applications, stating qualifications and experience, to be made in writing to the undersigned at No. 9 Jinkee Road.

E. SALMON.

34522

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATON
No. 965.

Acting under instructions from the Inspector-General of Customs, I hereby notify the public that on and after the 16th January next for one year a surtax of one-tenth on all collection of revenue made by the Maritime and the Native Customs —except Tonnage Dues—will be levied for famine relief. No surtax will be levied in respect to shipments to China made prior to 16th January, 1921.

E. GORDON LOWDER,
Commissioner of Customs.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, 20th December, 1920.

34538

Send Me 200 Used Stamps of China and Adjoining Countries and in **EXCHANGE**
I will give you Picture Post Cards of Famous London Views, British Scenery, and of the Great War etc.,
MISS TEE, 1, Kio Ora,
Stockwell, London, England.
34460

Lee & Lee Garage
Corner Rue Consulat
and
Boulevard Montigny.
BATTERY or MAGNETO
best made.
See us before you buy one.
Save you 10% to 20%
34003

HARRIS'S
WILTSHIRE
COOKED, BONELESS
HAMS
IN PEAR SHAPED TINS
Weight 13 to 17 lbs. each
Price $1.00 per lb.

Being cooked and boneless these Hams are cheap in price compared with other imported Hams. The quality is guaranteed by the fact that they come from HARRIS'S, Wiltshire.

Imported by
Geddes & Co.,
Limited.
AGENTS.
Tel. 346 5 Peking Road

1895-1920
ON THEIR SILVER JUBILEE
W. Z. ZEE & SONS
Wish all Their Patrons
A Merry Christmas and A Happy New Year

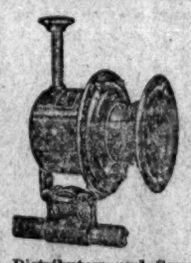
FOR HIS XMAS

CORONA
Weight 6½ lbs.
Mex
$110.00
Complete in traveling case.

BABY FOX
Weight 7½ lbs.
Mex
$95.00
Complete in traveling case.

NATIONAL
(*Model* 5)
Weight 9½ lbs.
Mex
$95.00
Complete in traveling case.

Phone C. 4778 **THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.** 22 Nanking Rd. Shanghai



EVERY MOTOR-CYCLIST
should have the protection of a
STEWART Hand Operated
WARNING SIGNAL
A clear, sharp, warning blast, which will penetrate all other noises—AND WARN BUT NOT FRIGHTEN.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, Married couple, without children, desire comfortable living quarters, with or without board, for occupancy January 1. Please address Box 253, THE CHINA PRESS.

AMERICAN bachelor wants small furnished appartment or rooms with or without board, central district preferred, will occupy January 1st. References furnished. Apply to Box 249, THE CHINA PRESS.
34566 D 25

BRITISH couple (no children) desire room and board, western district. References if desired. Apply to Box 248, THE CHINA PRESS.
34565 D 28

LADY requires on 1st January well-furnished room with bathroom attached, and board. Apply to Box 236, THE CHINA PRESS.
34536 D 25

ACCOMMODATION required for married couple (British), arriving from London at the end of the month. Apply to Box 199, THE CHINA PRESS.
34516 D 29

WANTED, by an English gentleman with quiet habits, a comfortable bedroom and board with private family in the central or western district. Please apply to Box 233, THE CHINA PRESS.
34524 D. 30.

LOST AND STOLEN

LOST, on December 24th, lady's hallmarked gold wrist-watch with gold chain, Szechuen Road. Finder notify Telephone North 1189. Reward.
34563 D 25

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED, stenographer for Hankow office of large American firm. Apply to Box 238, THE CHINA PRESS.
34547 D. 28.

AMERICAN shipmaster wanted for river steamer. Apply to Box 239, THE CHINA PRESS.
34549 D. 28.

WANTED, accountant for large established import and export firm. Applicant must be thoroughly experienced and efficient in office system, modern accounting, and handling of exchange. Apply to Box 1305, THE CHINA PRESS.
33987

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

GODOWN space to let. Apply to Box 228, THE CHINA PRESS.
34510 D. 30.

GODOWN space to be let, modern concrete buildings, part or whole. Particulars and terms, apply to Box 221, THE CHINA PRESS.
34488 D 29

OFFICE to let, three rooms, or will sub-divide, at reasonable rates, in best part of central district; all improvements. Telephone central 3234.
34343

GODOWNS, part or whole, to let in central district. Apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund.
33983

OFFICES to let: suites of from two to four very large light rooms, steam heat, very modern, near Bund. Apply J. T. Hammond, No. 51 Szechuen Road.

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be prepaid. Replies must be called for.

2 Cents a Word. Minimum Charge 40 cents

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED, by refined American woman, position as nurse or governess in A.1. foreign family; no objection to outport. Apply to Box 251, THE CHINA PRESS.
34567 D 25

AMERICAN woman desires position in office; understands typing, filing and some stenography. Apply to Box 250, THE CHINA PRESS.
34567 D 25

EXPORT man with extensive executive experience and substantial knowledge of imports, insurance and shipping, is open for engagement as manager, or branch manager. Ten Years experience in China. Apply to Box 215, THE CHINA PRESS.
34474

LET the Y.M.C.A. Employment Department help you find the right man for the next vacancy in your office. Fifteen years of experience, hundreds of satisfied employers. Address Mr. C. C. Hsu, Employment Secretary, No. 120 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, or phone Central 5200.
34095

WANTED, position by competent stenographer. Several years experience general office work, filing, cabling, etc. References. Apply to Box 223, THE CHINA PRESS.
34491 D 28

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, house, flat or apartment for two adults and 14-year-old child, possession January 1st, 1921. Can give best references. Apply to Box 245, THE CHINA PRESS.
34562 D 25

WANTED, between now and March, a furnished house, preferably belonging to someone going on furlough. Wayside or Hongkew preferred. Can give best of references. Apply to Box 243, THE CHINA PRESS.
34555 D 29

WANTED to rent, by young American couple, from January 1st for three months, either a small furnished house, a nicely furnished flat or apartments, with meals, in private family. Apply to Box 235, THE CHINA PRESS.
34533 D 28

WANTED about March 1st, furnished house or apartment by American couple, no children. Careful tenants. Apply to Box 154, THE CHINA PRESS.
34298

WANTED, on long lease, with option to purchase, an eight to ten-roomed house, unfurnished, with not less than five mow of land; garage. Please reply to Box 230, THE CHINA PRESS.
34507 D. 30.

WANTED immediately, four or five-roomed house. Willing to take over lease. Address Mrs. Cooke, 25 Kungping Road, Central 4957.
34441 D 28

WANTED, furnished house in French-town or western district, from 15th February to end of June. Apply to Box 162, THE CHINA PRESS.
34336 D 18

FLAT wanted, central or Hongkew district, not less than three rooms and bath. Furniture taken over if necessary. Address, quoting rent, to Box 13, THE CHINA PRESS.
34081

MISCELLANEOUS

BRITISH merchant, shortly leaving for business tour through America and Europe, will consider proposition to act as temporary or permanent agent for reliable Chinese or foreign firms. Will also escort and dispose of consignments on commission basis. References supplied. Apply to Box 246, THE CHINA PRESS.
34564 D 28

MASSAGE and Manicure: Madame Ah Pao (experienced) treats patients either at their own homes or at 1853 Bubbling Well Road (above Tang Zung Kee).
34545

GARAGE for small touring car wanted to rent in vicinity of Bubbling Well Cemetery or Yates Road. Apply to Box 198, THE CHINA PRESS.

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Garden

VACANT, January 1st, a large front room with bathroom attached, suitable for married couple.
Apply MRS. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET with board, large well-furnished room and bath. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. All modern conveniences, garage and stabling. Apply to Box 178, THE CHINA PRESS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road

One large front room and one back facing garden. Hot and cold water. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress.
Tel. North 1102.
34428

TO LET, flat two rooms, kitchen and bath, central. Furniture to be taken over. Apply to Box 234, THE CHINA PRESS.
34557 D 25

TO LET, well-furnished room with private bathroom. Apply 3 Young Allen Terrace.
34559 D 29

SINGLE and double rooms to let, with full board, 19a North Szechuen Road.
34551 D 29

NICELY furnished room with full board, suitable for married couple, private bath, hot and cold water, modern conveniences throughout, telephone, etc. American family. Excellent locality. Apply to Box 242, THE CHINA PRESS.
34553 J 1

TO LET, large well-furnished room, with small room, closed-in verandah, with bathroom attached, also one large attic. Apply 19 Nanzing Road.
34511 D 31

UNFURNISHED rooms for rent, quiet people (no children). Call weekdays 2 to 3 p.m., No. 1 Yu Yuen Road.
34542 D 25

BEAUTIFULLY furnished single room, detached bath, hot water geyser, telephone, full board, for gentleman. Available January 1st. 18 Quinsan Garden.
34535 D 31

TWO double rooms with board; two single, with board; moderate charges. Apply to Box 229, THE CHINA PRESS.
34506 D. 30.

TO LET, one large front room with bathroom (hot and cold water) and closed verandah attached. Also small room. 23 North Szechuen Road. Telephone North 2554.
34513 D. 30.

TO LET, two well-furnished flats, each two big rooms, verandah, bathroom, telephone. Apply to Box 226, THE CHINA PRESS.
34500 D 28

PROFESSIONAL

PIANOFORTE lessons given by accomplished pianist (independent finger touch), $2 per lesson. Apply to Box 244, THE CHINA PRESS.
34560

DANCING. Modern high-class, individual instruction, no classes. Latest "Jazz" and "Twist" movements in Fox-Trot, One-step, Waltz. Appointments in person, 'phone, letter, Miss Connie Hendry, Astor House.
34483 J 4

MADAM KELVEY, professional teacher of modern, character, classical, ballet and toe dancing. Terms moderate. Write for appointment, Madam Kelvey, Box 49, Care of Chinese Post Office.
34251 J 13

BANJO tuition. Lansing method used. Both legitimate and jazz systems taught, with special attention to harmony and rhythm. Instruments for sale. See Russell Ellis, Carlton Cafe.
33928 D. 29.

DANCING. Shanghai's first dancing class. Prof. Thereses, Palace Hotel, daily 5:15. We teach anyone who can walk to dance.
33948 D. 31.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 22 and 23

SITUATIONS WANTED

POLISH LADY, age 26, with some knowledge of English, French and German, wants position in private family as governess or lady's-maid. At reasonable wages. Apply to Box 205, THE CHINA PRESS.
34449 D 28

EXCHANGE AND MART

WANTED buy, light-weight motor-cycle, perferably Indian Scout, must be in excellent condition and at reasonable price. Apply to Box 216, THE CHINA PRESS.
34482 D 25

SAFETY Razor Blades sharpened like new, three cents single, four cents double blades. Send your old blades to the Y.M.C.A. Barber Shop —"The Sanitary Shop," 136 Szechuen Road.
34093

WANTED, International Correspondence School's French Phonograph language outfit. Reply, stating price, to Box 191, THE CHINA PRESS.
34420

STAMPS, Christmas sale of China stamps, 105 different $2.50; Shanghai overprint, set $1.25; London overprint set 0.95. Foolay, 394 Lloyd Road.
34517 D. 25.

WANTED, good second-hand closed motor car. Telephone Central 6018.
34519 D. 25.

KEYLESS PADLOCKS, "Standard Time" American Keyless padlocks, desk locks, Rim night Latches just arrived. Prices from Mex. $2.50 to $3.50 each. For sale by Liengyi Mercantile Co., No. 11 Szechuen Road. Telephone Central 319.
34525 D. 28.

WHITE Shirting, 34" x 40 yards, Landscape white shirting, price $12.00 per piece. Probst, Hanbury & Co., Ltd., 10 Nanking Road.
34569 D. 31.

FOR SALE, five-passenger Overland touring car, just rebuilt and newly painted. Apply Shanghai Motor Repair Co., No. 11 Boone Road, corner of Seward Road.
34494 D 30

FOR SALE, 7-passenger Chandler touring car, in irreproachable mechanical condition. Apply Shanghai Motor Repair Co. No. 11 Boone Road, corner of Seward Road.
34494 D 30

NEEDLES, new Rustless British Sewing Needles just arrived, sizes 0 to 12, price $3.00 per thousand. Sole agents, Probst Hanbury & Co., Ltd., No. 10 Nanking Road.
34569 D. 31.

WANTED, bound volume of old English, Scotch and Irish songs—words and music. Must be in good condition. Apply to Box 224, THE CHINA PRESS.
D 24

SHEETING, best quality 94" bed sheeting (Ellingers three fish brand) pieces 40 to 44 yards. Price $2.50 per yard (pieces only). A good opportunity for replenishing your sheets. Apply Probst, Hanbury & Co., Ltd., 10 Nanking Road.
34569 D. 31.

LONG Cloth, Horrockses 36" Long cloth No. 500, $20 per piece of 40 yards. Special quotation for quantities. Apply Probst, Hanbury & Co., Ltd., 10 Nanking Road.
34569 D. 31.

MADAPOLAM, Tootals sealed Madapolam No. T. 33 and No. T. 22, price $8.00 per piece of 12 yards. Apply Probst, Hanbury & Co., Ltd., 10 Nanking Road.
34569 D. 31.

FOR SALE, pedigree police dog pups, now one month old. Apply to Box 210, THE CHINA PRESS.
34437 D 28

FOR SALE, beautiful imported horse, suitable for the smartest carriage. Seen by appointment. For particulars, apply to Box 200, THE CHINA PRESS.
34434 D. 28.

FOR SALE, small lighting set, 100 volts, D.C., 1000 Watts capacity. A very compact and smooth-running outfit. For price and further information, apply to Box 1465, THE CHINA PRESS.
34171

Merry Christmas and
Happy New Year
from
Jiggs and Maggie

Bringing Up Father

I WANT YOU TO GO OUT AND ENJOY YOURSELF YOU NEED NOT HURRY BACK · JUST HAVE A GOOD TIME ·
MAGGIE DARLIN IT'S A HAPPY MAN YOU'VE MADE ME · YOU'RE A GRAND GIRL ·
1
I GUESS I'D BETTER STAY HOME-MAGGIE MUST BE SICK · THERE'S SOME THING WRONG WITH HER ·
2
HOPE YOU HAVE A MERRY CHRISTMAS MR JIGGS-I'M THE GROCERY BOY ·
HUH?
3
I WISHA YOU DA MERRY CHRISTMAS MR JIGGS-
LIGHT DAWNS UPON FATHER
OH! I SEE IT'S NEAR CHRISTMAS
4
HELLO · LARRY · YOU LOOK BLUE · LET'S TAKE A TRIP OUT OF TOWN-
A REST IS JUST WHAT I NEED - I'VE BEEN WORKING VERY HARD FER THE LAST SIX MONTHS IN JAIL!
5
THIS LOOKS LIKE A GOOD PLACE WE'LL STOP HERE -
I WUZ PINCHED HERE ONCE ·
6
LOOK I DOT A TRISMUS TREE ·
BLESS HER LITTLE HEART SHE REMINDS ME OF ME DAUGHTER NORA WHEN SHE WUZ LITTLE
AH' THOSE WUZ HAPPY DAYS REMEMBER HOW YOUR WIFE USED TO COOK THEM CHRISTMAS DINNERS
7
I WONDER WHAT MAGGIE AN' DAUGHTER ARE DOIN'?
I ALWAYS HAD A STANDIN' INVITATION TO EAT AT YOUR HOUSE IN THEM DAYS GEE! I'M HOME SICK · LET'S GO BACK ·
8
' BRACE UP - I'LL STOP AT THE JEWELERS AN' BUY SOMETHING FOR THE FOLKS AN YOURS TOO LARRY
THE STORE'LL ALL BE CLOSED BUT IF YOU WANT I'LL GIT IN ONE OF THEM ·
9
YE AIN'T AS FAST A WORKER AS YOU USED TO BE ARE YOU LARRY?
I'M GITTIN' OLD!
JEWEL
SILVE
10
HERE'S A RING MARKED $400.00
I'LL TAKE THAT TOO I'LL LEAVE THE MONEY IN THE SHOW CASE FOR ALL WE TOOK!
11
ISN'T THIS A WONDERFUL CHRISTMAS ·
I'M HAPPY BECAUSE YOUSE LIKE THEM PRESENTS
ARE YOU COMFY DEAR?
GEO MCMANUS
12

Train—Sleeves & Ermine

by Lady Duff-Gordon

LADY DUFF-GORDON, the famous "Lucile" of London, and foremost creator of fashions in the world, writes each week the fashion article for this newspaper, presenting all that is newest and best in styles for well-dressed women.

Lady Duff-Gordon's Paris establishment brings her into close touch with that centre of fashion.

Lady Duff-Gordon's American establishments are at Nos. 37 and 39 West Fifty-seventh street, New York, and No. 1400 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago.

(Left)—One of the New "Train Sleeve" Gowns of Clinging Brocade.

(Centre)—Ermine Wrap of Grace and Novelty, with Pointed Cape of Shoulder Length.

(Right)—Evening Gown of Chiffon Velvet, with Another of the Odd Yet Graceful Fads."

By Lady Duff-Gordon ("Lucile")

PARIS, November 5.

ONE of the oddest and yet most graceful fads of the present Autumn is what is known as the train sleeve.

The train turned to account for the purpose of a sleeve takes the place of that ever graceful adjunct to a costume, the scarf. The large left-hand figure on this page will give you a clear idea of the utilization of the train for this new purpose. The gown, as you can see, is a scant, clinging one of brocade. The brocade is of silver. A slash at the side reveals the lace and ribbon of apparently intimate drapery. It may seem to the over-prudish a rather haughty conceit, yet is graceful and beautiful. The robe at its corsage line is finished with a band of skunk fur, which passes across the bust line over one shoulder and across the back, the two ends of the fur meeting at the side slightly above the waist line. A band of black velvet ribbon passes across one shoulder, and is extended in a knee length ribbon.

Taffeta flowers adorn the bodice where the velvet ribbon meets the fur. The scant silver brocade is drawn together at the knee, but again slashed.

Now, as to the train sleeve. It gives the illusion of a scarf, yet it hangs from the band of skunk fur at the back in a long train of sweeping folds. It extends to floor length in front, having passed over one arm and being slightly caught beneath to hold it in place and serve its purpose as arm drapery.

The right-hand figure shows an evening gown of chiffon velvet. This, too, has a train sleeve.

In the centre I show you a handsome ermine wrap. The ermine is arranged in fully gathered lengthwise bands. Between these gathered bands are sewed flat strips of ermine. The black tails of the little animals are not used. This arrangement gives the wrap grace and novelty. Its grace is enhanced by a huge, pointed cape of shoulder length.

FASHIONS WINTER SUITS

(New York Times)

Never has there been a better "suit year," as they have it in the vernacular of the shops. The weather is just right—not too warm and not too cold. And just at this time one sees the newest creations in the way of Winter suits and all-the-year-round suits and fancy suits and plain suits. After a few weeks have passed the "general horizon" will again be dotted with varieties of top coats and fur wraps etc., but right at this minute the popular trend is all in the direction of the suit. Then, here is the psychological moment to study the suit, for the forward marching ones are setting the styles for many months to come and the little variances which they show are the ones that are destined to live. Thus does the wary woman plan her dressing, so that when she buys there will be no danger of her becoming the proud possessor of style that has seen its day.

Then, again, we have such encouraging news, by way of bargain announcements, that prices are much below those of last Winter. A suit that retailed last Winter for about $125 sells this year for between $65 and $75. And it is not the same suit, either, but one that has the same value as the one of last year, not the same style points, remember. There is no doubt that better times are ahead on this high price of clothes question—and the high price of suits one of the first columns to be touched by the beautiful decline.

A critical observance of all of the best dressed women about town during the past week disclose the fact that of all materials duvetyne and the allied weaves that belong to that family are the ones which are displaying their popularity above all others. And in this woolly or heavy fabric there are shown all sorts of variety, from those weaves which are as thick and heavy as any blanket to those which are so soft and pliable that they can be gathered into no space at all, so to say. There are the woolen velours and the silk velours and the velours that are made of a clever combination of of two sorts of thread. The latter, they say, wears better than all the rest put together. It does not show that evil characteristic of matting into a mashed spot at the place where the suit is subjected to rubbing. However, so fine and well made are most of these piled fabrics that when matting does occur it can very easily be removed by a little judicious steaming.

The colors of these newest of fabrics are perhaps their greatest charm, for it has been many years since we women have been able to indulge in such subtleties of color expression. All the way from the brightest and most glowing of shades to those that are verily neutral in their effect, is the range of color tones, and while most of the suits run to browns or to one of the numerous taupe shades, still there are some made from the gorgeous blue and green tones that make up so well with the gray furs and others in the reddish shades that are so effective when combined with the darker brown and black, both long and short haired furs.

The coats on the newest of all the suits that are being worn are quite noticeably long—so long in fact, that but the merest bit of a skirt hangs out, for, with the present rage in New York for skirts that are short and with this added favor for longer coats there is left but a small portion of space that can be allotted to the skirt. There are reasons to be thankful for this, the latest whim of fashion too. For, while the legs that protrude from the short line of the skirt must necessarily be cold, still upon the remaining portion of the body two layers of material are lavished—more than we have had to keep out the chilly blasts in many Winters gone by. Some of the coats are fitted quite snugly, following the lines of the figure, and then again many of them are made full enough to make a tightish belt necessary to gather the fullness together about the waist.

There is one exception to the longer coat, and that is the little box coat, which has to be short in order to carry out its character. It reaches a high hip line this season and, is single-breasted and it is more apt to be made up from the homespun materials, as it is a little more outdoors in style than are some of the other coats. One particularly smart box coat had a rather narrow rolled collar of beaver with pockets of the same fur set on the extreme edge of the coat, so that they looked more like a wide binding for the coat than they did like conventional pockets.

From all the skirts that could be noticed the conclusion was drawn that they are still "in our midst," and, all prophecies about French tendencies to the contrary notwithstanding, quite, quite short. Some of them might almost be called too short for beauty of proportion, but, be that as it may, the longer skirt as yet looks out of place in and around New York. The widths of the skirts are still moderate, and they are as straight as can be in line, with just enough room left to allow a step to be made in comfort and ease. There is no skirt that retards walking in any way.

The sleeves of the very nicest of the suits are fitted to the last degree of perfection. The armholes are as small as they possibly can be and still remain in the class of the "perfect fit." Our American suit shows not the least tendency to go large and kimonolike in the armhole. It keeps the well-made tailored look, and sometimes it is astonishing to see how far back an armhole can go and still keep its uninterrupted contour.

Trimmings, of course, are the important features of any new Winter offering in the way of suits for trimmings are necessary in order to keep up the warmth of the proposition, and whether they are in the form of trimmings that are permanently attached or whether they are the popular fur sets, still they become a part of that suit. The shorter furs are the ones that are receiving the greatest amount of attention. Beaver and nutria and mole are the ones that are best liked for collars and cuffs on the brown and taupe shades of duvetyne, for their colors blend so very harmoniously with the shades of those favorite materials. The longer haired furs, as far as suits are concerned, have sunk into the background just now. All of the suits have that slick look that is out of key with the longer and more irregular looking skins. Astrachan and Krimmer are very popular, and these furs are particularly lovely when they are combined with the rich dull-red shades. Baby lamb has sprung into favor for this sort of trimming, and this season it is the fancy of the best designers to dye this fur, not only black, which has been the accepted color in the past, but any of the gray and tan and brown shades to harmonize with the color of the material with which it is combined.

The fur sets that are designed to be worn with suits have very slight neckpieces and muffs. They are mere accents for the collar and cuffs and the smartest of them do not attempt to be of the cape variety, the matching muff keeping the small, regularly rounded shape that is always the accepted thing for a muff at any time. Indeed, the high prices to which furs have ascended make this fashion for restraint in their use almost a grim necessity. Happily the necessity in the background has created a fashion which could not be better looking if it tried. Under the circumstance, any attempt at lavishness would be, to say the least, out of place.

The collars of fur on the modern suit have undergone a subtle change since last season. At a casual glance they look almost the same as they did but the newer ones are made on straight lines and button high and tight about the throat, while the older ones are made on rounded lines which are wrapped under the chin. When the coats are buttoned close, they look almost the same, but when they stand open there is a distinct difference between the two types of collars, the later style requiring, it would seem, less fur.

This season there are not as many isolated bits of fur bandings used for trimmings on the suits as there have been at some times, and this is a relief, because the pure beauty of the lines of the suit is left to shine in uninterrupted splendor. There are little new things done with fur that are quite fascinating. For instance, on one of the newer suits there is a coat that stands wide open at the front, defying, it would seem, all cold and weather.

But, no! There is a snug little waistcoat of fur made to be inserted in the aperture and this rises into a high and crushed collar of the same fur, which happens to be moleskin.

A few of the handsomer suits have bands of fur edging the coat—quite wide bands say five or six inches. Then the band is repeated on the skirt. It has to be a tall person to carry all of these cross lines, but they are good style and most stunning looking when the length of line is enough to set them off gracefully.

Another waistcoat that goes with a dull gray duvetyne suit is made of the same material, with a high collar merely edged with a two-inch band of nutria. Then the lower edge of the waistcoat repeats this trimming where it ends at an extremely low waistline. The waistcoat crushes above the band of fur in a quite informal manner, and the coat, of course, extends away below it.

The little Russian turbans of fur are often worn to complete the suit with its fur trimming. They are made quite high and without trimming, but they are a simple and a very effective way of accenting the note of fur that becomes so much a part of the suit if it is well adjusted. Those of Krimmer are particularly fascinating, not only because they are quite new, but because they are so good for carrying out the true character of that particular fur.

All cuffs on the suits are small and tight. There is no attempt made to exaggerate them in any way. They are merely repetitions of the straight collar done on a smaller scale. With a muff of the same fur, these little tight cuffs are especially good looking, as they carry out the line in a most telling manner.

While these general descriptions of the fine points of suits describe the prevalent American suit as it is seen upon the street today, still there is a type of imported Parisian suit that has a long coat with a full and rather flaring peplum. This coat is worn with a skirt that is much less full than the skirt so that there comes a great divergence between the fullness of the coat's peplum and the straightness and lack of fullness in the skirt. This suit is being worn in Paris today and bids fair to be popular in America the coming Spring. This French suit is made more often than not with a coat of plain material and a skirt of some striped or barred or interestingly woven cloth. Sometimes even there is a suit with one plain color of soft duvetyne used for the coat and one of still another plain color in the same materials used for the skirt. This is a combination very much liked by the French women, they say.

TODAY'S TOILET HINTS

INTERESTING SELECTIONS FROM THE WORLD'S SMARTEST BEAUTY ARTICLES—SIMPLE RECIPES MOST EFFECTIVE.

How to Discard an Unsightly Complexion.

"Toilet Club Notes."

How many women exclaim as they behold their ugly complexion in the mirror, "If I could only tear off this old skin!" and, do you know, it is now possible to do that very thing? Not to actually remove the entire skin all of a sudden; that would be too heroic a method and painful, too, I imagine. The worn out cuticle comes off in such tiny particles, and so gradually—requiring about ten days to complete the transformation—it doesn't hurt a bit. Day by day the beautiful complexion underneath comes forth. Marvellous! No matter how muddy, rough, blotchy or aged your complexion, you can surely discard it by this simple process. Just get some ordinary mercolised wax at your chemists, apply nightly like cold cream, washing it off in the morning.

Why Have Grey Hair?

When a simple, old-fashioned and harmless recipe will correct it.

Few people know that grey hair is not a necessary feature of age—that it can be avoided without resorting to hair dyes. A very old, home-made remedy will turn the hair back to a natural color in a few days. It is only necessary to get from the chemist two ounces of concentrate of tammalite and mix it with three ounces of bay rum. Apply this simple lotion to the hair for a few nights with a small ponge and you will soon have the pleasure of seeing the greyness disappear. This recipe is perfectly harmless, is neither sticky nor greasy, and has given perfect satisfaction for many generations to those in possession of the secret.

A Strange Shampoo.

"Cosy Corner Chats."

* * * I was much interested to learn from this young woman with the beautiful glossy hair that she never washes it with soap or artificial shampoo powders. Instead she makes her own shampoo by dissolving a teaspoonful of stallax granules in a cup of hot water. "I make my chemist get the stallax for me," said she. "It comes only in ¼ lb. sealed packages, enough to make up twenty-five or thirty individual shampoos, and it smells so good I could almost eat it." Certainly this little lady's hair did look wonderful even if she has strange ideas of a shampoo. I am tempted to try the plan myself.

Blackheads Instantly Go.

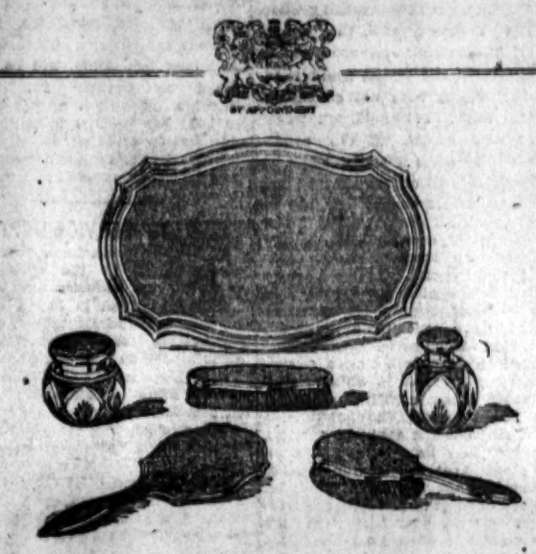
The new sparkling face bath treatment gives instant relief.

A very simple, harmless and pleasant process is now used to remove blackheads and correct greasiness and large pores in the skin. You have only to drop a tablet of stymol, obtained from the chemists, into a glass of hot water and bathe the face with the liquid after the effervescence has subsided. The blackheads will then come right off on the towel. The enlarged pores immediately contract to normal and the greasiness disappears, leaving the skin smooth, soft and cool and free from blemish. But to make sure that this desirable result is permanent, it is advisable to repeat the treatment several times at intervals of say about four or five days.

Is Powder Necessary?

"Practical Suggestions."

I say emphatically, No! There is a simple lotion which can be easily and cheaply made at home, and it is at the same time both effective and beneficial to the complexion. Cleminite is a splendid substitute for face powder, which is at the bottom of many complexion troubles. Get about an ounce from the chemists and dissolve in four table-spoonfuls of water. The result is a fine clear liquid, which instantly gives the face, neck or arms that peach-like bloom of perfect health. There is nothing to equal it for greasy skins, and the result lasts all day long under the most trying conditions.



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AUTOMOBILES

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1920

DASH INSTRUMENTS SHOULD BE READ

Some Motorists Neglect Indicators Which Faithfully Record Car's Condition

BY H. A. TARANTOUS

Driving, to some motorists, means simply sitting at the wheel and paying attention to nothing in particular, not even the road ahead. The experienced driver takes his task seriously and when an opportunity is afforded, or perhaps at certain fixed intervals during the drive, the dash instruments are watched and readings interpreted. There is no reason why the driver should have to look at the ammeter, the oil gauge, the radiator meter, etc., more than two or three times a day, but some either look once a week or when they do notice a change of reading cannot make a proper interpretation. One can tell by readings of the ammeter the condition of the generator to an extent, also the condition of the battery and the circuits, while the oil gauge in a pressure system can indicate a number of things, including bearing condition, pump wear and oil thickness, besides its regular duties of showing whether oil is circulating and at what pressure.

OIL GAUGE IMPORTANT

The oil gauge is the most important instrument on the car. It indicates pounds pressure in the oil line, or if it be of the non-calibrated type it simply shows if oil is being pumped or circulated. With an instrument calibrated in pounds pressure the driver has an easier task. On cold mornings he may probably notice that on starting out the pressure is abnormally high, and as the car is run, say ten or twenty minutes, the pressure slowly drops to somewhere around normal. This is due to the higher viscosity of oil due to the cold. The thicker the oil the higher the pressure. When you substitute heavy oil for medium or light you get the same results of increased pressure. That is why some owners find that in the winter oiling is improved by the substitution of a light oil for medium or a medium for heavy. The heavy oil flows slowly and with higher pressure and does not lubricate well until the motor is hot.

If the bearings are worn and a high pressure system is used, the pressure will drop owing to the reduced resistance to flow. Tight bearings cause a pressure increase. By watching the gauge therefore one can tell when the bearings are beginning to show signs of wear.

Sometimes wear in the pump or a slight leak in the gauge will also cause a reduced pressure reading. A worn pump and a more viscous oil will keep up the pressure, just as a heavy oil will compensate in a measure for bearing wear. When an engine is tight, after coming from the repair shop the pressure should be high and the oil thin enough to get to the parts where the clearances are small. Thus if the bearings are a very tight fit and the pressure is insufficient, the bearings may be starved for a while, also if the oil is too thick it will not flow properly until heated, but during the heating intarval the bearing does not get sufficient oil.

READ THAT AMMETER

A leak in the line to the gauge will cause a drop in pressure reading, even though the parts of the engine may be getting the required amount of oil. A partly obstructed oil line will cause a higher pressure reading and lead the driver to believe the oil is too heavy.

In the case of the ammeter its readings do not vary with temperature. It shows nothing when the engine is still, the needle gradually rising to about ten or tewlve as the engine speed is increased. It does net go beyond this limit. It should not waver to any extent. If the needle should, after a while, show a lower rate of charge than before, the generator connections may be loose, brush contact poor, meter connections dirty or loose, battery connection loose or dirty. During the fall and winter the charging rate should be higher than in summer, because the lights are used more, hence the drain on the battery is greater. With most modern systems a simple adjustment is provided in which a generator brush is shifted slightly.

If the ammeter does not indicate at all when the engine is running there may be a burned fuse, a cutout that is not functioning, brushes not making contact, an open or short circuit in the generator circuit, poor contact at the ammeter, broken ammeter. Unless absolutely necessary, the driver should not go further if the indicator does not show charge when the engine is running.

If a battery wire should suddenly become disconnected the meter needle will show high charge for an instant and then suddenly drop to zero and stay there.

WHATS IN A NAME?

The queerest "graveyard" in the United States is one in a small town named Vintage, in Pennsylvania. Many useful parts are obtained from the remains of more than fifty different makes of automobiles.

New York Is To Renew Road Work

Proposals for twelve highways throughout New York State will be received in the near future, according to State Highway Commissioner Frederick Stuart Greene, who has notified Governor Smith that contracts for new highway construction, which were suspended last April, will be resumed on October 29. An elaborate construction program for 1921 has been prepared, who adds that in spite of labor and material shortage the maintenance work has been successful.

OWNERS' SERVICE DEPT.

Q. Do you think there will be many changes in the standard makes of cars between now and January? I want to buy a car, but hate to think of having it a few months and then seeing a better model on the market.

A. You are safe in the standard makes being substantially the same in January as they are now. Detail changes may then be seen, but the main units will be the same.

Q. Every time I let the clutch in on my car it makes a loud noise, like a squeaky hinge. I am sure there is no grease on the leather and the clutch doesn't slip. The noise is loud and won't stop unless the clutch is let in quickly, and that jerks the car.

A. The leather is no doubt shiny and dry. Take a small grease gun, half fill it with neatsfoot oil and squirt the oil evenly over the surface. That will stop the noise immediately and make the clutch engage smoothly.

Q. How is an ammeter cut into the line? I mean do you strip one wire or two, and does it make any difference which wire it is?

A. An ammeter is inserted in series with the line. Any line in the charging circuit will do.

What would you use to clean the inside of the top. It is spotted. Can I dye it?

Castile soap and water usually removes all spots. Gasolene applied locally may remove it but it may leave a shaded area. You can get top dressings from any supply store.

My rear axle housing leaks and I have been told that it is cracked. The repairman says that he can rivet it along the flanges where it is cracked. Would rivets hold well enough?

I doubt if a riveting job would be the right thing. A good welder can repair the crack without taking the axle down.

THEY KNOW US

The first public motor truck service to be established in China is operating within the city of Shanghai. A fleet of twenty-five trucks is engaged in transporting merchandise and each of the trucks in use carries four coolies.

ACID PROOF WOOD

When the storage battery is carried in a wooden box there is always trouble from the acid slopping over and eating the wooden box. Wood may be made proof against acid by painting with a mixture of six parts wood tar and twelve parts resin. These ingredients are melted together in an iron kettle, after which eight parts of finely powdered brick dust are stirred in. The surfaces are first thoroughly cleaned and then painted with this mixture warm.

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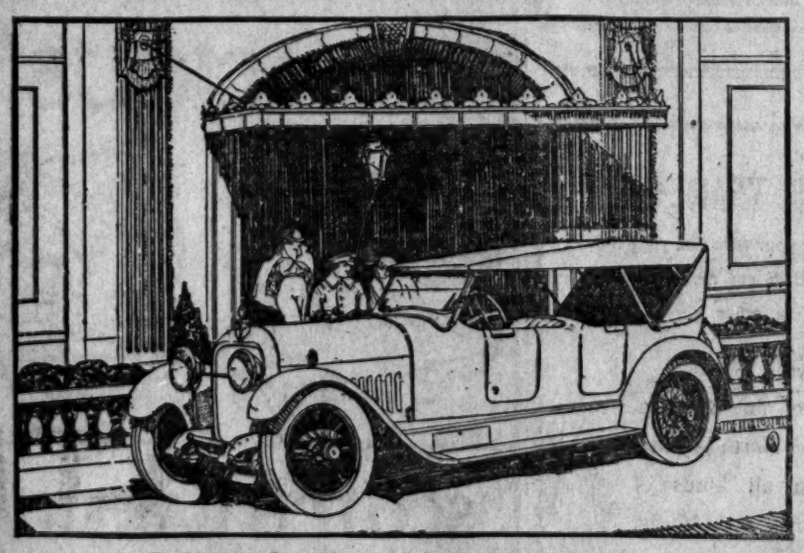
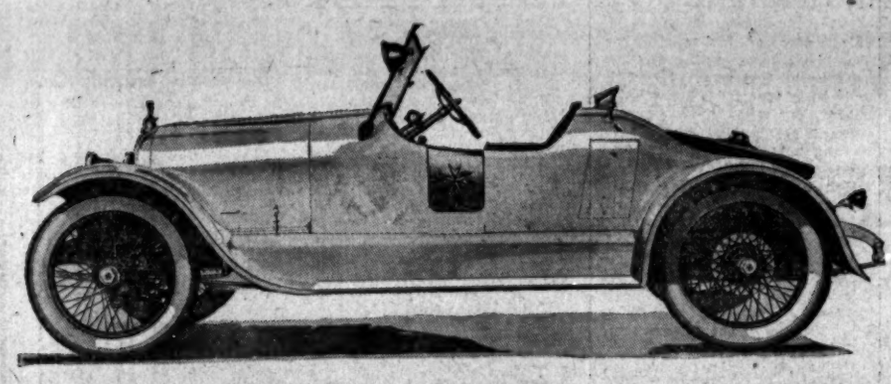


MERCER *announcement*

THIS is to advise motor car dealers that I shall be in Shanghai, at the Astor Hotel, from about Dec. 26 to Jan. 25, 1921, with the intention of appointing a suitable firm as the exclusive agents here for the sale of Mercer Cars, and the representation of Hare's Motors. I shall have a Mercer car for demonstration purposes, and shall be glad to make appointments and to give all desired information to interested parties. *William F. Stevens*

Templar

The Superfine Small Car



Compare these specifications with those of any car in its class:

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MOTOR: 4-cylinder—*en bloc*—detachable head, Bore 3⅜ in. Stroke 5½ in. Displacement 197 cu. in. S. A. E. Rating 18.23 h. p.—actual 45 h. p.

DIMENSIONS: Wheelbase 118 in. Tread 56 in. Clearance 10 in. Turning radius 19½ ft. Weight 2,750 lbs. Gear ratio 4.4:1.

AXLES: I-beam front with inverted Le Moine type steering: 14" Brake Drum.

SPRINGS: "Perfection," mounted with "Nigrum" oil-less shackle bushings.

DRIVE: Hotchkiss type. Propellor shaft equipped with two Thermoid disc. universal joints.

CLUTCH: Borg & Beck dry plate.

CONTROL; Left-hand drive, center control—three speeds, selective transmission.

MUFFLER: Maxim Silencer.

FENDERS: Full crown.

FUEL SUPPLY: Stewart-Warner Vacuum System. 19 gal. gasoline supply, including 2 gal. reserve.

CARBURETOR: Zenith.

ELECTRIC SYSTEM: Bijur—2 unit.

IGNITION: Magneto.

COLOR OPTION: Wine, Gray or Tiffany Bronze.

STANDARD EQUIPMENT:

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Door-Opening Curtains
Johnson Plate Glass Rear Windows
Liberty Lenses
Electric Motor Horn
Kellogg Tire Pump and Hose
Tire Pressure Gauge
Windshield Cleaner
Motometer
Petry Muffler Cut-out
Warner Autometer
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Across The Gobi Desert In A Hudson

An old-world caravan route north from Peking, China, over mountains, past the ancient wall of China, across the 700-mile desert of Gobi and through the foothills of the eastern Altai mountains, or down the Selenga river to Verkhne-Udinsk is the only comparatively free way into Siberia and Russia from the Far East.

It is a route not traveled frequently by motor car and according to The China-American Trading Co. Inc., Hudson dealers at Peking, it is impossible to find a more difficult test for a motor car in China than over this route. Needless to say the trip made in a Hudson and told of here by A. Natozemoff, managing director of the Lenskoie Gold Mining Co., has done a great deal to stimulate interest in the Hudson in far away China.

"You will probably be interested to know," writes Mr. Natozemoff, "that the Hudson Super-Six recently purchased from you made a very successful trip from Kalgan across the Gobi Desert to Urga and Kiaxta and back again, arriving back in Kalgan in good order and condition and apparently none the worse for the difficult journey of nearly two thousand miles.

"The car carried a load of five persons with a large quantity of luggage and spare parts, in addition to several cases of benzine; at times as many as five spare cases were on the car.

"The road is very diverse in character, at times following an old river bed, shingly and boulder strewn, rocky, hilly and even mountainous, the long flat stretches of the desert, long patches of loose sand, stretches of swamp, whilst between these there are places where the surface is almost perfect and extending for long distances in undulating slopes. Over these latter the car at times attained a speed of sixty miles an hour.

"Excluding some days spent in Urga the run from Kalgan to Kiaxta occupied four days, including all stops, camping at night, holdups in the bad places and crossing rivers. The distance is approximately a thousand miles and this time has probably not been bettered on this road.

"We can certainly say that the car has staying power and can put up with a large amount of rough usage. This latter it had in plenty, but in spite of that arrived at Kalgan showing little sign of wear or tear.

"Such a trip could only be accomplished with a good car and a good driver, and we were fortunate in that we had both."

AND THE REST?

Only five out of every hundred delivery cars and light trucks carry speed indicators.

AIDING COLLEGIANS

At the University of Pittsburg a testing laboratory has been completed on a permanent site on the college campus. It is designed and especially equipped to conduct experiments for the improvement of road-beds, motor vehicles and to train engineering students as specialists in transport work.

BATTERY TROUBLE

Internal trouble of a battery will often be brought about by the accumulation of sediment in the bottom of the jars, bridging the grids containing the elements and causing a short circuit between the plates. To endeavor to avoid such a condition, distilled water should be used in refilling the cells.

EVEN THE ARABS

In the Algerian Sahara the Arabs are abandoning their famous horses for motor-propelled machines.

SO?

New Mexico and Nevada have less than one car for each mile of highway. Rhode Island has twenty-one cars for every mile.

SCHOOL USES TRACTOR

A motor tractor was recently employed to break ground for the first of 120,000 school gardens in Chicago.

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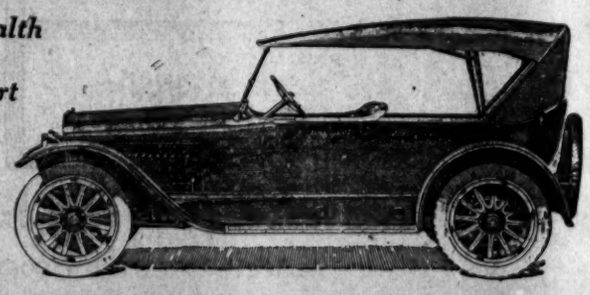

This beautiful 5-passenger Model has a 117-inch wheel-base. In all the New Models nearly 100 costly improvements are embodied.

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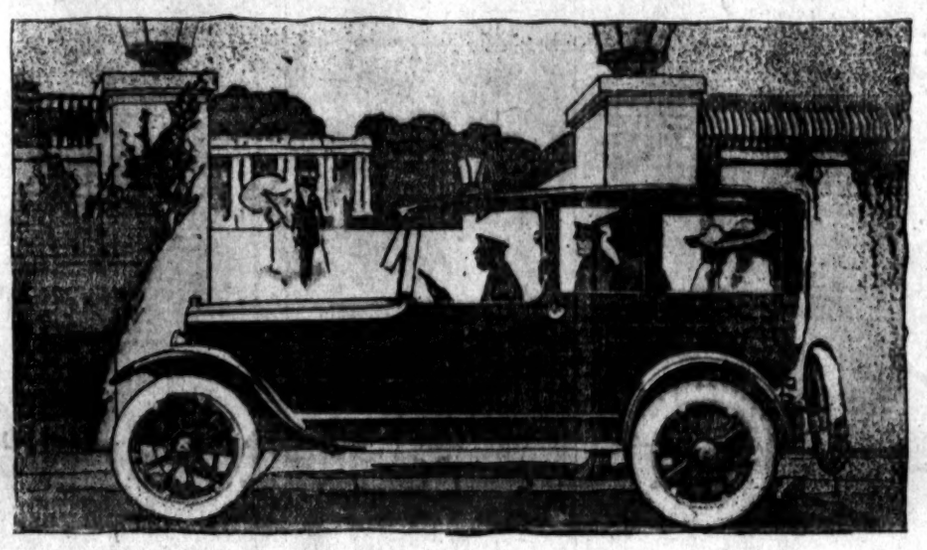
By its Reputation



Come in and see our Winter display of Closed Cars

CHINA MOTORS LTD

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MAIN SHOWROOM
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125 BUBBLING WELL

INTEREST JAPAN IN BETTER ROADS

Engineer Representing American Street Building Material Company Predicts Boom

MACHINERY IS LACKING

Chief Cities Are Contemplating Expending Big Sums On Permanent Pavements

Japan is to see a tremendous boom in road building in the next ten years, in the opinion of Mr. J. S. Walker, an engineer who has been representing the Barrett Company of New York in Japan since last March. Mr. Walker has spent his time in the six principal cities of the country, studying road building conditions, necessities and the intentions of the authorities and demonstrating modern methods of construction for the Japanese engineers and city and government officials.

The most important piece of road construction in Japan for which provision has actually been made is the Hanshin Highway, the 20 mile road between Osaka and Kobe, which is being financed by the three prefectures through which it runs. This highway, work on which is to begin as soon as weather permits in the spring, is to be 72 feet wide. Two car tracks are to run through the center of the road, with a grass parkway between, and each side of the tracks is to be a one-way drive, built in two sections. The inside will be for fast moving vehicles and the outside for slow moving carts, farmers' wagons and the like. The road is to have a macadam base and tarvia or bituminous top. The estimated construction period is three years.

INTRODUCED NEW METHOD

To link up with the Hanshin Highway, permanent roads now in the planning stage are between Osaka and Kyoto and Nara and Osaka. These highways, when built, will be the beginning of a system covering Japan's southern tourist section. The Tokio-Yokohama road has been under consideration for a long time. Work was to have been begun last fall, but was delayed. Kanagawa Prefecture will finance the construction of the base of the road through that prefecture. The specifications call for a macadam base with tar preparation introduced in the top through the penetration method.

This method of road building has been introduced into Japan by Mr. Walker, who represents the firm which deals in tarvia, a tar preparation for road surfacing. The ordinary way to use such a preparation is to mix the crushed rock in the tar, spread it over the road base and then run the heavy roller over it. But the new way, now used in western countries to save time and labor, is to have the hot tar mixture under high pressure and force, or shoot, it down into the unfinished road, which is shaped ready for rolling.

Mr. Walker personally superintended the construction of pieces for Kobe. The largest demonstration of model roads in Tokio, Kyoto, Osaka piece he built was 1,000 tsubo on the Nakanoshima Parkway, the principal street of Osaka, built during August and September. The piece in Tokio is on one side of the street in front of the City Hall, at Babasakimon; he also constructed two small pieces for Tokio-fu outside the city. In Kyoto the asphalt top of the paving on the Shichigo (Seventh Avenue Bridge) had failed and he replaced it with a mixture of sand, gravel and tarvia.

CONSTRUCTION FORCED

All of the chief cities of Japan are contemplating building permanent streets, according to Mr. Walker, in connection with broader schemes of civic improvement. Osaka has authorised the expenditure of between nine and ten million yen on streets, the construction to be of wood blocks, asphalt, tarvia and perhaps some brick. Yokohama, Kyoto, Nagoya and Kobe also have decided to spend large sums on street improvement. The Tokio authorities have set aside Y. 60,000,000 for a seven-year street widening and building program.

Although there have been but few attempts heretofore to construct durable pavements, Mr. Walker thinks that the increasing use of motor cars is forcing the road situation.

The chief difficulties in way of road building in Japan now, he thinks, is the lack of experience on the part of the engineers here and the lack of modern labor-saving machinery. Mr. Walker has himself been doing instruction work during his nine months' stay there—through actual demonstration and supervision and through the showing of moving pictures.

The American firm which he represents sent moving picture reels with their representative and Government has used these reels throughout the empire, not to popularise good roads, but to instruct the men who must build the nations streets and highways. Mr. Walker has promised to send more films when he returns to America, both from his own firm and from the American Government, which has made films of road building.

As an example of the lack of machinery, Mr. Walker cited the fact that there are only a very few inferior stone crushers in Japan, most of the rock being broken up by the method commonly referred to as "making little ones out of big ones." Mr. Walker, although a Scotsman, served with the 23d Engineers of the United States Army in France and hence is very familiar with this method of crushing stone for roads, but his intimate experience with the use of the hammer did not convert him to the economic advantages of the method. He mentioned also the constantly mounting wages of labor in Japan in this connection.

Mr. Walker thinks that concrete, the materials for which are comparatively plentiful in Japan, may form the basis of the future permanent thoroughfares here, but it is not likely to be used to any great extent as a surface, as the people desire a softer top to the roads. Wood blocks for city streets, he thinks are good, if properly waterproofed; a concrete base with a top of a tar mixture will be excellent and will not be damaged much, he thinks, by the frequent earthquakes; but the most successful road, taking cost and materials into consideration, he believes, will be one with a base of crushed rock and a tar-bound macadam top.

A road of any material whatsoever, Mr. Walker said, must be allowed to dry once in a while if it is to endure, which fact partly accounts for the rapid deterioration of Tokio's streets, which are never allowed to dry. This constant sprinking, he said, is a sanitary rather than an engineering practice and is detrimental to the streets. If the city does built permanent streets, it will have to introduce street cleaning methods.

Materials are comparatively plentiful here and would not be expensive if there was more heavy machinery. Crushed granite, excellent road material, is available, hand broken, in the Osaka-Kyoto district at Y. 40 per cubic tsubo, $2.50 a cubic yard. Broken rock at Tokio, however, is Y.100 per tsubo for not the best grade.

The Government is taking an increasing interest in good roads and, according to Mr. Walker, will establish a laboratory early in the next year for the testing of all kinds of road making materials. This laboratory will save considerable costly experimentation in the building of actual pavements.

Mr. Walker left for the United States a week ago and will stop en route for two weeks at Hawaii to investigate the roads there. He may return to Japan next summer to work with the municipal, prefectural and national governments on road propositions.

Mr. Walker is an enthusiastic amateur photographer and is taking back to America a remarkably large and interesting collection of camera pictures.

Here's Simple Way To Frost Glass

It is often convenient to frost bulbs and lenses used in motor truck lighting systems, and here is a method by which this work may be done at home. To a mixture of twenty-four ounces of ether and eighteen ounces of benzine add two and a quarter ounces of sandarach and half an ounce of mastic. The parts to be frosted should be immersed in this solution for a few minutes.

BRITISH PRODUCTION

British manufacturers expect to produce 150,000 automobiles during the present year, or about one-half enough to supply the nation's demand. The other needed machines will be imported, chiefly from the United States.

Try This To Clean Sight Feed Glasses

An excellent way of cleaning the glasses of sight feed lubricators without dismounting is to take a red hot poker and hold it near the glasses. This will melt the solidified oil on the glasses and permit the oil drip to be seen again. Another way is to have a piece of twisted wire connected on the end of the drip nozzle inside the glass of the lubricator. The oil runs slowly down the spiral path and is prevented from splashing over the glass and obscuring the view.

NOT LONG AGO

In 1901 England wrote for the first time the modern fire, theft and public liability insurance on commercial vehicles.

TRUCKS IN FRANCE

Because of inadequate rail transportation in France return of the American dead is being facilitated by the use of a large fleet of army motor equipment to transport the bodies to the seaports.

Fountains No Longer Needed

Cast-iron drinking fountains, set up in various parts of the city of York, Pa., were recently sold as junk. The fountains have passed into disuse because of the passing of horses as means of transportation.

GOES CRAZY EARLY

Edward Morris, 18 years old, of Philadelphia, has the distinction of being the youngest motor race driver in the United States.

INSURE your MOTOR CAR

Java Sea and Fire Insurance Company

8 Ezra Road, 1st floor. Tel. 70

LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND MODERATE RATES

THERE is but one true test of a bicycle—that of the open road.

Many cycles resplendent in plate and enamel fail to answer this test.

Triumph Cycles are built on a quality basis, a standard set so high as to be a positive safeguard against inferiority

CATALOGUE FREE.

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Works:
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Anglo-Chinese Engineering Association Ltd.
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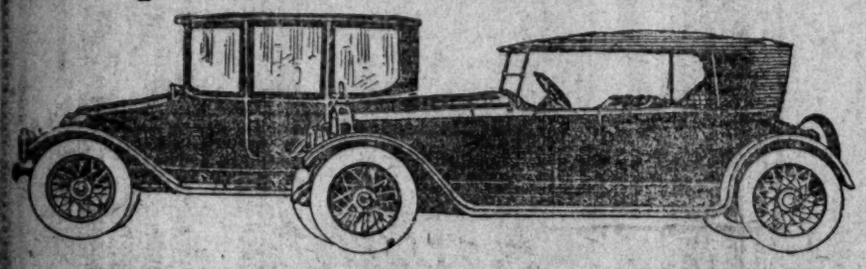
We Specialise In Second-Hand Cars



ARE YOU BUYING OR SELLING?

IF BUYING—it will pay you to watch our stock of second-hand cars, which changes every day.

IF SELLING—it will be worth your while to see us before disposing of your car.

WE HANDLE HIGH-GRADE CARS ONLY—NO CHEAP MAKES

We have also a number of New Limousine, Coupe, Touring and Roadster Models and

MOTOR TRUCKS

in various capacities, ranging from 1½ to 3½ tons.

Demonstrations Cheerfully Given

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TYRES

They Are NOT High Priced

The most modern plant in the industry, a successful and economical zone selling system, and ever-increasing production enable us to sell Vacuum Cup Tyres at prices typifying the present-day spirit of thrift and conservation. There are no higher quality tyres than

Pennsylvania
VACUUM CUP
TYRES

The Vacuum Cup tread is the *only* tread that positively will not skid on wet, slippery pavements.

The *safest, longest-wearing, best-built* tyre on the market. Yet you pay only for the *quality*—the *safety* costs you nothing.

We carry all sizes in stock

If you buy from us, you get NEW STOCK

We do not carry any old stock—inspect our showroom

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TYRE DEPARTMENT
39 Bubbling Well Road
PHIL. GIOVANNINI, Manager

TIENTSIN SHANGHAI PEKING

OVERLAND HAS GOOD SPRINGS

Suspension System Gaining Wide Favor In All Parts Of The World

When the first motor cars were built the thing that was thought about least was the spring suspension system. The earliest cars were equipped with buggy springs because the inventors knew no other method of hanging a body on to a chassis. The cars rode fairly easy because they were extremely light. That is, they rode easily because there was little to ride. They ran a little while and then quit.

Then, year after year, spring suspension systems were improved and the cars along with them.

"Then last year the Willys-Overland Company engineers evolved a brand-new spring suspension system that is unique. The wheel base of the car is reasonably short, but the spring base is long, and that tells the story," says C. J. White, manager of the Central Garage Company here.

LONG EXPERIMENTING

"For many years engineers have been experimenting with various types of spring suspension systems, and they finally solved the problem by bringing the springs to a point at both ends of the frame. This is the triple system now used on the Overland four, which makes it ride so easily.

"Tests have been made in all parts of the country, over all sorts of hazards, in attempts to break these springs, and so far they have failed. The parts department is the best place to find out whether or not springs are breaking. If they sell many springs, it shows that they are breaking, if not they are standing up.

"Here we have sold only five springs since January 1, and these were used on cars that had been wrecked in collisions.

CROSS-NATION TRIP

"In a cross-continental trip recently an Overland four was driven by 25 different operators and came through with flying colors. There was not even a leaf of any of the four springs broken on this 3,000 mile run, and the roads were bad almost all the way. The car was forced through mud and dust and slush, and never a bobble.

"In other parts of the country hill climbing contests were made, and Overland cars run up stairs, and in no case were springs broken."

Lincoln Highway Now Is One-third Paved

Figures recently published by the Lincoln Highway Association show that 37 percent of the 3223 miles of the Lincoln Highway are paved or macadamised. The mileage of different types of surfacing is as follows: Bituminous macadam, 406.3; concrete, 317; brick, 197.3; macadam, 175; asphalt, 80.6; granite blocks, 7.8; creosoted wood blocks, 6.6, making a total of 119.1 miles.

KEEP RIMS CLEAN

Go over the rims and free them from rust so that tire changing may be easily done. Heavy rust should be filed off and finished with sandpaper wrapped around a block of wood. Then use aluminum paint or the special rim paint.

MILLIONS IN IT

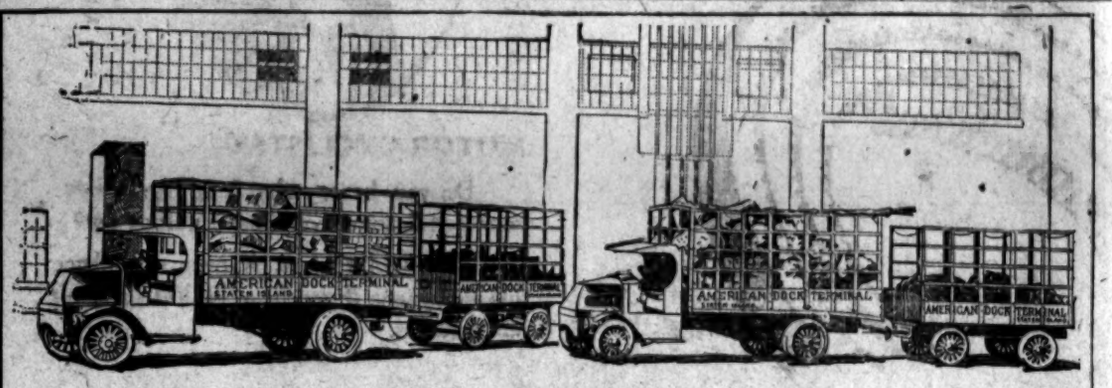
Seven million dollars was paid for the registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of chauffeurs and operators during the first four months in New York State.

Here's Simple Way To Soften Pitch

Hot water may be used for softening the pitch which seals the storage battery. A convenient apparatus consists of a can holding about five gallons of water and provided with three cocks, to which are connected three lengths of hose which run to the openings in the three cells. The water is heated by a single-burner gas stove and when boiling water is run into the cells until the pitch is softened. It is advisable to drain out the acid before starting. Also it is desirable to place the battery in a large pan or sink to confine any escaping water.

SPEED UP CAR

When it is desired to get more speed into an old car, one of the operations necessary is to change the gear ratio of the rear axle. Racing cars use less than three to one reduction and this change can be made in the ordinary stock model by fitting a new differential ring gear and driving pinion, which can be obtained from the manufacturer of the car.



"Troy Trailers"

Every motor lorry is designed and constructed with strength sufficient to enable it to carry its rated load under the most difficult conditions of roads and grades which it is possible for it to encounter, and it has, therefore, always ample surplus power, when operating under average conditions, to enable it to transport increased loads.

Troy Trailers are built to meet these conditions without injury to the lorry, and enable it to haul increased bulk and weight at low costs.

To those engaged in commercial hauling Troy Trailers have rendered a mighty service for they have cut down the expense and increased the volume of hauling.

Cable Address "Wagonworks," New York

THE TROY WAGON WORKS COMPANY
Established 1884

245 West 55th Street New York, U. S. A.

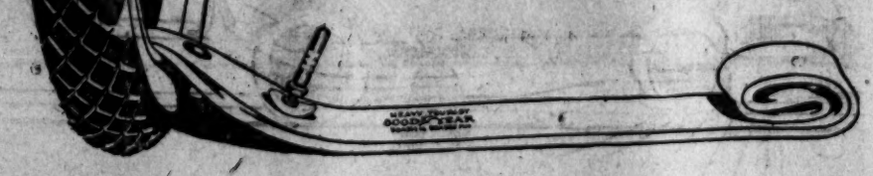
Get Goodyear Tire Economy for That Small Car

Just as owners of the highest-priced automobiles get greater mileage and economy out of Goodyear Tires, so can the owners of small cars similarly enjoy Goodyear advantages.

The 30x3-, 30x3½-, and 31x4-inch sizes of Goodyear Tires are built to afford a money's worth in performance and satisfaction which only the utmost in experience, resources and care can produce.

This extraordinary money's worth begins not only with the merit of these tires, but also with the first cost, which in most cases is but little greater than that of other makes of the same types of tires.

Go to the nearest Goodyear Service Station Dealer for Goodyear Tires for your Ford, Chevrolet, Dort, Maxwell, or other small car. He is ready to supply you Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes at the same time.



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GOODYEAR

Willys Knight

TOURING CAR

THE CAR WITH THE FAMOUS 40 H.P. SLEEVE-VALVE MOTOR

SLEEVE-VALVES

give the Knight Engine certain important advantages—the engine improves with use; very little carbon forms and that little is beneficial; it is more powerful, it requires no adjustments; it is more flexible; it is quiet in operation; and it is economical.

THE WILLYS-KNIGHT

Touring car is a beautiful car it appeals from every angle. The tonneau and front compartments are roomy and luxurious, the uphostery being hand-buffed leather. The long wheel base and cantilever springs and large tires equalize all road irregularities.

THE SOUNDEST ADVICE that we can give you at this time of the year when everyone is making

NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTIONS

is to buy a

Willys Knight

TOURING CAR

For Demonstrations and Particulars, Apply to

THE CENTRAL GARAGE COMPANY

Hongkong Road Telephone: Central 3809

"BOOST FOR GOOD ROADS IN CHINA"

BRITISH MOTOR PROGRESS TOLD

Article In Manchester Journal Describes Development Of Industry

The growth of motor transport in Great Britain is a wonderful thing to watch, because of the well-known conservatism of the Britisher. He hates to change established methods and means.

This article, from the Manchester Guardian, an authority in British journalism, shows how changes are gradually taking place.

"The changes noted in this can be applied to the United States, except that our change from horse-drawn vehicles to motor transport has been more rapid.

The article follows:

"During the past fifteen or twenty years the transport conditions of the country have been undergoing revolution. The end has not yet been reached, for although the lines of it are now determined, the limits of it have not been touched.

TRAFFIC ON ROADS

"Traffic is flowing back to the roads once again, with this difference, that it is mechanically propelled traffic. The volume of it is increasing and we are on the eve of great expansion. Yet striking as is the change, remarkable as is the revolution, it has happened so gradually that neither the significance nor the volume of it was appreciated by the general public until the railway strike week of last October showed it to them.

"It was a revelation, notwithstanding that the change in the character of our road traffic had been going on under their eye for some years past. Doubtless because the change had been gradual up to the outbreak of war the real growth, men's minds were occupied with more tragic matters, and in any case popular attention was centered rather on the private car than on the industrial vehicle, so that when it was all presented suddenly during the strike week it was in mass formation that the developments of those past years burst upon an astonished but also appreciative public.

THE INDUSTRIAL MOTOR

"Up to 1914 the industrial motor had no more than established itself. Except inquarters where experienced had been gained it was not yet regarded as an alternative service to the railway and the horse, the two standard systems of traction.

"Perhaps more than any other factor it is the mobility of the industrial motor that has contributed to its success. It can go anywhere where there is a road; it is not bound down to a fixed track of steel lines as is the railway, and it has greater speed, more power and more endurance than has the horse. It delivers goods straight from the door of the trader to the door of the consumer, thereby reducing costs. It can carry a load 40, 80, 100 miles a day, and do it day after day. It can give emergency service, it can operate at any hour of the day or night. Thanks to this mobility and to a high degree of efficiency, mechnical and economic, the industrial vehicle has carved out a wide sphere of service for itself. It holds the field as the best medium of transport between the express goods train on the one hand and the single-horse vehicle at the other end of the scale. Nor has it yet either exploited that field to the full or done expanding."

Wiring System In Modern Car Most Important

If you ever had to pay a few good-size bills for having new generator armatures installed in your car, you realise more than ever before that the wires underneath the hood play a big part in the functioning of the automobile.

Any automobile owner who fundamental principles of ignidoes not understand at least the tion and wiring as applied to the motor car should study up a bit on these essential matters.

Every owner should make it a habit to inspect the wiring on his car as often as is practicable, to see that the electrical system is properly grounded and that all wires are securely fastened to spark plugs, and not merely to any spark plugs, but that the right wire is attached to the right plug every time.

Short circuits burn out the armature windings, hence neglect to inspect the wiring system of one's car for too long periods at a strech is often followed by bills for new armatures.

Pay attention to your dush ammeter. If it stops indicating charge at fifteen miles an hour on better, is vestigate the wiring. An ammeter is merely an instrument to protect the motorist against ignition trouble. There is no use having an ammeter on your car unless you pay attention to it and heed its warnings in time to prevent serious trouble."

Adjust Dragging Brakes Promptly

Dragging brakes should be promptly adjusted. They slow up speed and force the consumption of larger amounts of gasoline. To test for dragging brakes, jack up the rear of the car and spin the wheels to ascertain if they move freely.

Dusty Clamp Causes Grabbing

If the sliding member of the clutch is rusty it will give the effect of grabbing. The rusted portion will prevent the clutch's engaging, gradually holding for a fraction of a second and thus forming a quick engagement. The operator often believes that the trouble is due to poor facing or worn engagement members.

QUITE A LEAP

Motor vehicles increased 979 percent in the period from 1911 to January 1, 1920.

GOODYEAR TRAINS TIRE VULCANISERS

Tire Repair School At Los Angeles Has Set Mark In Automotive World

One of the natural results of the tremendous increase in the number of motor cars is the insistent demand for expert vulcanisers to carry on the tire repair business which has followed in the motor car's wake.

Among the tire repair schools that have set about to relieve this condition by training men in the art of repairing tires, with a remarkable degree of success, is the one which is being operated by the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of California at Los Angeles.

It is an interesting group of men who gather in the class room of this school on beginner's day, seeking expert instruction. In every class representatives from all sections of the West present themselves—men who want some good repair experience before launching out into the business.

"We are furnishing a complete practical course," states J. R. Wells, manager of the school. "Beginning with fundamentals we demonstrate every step in scientific tire repairing. Occasionally we get men who have no idea of how a tire is made, and some who have never examined a tire, but before these men leave our school they are master vulcanisers, competent to undertake any kind of repair, from a simple puncture to a retread.

"We start them all at the same point in the practical work—cutting down sections of tires. After the student becomes skilful in this, he is instructed in building them up. Then we take him through all the various divisions of the business.

"Individual instruction is given to each man. After two weeks' experience we will require all students to submit to an examination and issue Goodyear Master Vulcanisers' diplomas to those who pass. That almost without exception the men pass with high marks is indicative of the thoroughness of our instruction.

"We use the working equipment of the average tire repair shop, and only methods that can be employed by any tire repair man with a modest capital. When you consider that 8,000,000 cars are now in service, offering opportunities for repairs on 40,000,000 tires, you may realise why so many men, desiring to become competent repair men, are entering our repair school. We are providing this instruction absolutely free and are equipped to take care of any number of students that will apply to us, either by letter or in person."

IN NEW YORK

Free schools are conducted in New York city for instruction in operation and care of motor trucks.

LEE HIGHWAY

As a plan to erect a worthy memorial to General Robert E. Lee, the promotion of a great national highway to extend from New York to New Orleans and thence to San Francisco, to be known as the Lee highway, has been inaugurated.

PUT GRAPHITE IN THE OIL

The addition of a little pure flake graphite to the lubricating oil is a help to the motors that have seen some wear. Only pure motor graphite should be used. It forms on the metal surfaces, reducing wear and filling up scores in the cylinders.

COWL SQUEAK

A cowl squeak may often be traced to a speedometer shaft which needs lubrication. This shaft should be repacked with vaseline or a very soft grease and the operation should be carried out at once, because if the shaft is permitted to run unlubricated for more than a short time breakage will very possibly result.

GOING TO CHURCH

Owing to inability to obtain satisfactory railroad rates, Mormon Church authorities of Ogden, Utah, are discussing the advisability of using hundreds of automobiles to transport members of the Church to the general conference in Salt Lake City this month.

THE B.S.A. TRADE MARK STANDS FOR THE HIGHEST QUALITY IN CYCLE CONSTRUCTION.

B.S.A.
BICYCLES
Perfect in Every Part.
Manufactured by
B.S.A. CYCLES LD.
Proprietors: The Birmingham Small Arms Company Limited.
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Makers of the famous
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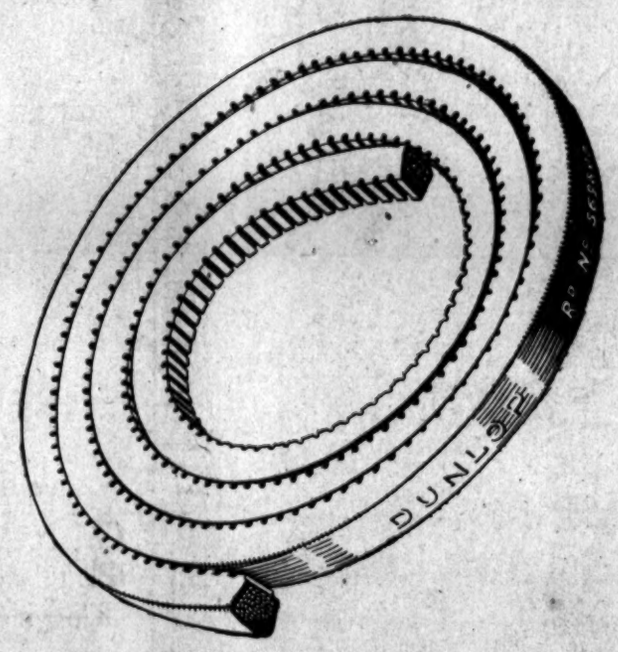
FOR SOLO & SIDECAR.

DUNLOP
MOTORCYCLE
BELTS



MOTOR-CYCLISTS:—

Do you know what it is like to have your belt-fastener continually pulling out?

You will seldom, if ever, experience this annoyance if you fit a DUNLOP belt and fastener.

DUNLOP
RUBBER COMPANY, LIMITED
Founders throughout the world of the Pneumatic Tyre Industry
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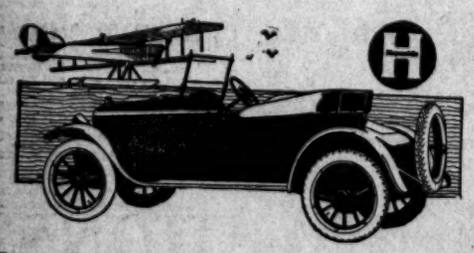

The experience of Hupmobile owners shows that in the important item of tire mileage the Hupmobile stands exceptionally well. The Hupmobile displays the same saving traits in the use of petrol and oil; and costly or extended repairs—barring accident—are practically unknown to the average owner.

BRIEF SPECIFICATIONS

Body Types—Five-seater touring car, two-seater roadster.
Wheelbase—112 inches, (2.84 m).
Cylinders—Four, cast en-bloc, removable head 3¼" bore x 5½" stroke, 83 x 140 mm.
Starting and Lighting—Electric-two unit system.
Ignition—High tension mangeto.
Carburetor—Adjustable.
Fuel System—Vacuum feed.
Lubrication—Pressure system with pump.
Clutch—Dry disc type—7 plates.
Tyres—815 x 105 mm. clincher or 32" x 4" straight side. Demountable rims.
Wheels—Wooden (Artillery type).
Color—Blue or gray body.

China Motors, Ltd.
STAR GARAGE EASTERN GARAGE
MAIN SHOWROOM
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Hupmobile

What about an X. S. POLICY?